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1936	Ford V-8 Sedan	\$1,800
1937	Standard "10" Saloon	\$2,100
1937	Studebaker Coupe	\$2,200

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TUESDAY, JULY 16, 1940. 日二十月六

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WHITEAWAY'S

R.A.F. Anticipating Hitler's Blitzkrieg

**TERRIFIC ATTACKS ON
22 NAZI AERODROMES**

**WIDESPREAD HAVOC
IN NIGHT RAIDS**

LONDON, JULY 15 (REUTER).—TWENTY-TWO ENEMY AERODROMES WERE BOMBED DURING THE PAST TWO NIGHTS, ACCORDING TO AN AIR MINISTRY COMMUNIQUE.

The communique adds: "Last night strong forces of R.A.F. bombers again attacked various objectives in Germany, including an aircraft factory at Bremen, aircraft stores at Paderborn, east of the Ruhr, and Diepholz, north-east of Osnabrück, oil plants at Gelsenkirchen, oil refineries at Hamburg and Bremen, and goods yards at Hamm and Soest.

Fires and Explosions

"Fires and explosions resulted and considerable damage was done.

"Other forces of R.A.F. bombers attacked a number of aerodromes in Holland and north-west Germany.

"Aircraft of the Coastal Command last night attacked an oil storage depot at Ghent and set several tanks afire.

"From all these operations, two of our aircraft failed to return."

AMAZING FEATS OF SKILL

How The R.A.F. Are Winning

LONDON, July 15 (Reuter).—An account of how he shot down two German bombers within 20 minutes was given in a radio talk to-day by a young South African pilot.

His squadron saw its first German plane as recently as May 23, he said. More recently, he was on patrol between Dunkirk and Boulogne with three other Spitfires when they ran into 30 German bombers.

A few seconds later, they found that the bombers were protected by M-109 and M-110 fighters. They plunged into battle and returned home later with several bombers to their credit.

30 Planes Brought Down

This sort of thing lasted for eight days, at the end of which they had brought down about 30 enemy planes, tearing into enemy formations, breaking them up and shooting them out of the sky.

One night recently, German planes were dropping bombs on south-east England. His squadron commander asked for permission to send up one Spitfire. He got this permission, and the young South African went up.

He took off at 12.20 a.m., he saw one raiders held in beams of searchlights. Others were further away but anti-aircraft defences were dealing with them. He shot up towards the German machine. After dropping its bombs, the German plane turned away towards the sea.

Crashed Into Sea

The Spitfire got close to its tail, and fired at short range. When he was only 50 yards away from the German machine, the South African found his windshields obscured with oil from the German's tanks and engines.

The raider fell off towards the sea, obviously done for. It crashed into the sea while the South African looked around for another target.

At about 12,000 feet, another raider was held in searchlight beams. It was not long before the Spitfire had gained the enemy's height. The pilot took careful aim, getting the plane nicely in his gun sights. The German probably did not know he was there, and then he pressed his gun button, firing five bursts of two seconds each from his eight machine-guns simultaneously.

Inescapable Fate

Nothing appears to be able to survive a Spitfire's fire at short range. This raider was no exception. It went into a dive. The British pilot

Turn to Page 5, Fourth Column



Italian Threat

Recoiled

Blockade Tables Turned

LONDON, July 15 (Reuter).—The Admiralty has issued the following announcement:

"The Italian Government has recently issued a notice to the effect that within a limit of 30 miles from the Allied coasts all merchant shipping bound for Allied ports will navigate at their risk and peril."

"His Majesty's Government accordingly give notice that all vessels navigating within 30 miles from any Italian territory in the Mediterranean will do so at their risk and peril."

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"Naval authorities have refused to elaborate on the 'risk and peril' warning which the Admiralty has issued but simply point out that the measure appears to be mainly

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WALKING DOWN THE gangway from the Empress of Japan. Another group of Hongkong evacuees landing in Manila.



TWO YOUNG EVACUEES get their first glimpse of a Filipino nurse, assigned to care for them after their arrival in Manila aboard the Empress of Japan.

Mischiefous French Lies

Statement By British Admiralty

LONDON, July 15 (Reuter).—A statement alleged to have been issued by the French Legation in Dublin last night is the subject of an Admiralty communiqué, released to-day.

This statement from the French Legation alleges among other things that after the signature of the armistice with Germany, in Italy, the French Government was never approached by the British Foreign Office or Admiralty with regard to the future fate of the French Fleet and that no explanation was asked with regard to the interpretation of the armistice clause relating to the future of the Fleet.

This statement also alleged that when attacked none of the French ships at Oran was in position to manoeuvre or fire.

Mischiefous Statement

The Admiralty communiqué issued to-day says that parts of this statement are so mischievous that it is considered desirable to make the following comment:

(1) By the terms of the armistice, the French Fleet was to be assembled at ports under Italian or German control and demilitarised except in the German terms, "those

turn to Page 5, Third Column to plan and without incident."

FIRST EDITION

The Hongkong Telegraph

MORE EVACUATION PHOTOGRAPHS FROM MANILA



A YOUNG HONGKONG EVACUEE clutches the only possession she was permitted to take with her aside from one suitcase. Most of the children forgot to take their toys and the American Red Cross immediately appealed for volunteer contributions from Filipino and American youngsters.

Third-Term Issue Now Reaching Climax

DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION CHEERS FOR ROOSEVELT

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"

CHICAGO, July 15 (UP).—The Roosevelt third-term bandwagon got off to a rolling start within 20 minutes of the opening of the 1940 Democratic Convention.

The President's name was mentioned by Mayor Edward Kelly—the originator of the "Draft Roosevelt" movement—and set off the first floor demonstration which

continued for 46 minutes.

Some delegates left their seats, and the New York State banner was hoisted in the aisle, but there was no parade.

A few minutes later there were more cheers, when Senator Scott Lucas of Illinois mentioned Roosevelt.

"We Want Roosevelt"

CHICAGO, July 15 (Reuter).—We are praying and hoping that the man who can keep the White House as a lighthouse for humanity will accept another nomination. We must draft President Roosevelt," declared Mayor Edward Kelly of Chicago at the opening of the Democratic Party Convention.

His address was greeted with cheers.

As Mr. James A. Farley, the Postmaster General and Chairman of the Party's National Committee, called for order at the opening of the Convention, a solitary voice from the gallery yelled "We want Roosevelt."

The President at that moment was quietly lunching with Mr. Cordell Hull at Washington.

Opening Proceedings

The proceedings at the Convention were opened with prayers, during which the clergyman said: "May our country of freedom ever be a beacon light to all the world!"

Then a tenor singer rendered the "Star Spangled Banner."

After Mayor Kelly's address, Senator Scott Lucas, representing the Governor of Illinois, expressed confidence that the "Convention will not only meet the high hopes of the people of Illinois and America but that all liberty-loving people throughout the world will be heartened and encouraged to know that the democracy of America continues to reign supreme."

Farley's Interview

At a press interview before the Convention, Mr. James A. Farley, Chairman of the Democratic Party, declared that he believed that the normal procedure should be followed, namely, that nomination should finally be by the choice of the nominating state.

He did not know what President Roosevelt's attitude would be if the minority voting for other candidates should be large.

From this, journalists deduced that President Roosevelt's readiness to accept a third term might have been made conditional on an evident unanimity of the Party.

The Convention went into recess after 46 minutes until 1 a.m. G.M.T. on Tuesday.

Advance Guard Arrives

NEW YORK, July 15 (Reuter).—An official communiqué says: "Our garrison in British Moyale, which has been surrounded for the last five days, withdrew last night according

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Advance Guard Arrives

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Hongkong Telegraph Tenth Annual Amateur Photographic Competition

June — September, 1940.
Two Silver Trophies Awarded
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For the best and second-best entries.

Four Silver Trophies Awarded
by EASTMAN KODAK CO.
First Prizes in each of the
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\$250 CASH PRIZES \$250

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Architectural: Street Scenes, etc.
1st. Silver Cup. 2nd. \$30.
3rd. \$20. 4th. \$12.50.

SECTION TWO
Portraits: Informal Close-ups: Human
Studies.
1st. Silver Cup. 2nd. \$30.
3rd. \$20. 4th. \$12.50.

SECTION THREE
Still Life and Table Top Studies.
1st. Silver Cup. 2nd. \$30.
3rd. \$20. 4th. \$12.50.

SECTION FOUR
(Craftsmen's Section)
The whole of the work entailed in the production of every entry must have been done by the competitor who will be required to make a declaration to this effect. Each entry must have pasted on the back a special entry form obtainable on application from The Hongkong Telegraph or from the Hon. Secretary, Hongkong Photographic Society. Subjects at the discretion of competitors.

1st. Silver Cup. 2nd. \$30.
3rd. \$20. 4th. \$12.50.

RULES

The following Rules will govern the Competition:
1.—The competition is confined exclusively to amateur photographers.
2.—No employee of member of any firm in the photographic trade is permitted to compete.
3.—The prizes will be awarded to the competitor sending in what are adjudged to be the best photographs in each Section. Each entry must be accompanied by a form which will be published during the period of the Competition, and which must be pasted on back of entry.
4.—The right to publish any or all of the entries will be reserved to the Hongkong Telegraph.
5.—All photographs entered must have been taken in the Colony of Hongkong. Photographs which have been already entered in other Competitions are ineligible.
6.—No responsibility will be accepted for non-delivery of, loss of, or damage to entries.
7.—All entries to be either black, sepia, or toned pictures, and must be mounted. Coloured photographs are ineligible.
8.—Pictures submitted in sepia tones should be accompanied by a smaller print in black and white.
9.—Entries to be entered in more than one Section.
10.—Mounts to be only white or cream, must be of one of the following sizes: 100, 120, 130, 140.
11.—No correspondence will be entered into in connection with the Competition.
12.—Members of the Staff of the Hongkong Telegraph and the South China Morning Post are not permitted to compete.
13.—The decision of the judges shall be final.
14.—At the conclusion of the Competition, entries will be returned to the competitors on application at the Telegraph offices within seven days.

EYE-WITNESS IN POLAND

(Continued from Page 4.)

Renate wept, her hands became red and blue and she fainted.

On arrival in Plaski both of her frost-bitten hands had to be amputated.

I saw Renate two days after the amputation. She was lying in the corner of a garret in one of the poor little cottages at Plaski, near Lublin, in a comparatively quiet, dry place.

The crippled child rested on a sack of straw and was covered with an old red blanket and a number of garments. I only saw her face. Never before have I seen such a childish face, so deathly pale and so deeply earnest.

Her aunt, a middle-aged woman, kept on moving round, the child's bed while telling her story.

"It was lucky that we were able to find a doctor. She was even able to give her a narcotic. Last night she moaned so much."

I understood and opened my bag. The injection of morphine acted, the features of the child relaxed. But she remained dumb, gave no answer to any question and stared in front of her with her large grey eyes. "She has not said a word since . . .," whispered the aunt. I

noticed that the woman wore no skirt under her coat for she had covered the child with her skirt. From the background of the semi-darkened garret a man came forward, Renate's uncle. He said nothing, but tears streamed down his face.

HOW TO OVERCOME FEVER EXHAUSTION

Doctors now know that the greatest danger in fever comes from the poisons it sets up in the blood-stream. Fighting these poisons leaves every nerve and organ in the body exhausted.

One of those tired organs is the stomach. Just when the body requires nourishment most urgently, the digestion is very often too weak for solid diet. What you need is a highly nourishing food that puts no strain on the delicate stomach. For that reason doctors prescribe Horlicks in fever cases.

From the first day on Horlicks you begin to mend. Horlicks is a complete balanced food containing all the elements necessary to rebuild wasted nerve and flesh and muscle. It creates robust health quickly. Get Horlicks to-day from your store.

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ORDERED TO QUIT

Seven Europeans On Black List

Nanking, July 15.

The Wang Ching-wei regime to-day ordered the expulsion from the International Settlement at Shanghai of six prominent Americans and an Englishman. The men are:

Mr. Randall Gould, Editor of the Shanghai Evening Post and Mercury, and correspondent of the Boston Christian Science Monitor.

Mr. C. V. Starr, President of the Post-Mercury Company, publishers of the Evening Post and Mercury, and a leading American insurance magnate.

Mr. N. F. Allman, a member of the Municipal Council and a leading lawyer who is handling the affairs of the biggest Chinese newspaper in Shanghai, the Shun Pao, which is registered in America.

Mr. J. B. Powell, Editor of the American China Weekly Review.

Mr. H. F. Mills, publisher of the anti-Wang American-owned Hwa Mei Shun Pao, whose premises have often been bombed.

Mr. C. D. Alcott, radio commentator.

Mr. J. A. E. Sanders-Bates, an Englishman, publisher of three British registered Chinese newspapers.

Commenting on the order, Mr. Powell, who is a former Chicago Tribune correspondent, says that everyone on the list is pro-Chinese and has consistently supported China against Japanese invasion.

"Wang's order proves what we have all been saying," he says. "He is nothing but a Japanese puppet. Everyone on this list is a person whom Japanese want expelled from China. Wang is merely carrying out his master's orders. This attempt to expel foreign correspondents is typical of Fascist tactics which Japan is spreading throughout The Orient as fast as possible."

Mr. Alcott said he had received so many threatening telephone calls and letters since Wang came into power that being ordered from China was not unexpected.

"Apparently Wang is not yet accustomed to being called a puppet," he declared. "I shall take precautions by hiring another bodyguard and hauling out my bullet-proof vest, although I hate wearing the thing in this hot weather."

The Nanking regime has also added new Chinese names to its blacklist, bringing the total to 87.

They include L. Z. Yuan, news editor of the American owned China Press, C. H. Hoh, assistant managing editor of the China Press, C. H. Hoh, assistant editor of the American owned China Weekly Review and Chun Chin-Ching, a reporter.

Those listed are charged with "instigating murder, encouraging kidnapping and hindering the peace movement."

"Their crimes warrant more than death sentences. They should be arrested immediately in order to eradicate all running dogs for foreigners," the announcement said. —United Press.

Newspaper Said Cautioned
Shanghai, July 15.

The Central China Daily News, Wang Ching-wei's paper, is said to

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ZBW, 355 metres (845 k.c.) and 31.49 metres (9,520 kilo-cycles)

Schubert "Trout" Quintet

In a Major

Radio Programme Broadcast by

Z. B. W. on a Frequency of 845 k.c.s.

and on Short Wave from 1-210 p.m.

and 8-11 p.m. on 9.52 m.c.s. per

second.

12.15 p.m. Short Service of Inter-

cussion.

12.30 Songs by Turner Layton at

the Piano.

A Little Rendezvous in Honolulu

Burke, Hypnotized (Lewis and

Others), Don't Play With Fire (Ala)

12.40 Harry Roy and His Orches-

tra in Dance Studio.

1.00 Local Time Signal and Weather

Report.

1.03 Selections from "Lilac Time",

The Sorcerer", "A Country Girl",

and "Heart's Desire".

1.30 Reuter and Rugby Press,

Weather Forecast and Announce-

ments.

1.45 A Scottish Programme with

Joseph Hulay (Tenor) and Jean Day

(Soprano).

2.15 Close Down.

6.00 An Hour of Dance Music.

7.00 Closing Local Stock Quota-

tions.

7.02 Variety.

7.30 London Relay—The News.

8.00 Local Time Signal, Weather

Report and Announcements.

8.03 Max Miller in the Theatre.

Recorded in the Finsbury Park

Empire.

8.22 Halo da Coets at the Piano.

8.35 Light Orchestral Selections.

London Relay—The News and

Topical Talk.

11.00 Close Down.

REPARIS

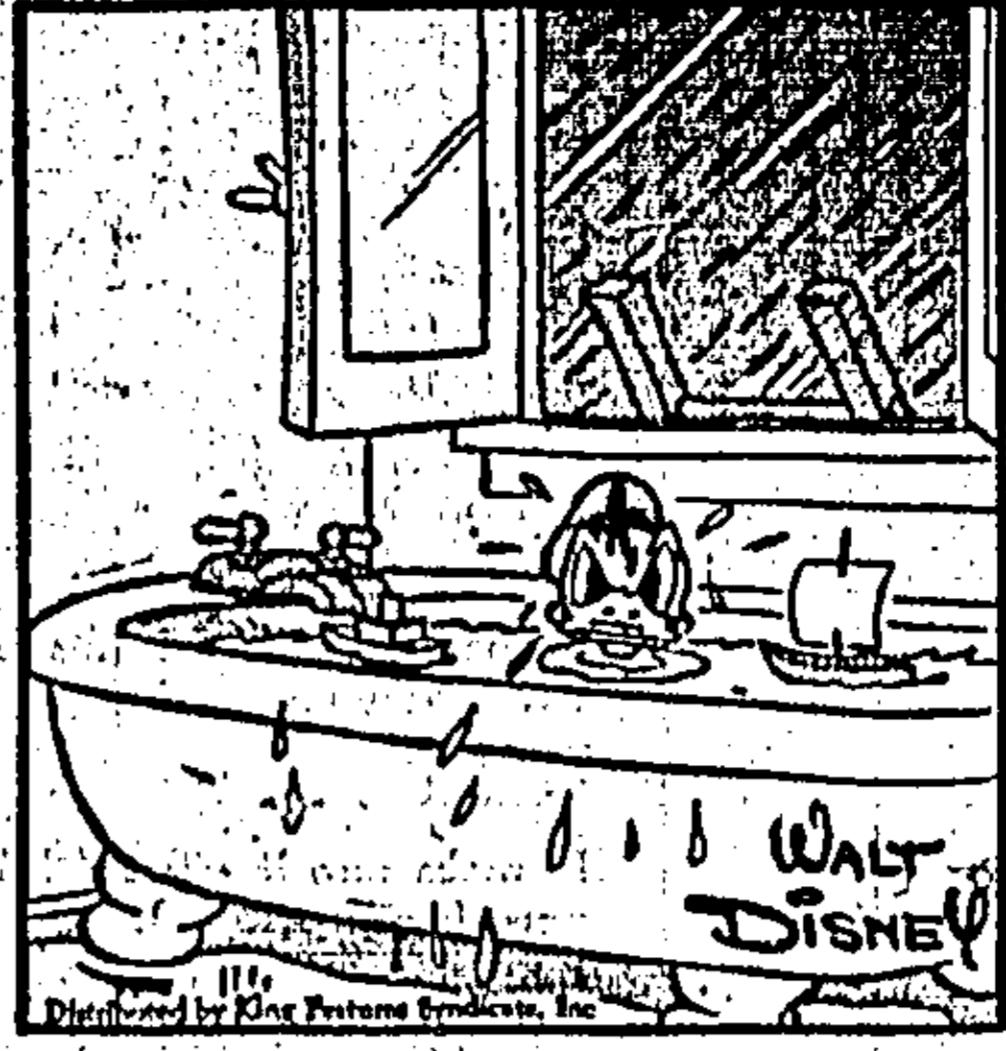
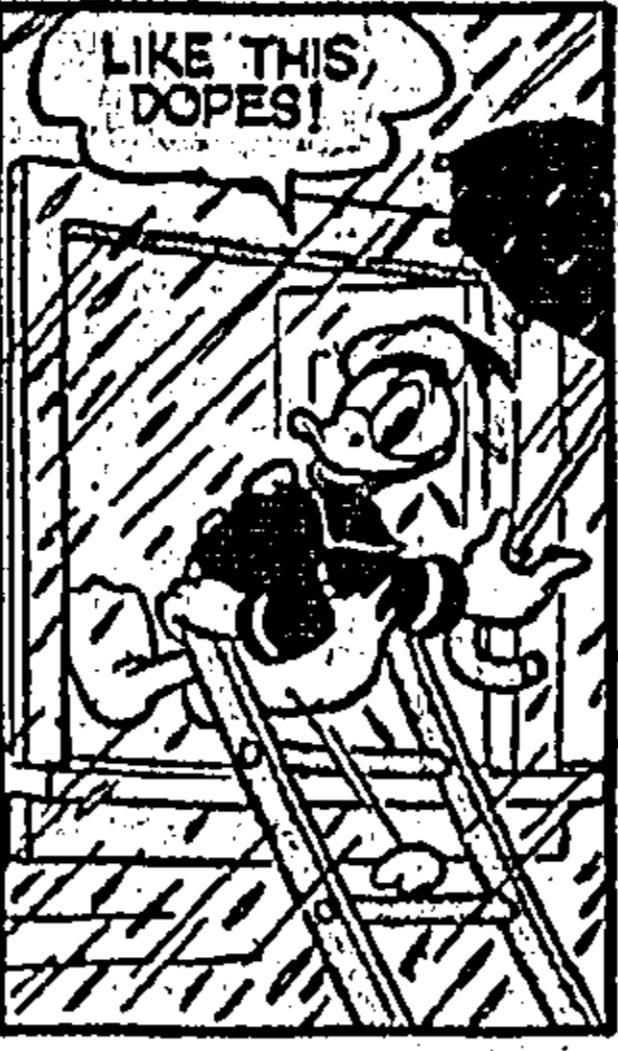
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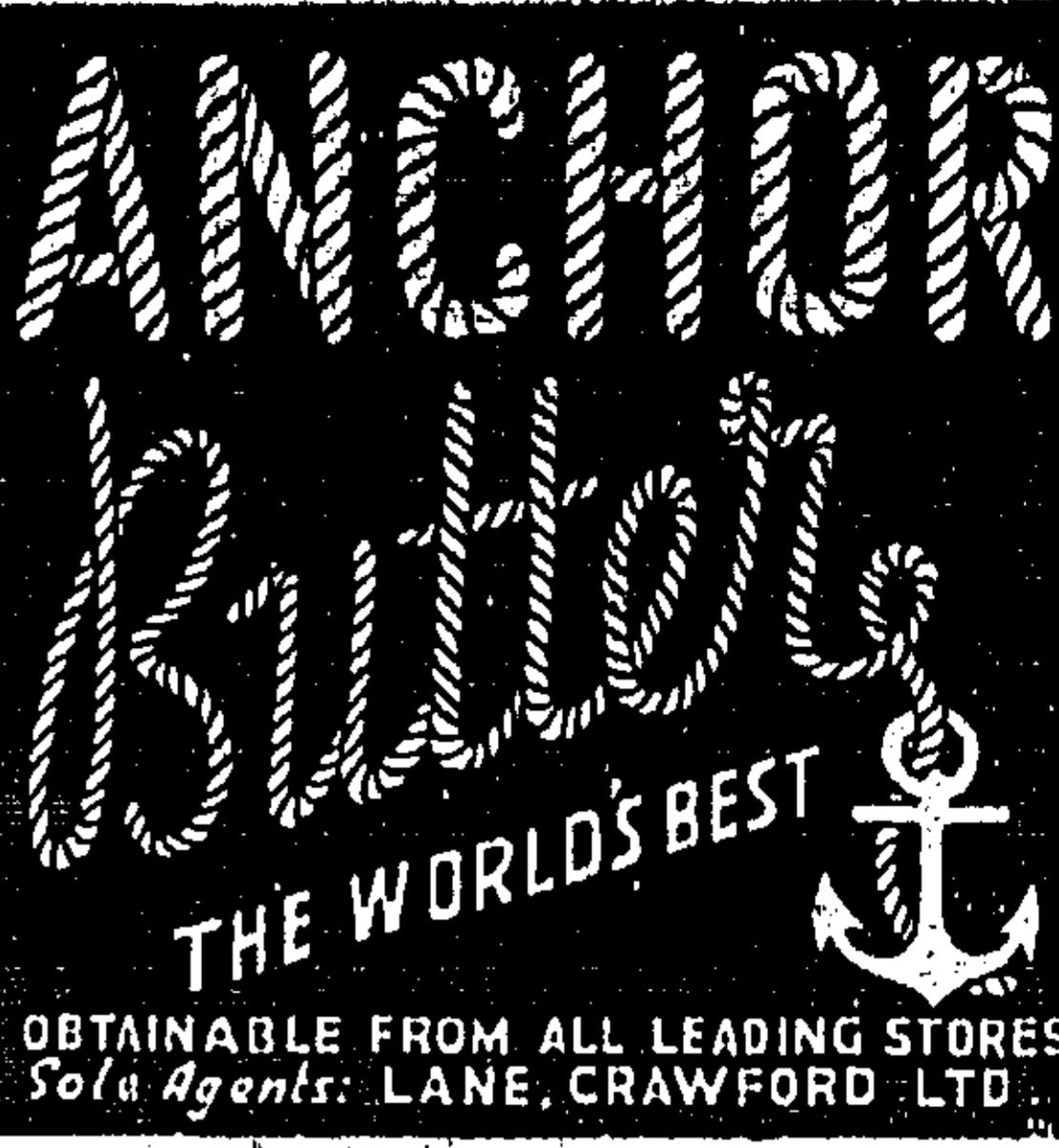
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DONALD DUCK



By Walt Disney

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Beam Code Tapped On Bar Counter

—Police Story

A MORSE code message was tapped on a bar counter was mentioned at Folkestone police court recently.

Peter Roberts (25), of Leicester, and Peter Lawrence Wagstaffe (20), a Canadian, both ex-R.A.F. men, were charged with communicating information purporting to be in respect of signals to aircraft which might be useful to the enemy. They pleaded not guilty.

Tapped Message

Detected Constable Bates said he saw the defendants and a man named Maxted in an hotel bar and heard Roberts finish a sentence with the word "aircraft." Wagstaffe tapped a Morse code message with his fingers on the counter and Maxted said he did not know what it was.

Wagstaffe then imitated a message by making a noise with his mouth, saying: "That is the code we receive on the beam when about to land. There are two of these beams." Roberts then gave a demonstration with his arm.

There were two other customers in the bar. Defendants had been drinking heavily, but were not drunk.

Roberts and Wagstaffe told the magistrates that the conversation related to American civil aircraft. Wagstaffe added that he had not divulged any secret.

The case was dismissed with a warning against loose talk in public.

Canteen Butter Went Astray: £515 Fines

FINES totalling £515 were imposed on 26 people at Leeds recently for food rationing offences.

Among those fined were Dr. James Sharp, Deputy Medical Officer for Leeds; the Superintendent of the Sweet Street First-Aid Post; a first-aid party commandant; a health department accountant; three women employees of the Health Department, and five A.R.P. clerks.

All the defendants except two were Corporation employees.

Dr. Sharp and 24 other defendants were each fined £20, and another defendant £15.

Butter purchased for the canteen at the Sweet Street First-Aid Post, it was stated, was supplied to Corporation officials and people at the post had margarine with their meals.

Out of 160lb. of butter bought by the post only 7lb. was used in the canteen and the rest found its way to the defendants.

WANTED DECREE AFTER 42 YEARS

A couple who were married 42 years ago and charged each other with desertion were refused a decree nisi in the Divorce Court.

Both Mrs. Sarah Coles, of Merton Road, Southall, Middlesex, and Mr. John Coles, of Shakespeare Road, Acton, W., sought dissolution of the marriage.

Mr. Justice Buckell said that after the couple had gone to live at the house of a widower, Mr. Young, a man of more culture than Mr. Coles, Mrs. Coles began to find fault with her husband and made him thoroughly miserable until ultimately, at the age of 65, he walked out of the house.

His lordship held that Mr. Coles had cause to leave Mr. Young's house. He was unable, however, to find desertion by husband or wife.



ITALY AND HER NEIGHBOURS—Assertion by Mussolini that Switzerland, Turkey, Yugoslavia, Greece and Egypt would not be embroiled in war if they maintained their neutrality, has been received with scepticism, as a result of Italy's entry into the war. British possessions in the Mediterranean and North Africa as shown on this map are the chief points of Italian attack.

Society's 'Farming' Talks Cloak Nazi Propaganda

THE Home Secretary was questioned in the Commons recently about the activities of an organisation called Information and Policy.

Dr. Little (Con., Down) alleged that its weekly meetings, held under the guise of discussing the relation between agriculture and industry, are really held for German propaganda purposes.

Sir John Anderson replied: "I have information about this body, which has been under observation for some time. It would not be right for me to announce beforehand what action it may be necessary for me to take."

Fines If Shelters Are Not Put Up

NEW measures for strengthening home defence were announced recently.

Householders who have received free Anderson shelters but have not erected them and covered them properly with earth-must carry out the work forthwith.

Under new Defence regulations failure to do so to give a reason in writing to the local authority may lead to heavy penalties.

Covering the shelter properly with earth means to a depth of 15in. on top and 30in. on the sides and back. There is no need to sink it more than a foot if enough earth is available.

If the householder makes it clear to the local authority that he wishes to have the shelter erected but is unable to do so himself, the local authority may decide to help him, provided a good reason is given. If no letter is sent, the householder will lose his shelter as well as being liable to penalties.

When two youths wearing Peace Pledge Union badges were remanded in custody at Marylebone on a charge of insulting behaviour it was stated that a more serious charge under the Defence Regulations might be made.

The youths, who were alleged to have possessed a quantity of P.P.U. literature when they were arrested in Paddington, were Albert Denson Rowland, 21, a window cleaner, and John Edward Adkins, 20, a post office engineer. They pleaded not guilty.

Police Constable Holman said the youths were distributing leaflets to passers-by. One man shook his fist at them and said, "You ought to be shot."

Rowlands denied that they were insulting anybody, and Adkins said there was nothing harmful in the pamphlets.

Rowlands asked for legal aid, and was told by the magistrate that he would be wise to obtain legal advice, and that his organisation was not without funds.

£150,000 Fire Lights Up A City

Less than two hours after the employees had left, a Birmingham factory was seen to be on fire.

Soon the whole of the main building was burning. The flames could be seen for miles. The roof collapsed and firemen had to work against a white-hot shell of "corrugated" iron. The factory was doomed.

An official said the damage would amount to between £100,000 and £150,000, but by transferring work to another of the firm's factories and putting the people affected on to night shifts it was hoped that the firm would be in full production again within a week.

BOMBED HOSPITAL SHIPS

A statement made in London makes it clear that the two hospital ships reported to have been sunk by enemy bombing were lost in Dieppe harbour.

It is impossible to give the names of the ships or the exact date of their loss, but it is clear that they were flying Red Cross flags, and were painted the accepted white with a green band. It cannot be said whether they had wounded on board.

PROTESTS that skilled engineers in the armed forces are spending their time peeling potatoes, scrubbing canteens and roadmaking were made at a meeting of the National Committee of the Engineering Union at Morecambe.

The conference was discussing a resolution submitted by Mr. I. Mooney, of Belfast, deprecating the waste of valuable skill caused by members of the A.E.U. being called to the Colours and their ability not being fully utilised in the best interests of the country.

—Must Not Attend

The president, Mr. Jack Tanner, said that he had a list of outstanding cases against the Army and the Navy, but there was not so much complaint, he said, against the R.A.F.

Mr. Tanner gave some examples of cases they had put forward to the Ministry of Labour and to the Service.

Mr. Tanner gave some examples of cases they had put forward to the Ministry of Labour and to the Service.

The resolution was adopted unanimously.

There was a heated discussion over a section of the Executive's report on

Exports Must Give Way To Arms

By A Parliamentary Correspondent
BRITAIN'S export drive is doing well, but owing to the war situation it is now necessary to divert some of that drive to the production of munitions.

This was disclosed by Sir Andrew Duncan (President of the Board of Trade) in the House of Commons recently.

After giving "encouraging figures" of increases in exports he said that unfortunately serious adjustments in our export trade were called for to meet the onslaught of the enemy. We must be prepared to turn a great deal of effort now engaged on the export trade into munitions.

Highest For Years

To balance this export efforts must be intensified where skill could not be transferred to munitions and in coal. The encouraging figures we were:

During April cotton goods reached the highest value since 1937. Woolen goods and other textiles, pottery and glass had higher exports than for the last ten years. Cutlery, hardware, electrical goods and apparatus, chemicals and drugs had the highest exports for the last 20 years.

The gap between exports and imports was still very big but exporters during March and April had at least made the beginning of a very creditable performance.

German invasions meant that we had lost 15 per cent. of our export markets but had given us still greater opportunity in other markets from which the invaded countries were now excluded. But the switch-over took time.

He warned the country of the necessity of doing without things to a greater extent. The time had come when neither our capital resources nor our exports could be used for buying imports for home consumption without the actual necessities of our population.

Consumption Cuts

The restriction in April of the quantities of cotton rayon and linen to be supplied to the home market was only a beginning.

"The present emergency," he declared, "makes it imperative that home consumption should be reduced still further. Further action is about to be taken."

The National Freedom League has not been publicly mentioned before.

Surveyor Detained

Mr. H. S. L. Knight, Guildford Borough Surveyor, has been detained in custody by an order issued under Article 18 of Defence (General) Regulations (1939).

At a meeting of Guildford Emergency Committee it was resolved to suspend Mr. Knight sine die. Mr. Knight was appointed in August, 1939. He was then 30.

Raid On Fascists

Following distribution of leaflets in duplicated typescript in Northampton, police raided the headquarters of the Northampton branch of the British Union of Fascists, took three persons to the police station for inquiries, and seized a quantity of literature.

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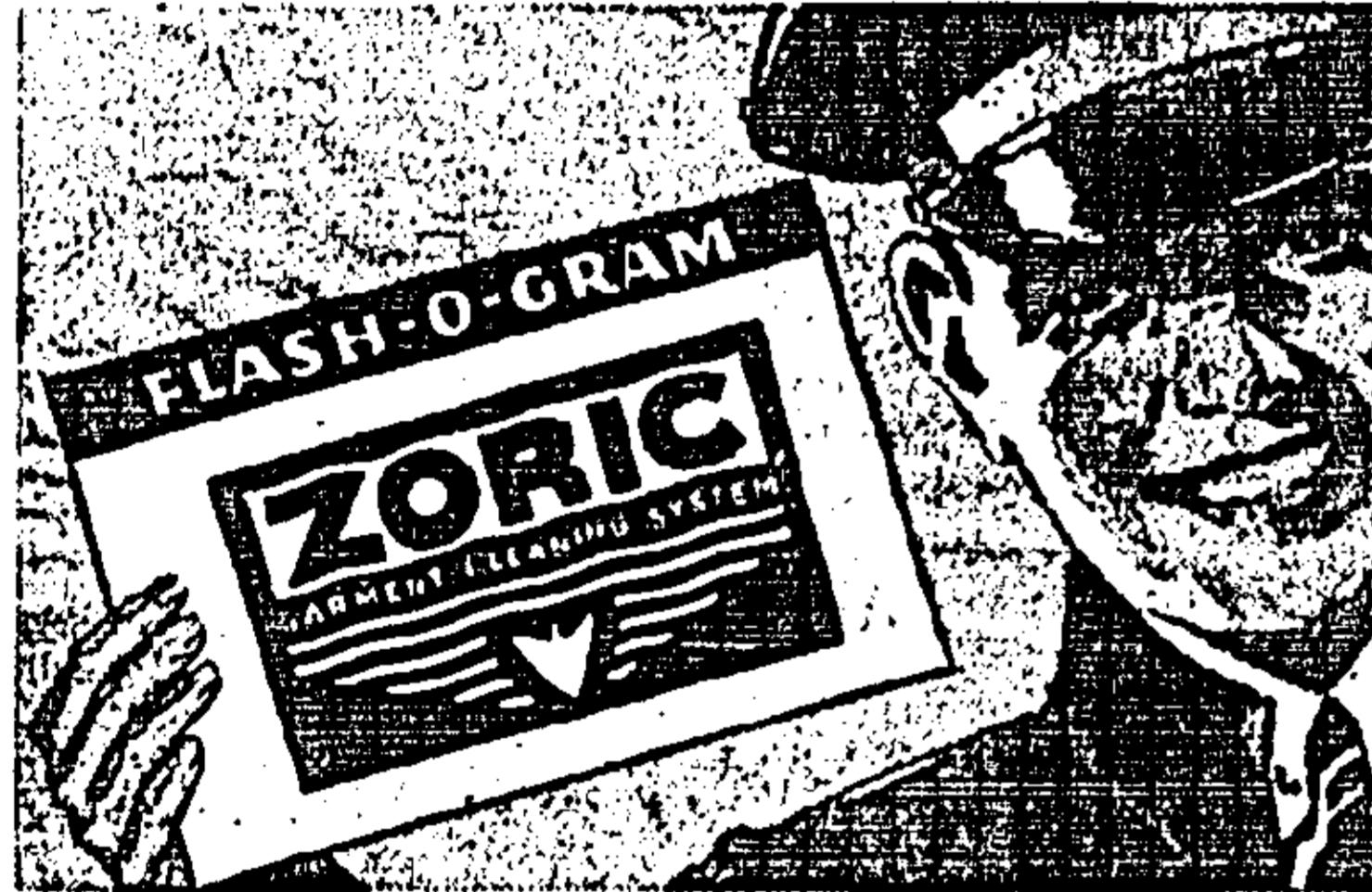
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that protects and preserves Hy-
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HOTEL
GARAGE
Stubbs Rd.

The Hongkong Telegraph

Tuesday, July 16, 1940.
Wyndham St., Hongkong
Telephone: 20615

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The Press

SOME of the functions of the Press in the Colonial Empire are of greater importance, perhaps, than is the case with Fleet Street journals. Articulation except through the columns of the local newspapers is more or less denied the people of the Colonies, who, unlike self-governing States, have no political representatives to whom they can air their grievances. Although the primary function of newspapers throughout the British Empire is, unlike the newspapers in Totalitarian-governed countries, to disseminate the news without fear or favour, subject in war-time only to official and self-imposed censorship when necessity of State arises, there are other and equally important functions in the Colonies. A healthy sign of the fact that a democratic and free Press exists in Hongkong is given by the correspondence columns of our well-known morning temporary and, to a lesser (but no less important) extent, in the two afternoon newspapers. In these columns, rickshaw coolies and millionaires have aired their grievances; reprieves have been demanded and obtained for condemned men; government has deferred to public opinion; scandals have been remedied. In other words, the people have, through the medium of their free Press, become articulate.

To this extent the Press is unfettered. It can make known to Government the wishes and desires of the people. Government, unfortunately, does not reciprocate. The Press does not desire to become the instrument of Government—we can leave that to the Nazis and the Fascists—but it should be the instrument through which Government takes the people into its confidence.

In free countries it is not and cannot be, as Wickham Steed once pointed out, the business of newspapers merely to echo the views of a Government, but to observe the reticence which officials impose upon themselves or believe to be due to the positions they hold.

In a famous Editorial of 90 years ago that has become a classical definition of the relations between the Press and the State, the London "Times" said:

"The first duty of the Press is to obtain the earliest and most correct intelligence of the events of the time, and instantly, by disclosing them, to make them the common property of the people. The statesman collects his information by secret means; he keeps back from the public the secret intelligence of the day with ludicrous precautions. The Press lives by disclosures; whatever passes into its keeping becomes a part of the public knowledge and the history of our times. It is only by doing so that it appeals to the enlightened force of public opinion. The statesman . . . cautiously guards from the public's eye the information by which his actions and opinions are regulated. The Press, without publicity and truth are the air and light of existence, there can be no greater disgrace than to recoil from the frank and accurate disclosure of facts as they are. We are bound to tell the truth, we find it without fear of consequences, and we can only shelter to acts of injustice and oppression, but to constrain them at once to the judgment of the world. The Press of England, standing as it now does, alone in the enjoyment of a freedom which was gravely neglected, its exalted privilege has failed to recollect how much is due to the common interest of Europe. It may suit the purposes of states-

5th COLUMN TECHNIQUE

SINCE the Blitzkrieg started even those governments which had hitherto buried their heads most persistently in the sand, have resolved upon measures against the "Quislings" and "Fifth Columns" in their midst.

Nevertheless, discussion of this thorny problem all the world over shows that not all countries yet realise the enormous scale of this "attack from within."

Many newspapers are still asking how it could happen that, in a country where to all appearance Nazi supporters were extremely few, a whole number of leading persons, holding key positions in the state, were ready to perform acts of treachery on behalf of the German invaders.

The question can only be answered by those who have made a study of the technique of this Nazi "internal offensive."

EVERY war has had its spies and traitors, but never before the days of Nazism did a government in time of peace attempt systematically and with the aid of gigantic machinery, to undermine the stability of every other country without exception. Yet this is what the Nazi regime has unremittingly been doing since 1933.

The "German Secret Service," which hires these Quislings and sets them to work, comprises more than Herr Hitler and his Gestapo.

No doubt, Hitler and his assistants play a very big part in the undermining of other countries. Hitler is continually sending out armies of spies, agents, terrorists and wireless operators, concealed in every imaginable disguise.

He works in closest touch with the Secret service army; General Nicolai and Admiral Canaris, who, as in the last war, are again in charge of military espionage, receive all important instructions from the head of the Gestapo.

The Ministry for Foreign Affairs in Berlin also supports destructive measures against countries with which it is not only in society, but among all classes. They come in flocks as "tourists" (these make friends with the peasants, as "workers", "research workers", or "travelling students." According to circumstances, they preach moderate Socialism, Communism or Fascism.

A favourite method of gaining recruits (that is to say spies, agents and terrorists) is by anti-Semitic agitation.

IN many countries, including some where the Jews were neither numerically strong nor in possession of important posts, these envoys of the German Secret Service have been able, solely by the use of anti-Jewish slogans, to manufacture those "national" Fascist movements from which Quislings are bred. Not, of course, without financial assistance.

To all this must be added the whole vast machinery of propaganda—Dr. Goebbels' lie regardless of cost and with the use of every conceivable method. In many countries this propaganda fell upon soil all the more fruitful because most governments in peace-time conducted no counter-propaganda, nor even any propaganda of their own at all. They relied upon the common-sense of their people, forgetting that in our day there are unfortunately not only many politically diseased minds, but an even larger number of feeble intellects, which, in the absence of an effective antidote, succumb only too easily to steady doses of German propaganda poison.

Never before in history have there been so many German Consultants-General as there are to-day; it is an open secret that very many of these officials are abusing their diplomatic privileges by activities that are definitely injurious to the state in which they reside.

In almost every country German residents have been allowed to maintain local branches of their German party organisations. Everywhere

men to tell the statue of Liberty, and to mutter some formula of disinterestedness, for fear of being detected by their fears rather than by their convictions; but we prefer to await for our justification the day when the tortured and oppressed peoples of Europe shall no more live in life and array themselves under the banner to which we cling. For to what, after all, are the statesmen of England to look for strength and national power, if injuries and offences rise against us, but to the enlightened resolution of the people of England to open the principles on which our own polity and independence are founded?

It is hard to realise that the "Times" asked that question ninety years ago. It applies even more forcibly to-day.

In Hongkong the desire of the

Press to be free and untrammeled must, in wartime—and it applies also

there are "strong points" such as German Labour Front groups, Women's associations, Hitler Youth movements, German students' clubs and, in many countries, semi-military S.A. and S.S. units. To these must be added "social" organisations of every kind.

Despite all the warnings of recent years, it is still insufficiently known that every German living abroad who belongs to these associations, is not a free man, but must be a blindly obedient instrument of the Nazi regime. He is a servant of the "Auslandsorganisation" of Herr Bohle, Secretary of State, and Hitler's closest associate.

THROUGH this organisation every German living abroad, who has not broken with Nazism, automatically becomes an agent of the German Secret service.

He is required not only to perform all sorts of secret espionage, but, if at all qualified, to help in recruiting Quislings, and in so-called propaganda among the subjects of other nations.

IT is no chance that these "Auslandsorganisation" etc., as well as Dr. Goebbels and the Ministry of Propaganda, are flooding the world with shiploads of propaganda material. This material is concerned far less with translating Nazi ideas into the native idiom than with preparing the soil for treasonable activities.

The German "Auslandsorganisation" sends to foreign countries men and women of birth and position, to engage in drawing-room propaganda, the sole purpose of which is to sap the defensive and offensive spirit of other countries.

These are the false prophets who before the war spread the gospel of Hitler's love of peace and formed international societies for "promoting friendship between the nations," and "averting the danger of war."

They sought and obtained access to pacifist and other idealist circles, who came honestly to believe that operation with Nazism meant peace and European solidarity.

German agents, however, are at work, not only in society, but among all classes. They come in flocks as "tourists" (these make friends with the peasants, as "workers", "research workers", or "travelling students." According to circumstances, they preach moderate Socialism, Communism or Fascism.

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to London newspapers—be dictated by circumstances which would not arise in times of peace. Nevertheless, the public, even in war, has a right to certain information which is sometimes held. To-day, the one subject upon which light should shed is the Evacuation.

The Press realises the difficulties with which the authorities in Hongkong are faced. But the people are faced with equal difficulties which can be alleviated to some extent by frankness.

Unlike the Army and Navy, who have Press liaison officers in Hongkong, there is no person to whom the newspapers can turn for information from the Government except the Heads of Department, who not unnaturally display reluctance to speak for fear that they overstate that limitations imposed upon them. The Press has desire to publish information that may embarrass the Government, but to whom can it turn for guidance? Who is to say what is or is not judicious? Who is to give warning that an innocent paragraph may not contain enough dynamite to wreck planes that have taken weeks and months to mature? Hongkong newspapers do not betray the confidences of the Army and the Navy. All they desire is equal confidence from the Government.

FUNNY SIDE UP

By Abner Dean



"But they forgot to teach us the most important thing . . . how do you tell married men from single ones!"

Eye-witness in

POLAND

The following article is penned by an American woman who set herself the task of observing European events independently. Her observations differ in two respects from the usual newspaper reports. Neither battles nor important diplomatic and economic activities form the objects of her observations; her concern is with the fate of single individuals. "I don't belong to any political party," declares Virginia N. Matthews, "but I belong to the world party of women and mothers. I am their envoy. To them above all my reports are addressed."

Only when the war is over and the world returns to normal conditions again will it be possible to reveal particulars of the life of the courageous woman who gave up an established position in the U.S.A. and placed herself at the disposal of an international charitable organisation engaged in welfare work for sufferers and persecuted people in Europe. She will send reports to her fellow country-women under the above nom de guerre. Virginia N. Matthews' voice is not that of an individual woman: it is the eternal motherly instinct for truth and justice which cries out from her words.

IN certain parts of Europe it is not enough to possess a passport and a visa in order to enter a particular country and be allowed to move freely about.

Visitors from neutral countries in Germany must obtain a special permit to enter the "Protectorate" of Czechoslovakia or conquered Poland. And within Poland there is a district which is as inaccessible as if it were surrounded by a Chinese wall; the Jewish reservation of Lublin.

Even international social workers are often refused permission to visit Lublin without any ground for such refusal being given. After filling in innumerable forms, and close questioning by officials in Warsaw, my application for a permit to travel to Lublin was, after two attempts, finally granted. It was accompanied by a warning from a doctor, but the news of typhoid and dysentery in Lublin was not altogether new to me.

In normal times the hundred miles to Lublin, which lies south-east from Warsaw, may be covered in two hours. Travelling in our small car over bad roads, and frequently being stopped by police officials, it took us ten hours to reach our destination.

IT was already dark when we arrived in the old city of Lublin, going through the narrow crooked streets in a death-like stillness.

For the three of us a small room with one bed and a deck-chair was ready in a shabby hotel. Evidently we were to be well looked after for in present day Lublin many people are usually crowded together in one room, often without a bed. Families live in old railway carriages, or in hastily erected huts built of wood and cardboard, or in tents. The National Socialist Government declared Lublin (that is to say the city and a part of the former province of the same name) a Jewish reservation, and sends Jewish men, women and children from it to western Poland, and from Germany, Austria and Czechoslovakia.

Apart from a few prosperous textile manufacturers, great poverty reigns in the district which even in former times was thickly populated. Jews have always formed a great percentage of the population in this part of Poland. They were engaged in the grain and cattle trade and live for the most part in penury. The war and the enormous increase in population by several hundred thousand people has increased poverty to an unimaginable degree. Whoever contrived to get a meal of potatoes or beetroot was lucky. Each train-load of human-beings arriving

from Germany increased the need in Lublin.

The Red Cross and other international charitable organisations distribute medicines and clothing, but even this help is quite insufficient. We had hardly arrived in Lublin when the news came of the arrival of a new trainload of people from Stettin in Pleski, near Lublin. We were ordered to meet this train, and it came in this way that I came to know Renate Alexander.

RENATE ALEXANDER was born five years ago in the small town of Hammerstein in Pomerania.

Her father was a prosperous tradesman whose ancestors had lived for many generations in Pomerania. Under the Nazi Government her family shared the fate of other people of Jewish persuasion. The house was searched, several occasions, valuable objects were confiscated, and her father was imprisoned for several weeks. At the beginning of March 1940 rumours of an impending pogrom circulated in Hammerstein. Renate's parents decided to send their only daughter to their relations in Stettin as they thought that in a big city she would be more secure. The little girl was put alone into the train, and a label with the address of her relations in Stettin, with the request to fellow-travellers to take care of her, was hung round her neck. Her uncle and aunt met her at the station in Stettin, and when she wept and called for her mother, her uncle said: "We are going to show you all sorts of nice new things."

ON the day following Renate's arrival in Stettin two Gestapo men appeared in her relations' flat.

"In twenty-four hours you all have to leave for Lublin" was the order against which there was no appeal.

Twenty-four hours after her arrival in Stettin, the five-year-old Renate found herself among twelve hundred despising people who, packed in eleven cattle-trucks, rolled eastwards. After seven days' journey two hundred and thirty people were dead.

Whoever came near the door while the train stopped at a station or asked too insistently for drinking water was shot by the S.A. guards. Those who complained or grumbled were beaten with the butts of rifles. Some of those unfortunate succeeded in cutting the reins of their wrists.

Seventy-two people, owing to hunger, thirst, cold and fright, were reduced to such a state of exhaustion that they were left, when the trucks had to be changed, lying on a snow-covered field. Little Turn to Page 2, Second Column

Adolf Talks Too Much

Puerile Propaganda About Blitzkrieg

LONDON, July 16 (Reuter).—The German propaganda machine is now heavily engaged in propaganda about the coming Blitzkrieg on England.

Some of it is for home consumption, the rest being apparently intended to make Britons shiver in their boots.

This line, with Marshal Goering's technique of the sword of Damocles, was used to some effect against other countries.

A Berlin authority is reported to have said, "This will be Britain's last quiet week-end."

"We Do Hope It Is True"

The latest propaganda story consists of a report attributed to neutrals stating that Hitler has chosen Saturday, July 27, for his triumphal entry into Berlin after the occupation of London.

It is stated that many windows lining the route have already been lit.

In an inspired statement, the Daventry news commentator, who reported this to-night, said: "This is the kind of story that cheers us immensely. We do hope it is true."

DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION

→ FROM PAGE ONE

guard of the Democrats arriving at Chicago for the Party Convention favour some degree of aid to Britain, according to a poll taken in Chicago, states a "New York Times" despatch.

Some Democrats have expressed themselves in favour of aid being given with special units such as the Navy or Air Force, or placing port facilities at Britain's disposal.

A Committee to defend America by aiding the Allies conducted the poll.

This Committee point out that a similar poll taken at the recent Republican Convention in Philadelphia showed that only 45 per cent of those polled favoured giving help to the Allies in the war.

"Keystone" Address

CHICAGO, July 15 (Reuter).—Delivering the "keystone" address on the opening day of the Democratic Party's Convention here to-night, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, Mr. William Bankhead, said that his party should declare, *inter alia*, that "we do not propose to appease those aggressors whose doctrines are to wage war on every principle of liberty."

Mr. Bankhead, who had been mentioned in some quarters as a possible candidate for the Vice-Presidency, added that the party platform should also declare "sympathy with the British Commonwealth in its struggle for life."

The Speaker added: "We should furnish them (the British) with every possible material assistance in our power within the limits of our law and short of war."

Mr. Bankhead denounced as calumny the charge made by some Republicans that the Democratic Party was trying "slyly and covertly to lead the United States into war" and a war which had developed despite their efforts.

Appeal To Parties

Mr. Bankhead urged both political parties to shun recrimination and personal innuendo, and wage a campaign for "unity and solidarity of purpose" in preserving the inviolate structure of our government and the perpetual freedom of our people."

Turning to the Democratic Party's domestic record, Mr. Bankhead enumerated the major legislative accomplishments of the New Deal and recalled that the Republican Convention had not urged the repeal of any of them.

Dealing with defence, Mr. Bankhead said that "until the invasion of Norway, Belgium, Denmark and the Netherlands, how many of us realised the full portent of events overseas prior to that invasion?"

The Lone Voice

He added: "There was one voice, the voice of one crying in the wilderness, one that long had tried to arouse America to world reality. Almost alone he foresaw the present situation. That man was the President of the United States."

Mr. Bankhead declared that by contrast with the retrogressive Republican record, the Democratic regime had embarked on an almost unprecedented naval programme, a big expansion of the standing army and had expressed a determination to produce 50,000 aeroplanes a year.

Replying to the Republican charges that President Roosevelt had "meddled in European affairs," Mr. Bankhead said President Roosevelt had only appealed for the preservation of peace, against the spread of war and on behalf of humanity.

Anti-War Programme

"So anxious has the executive been to prevent the spread of war in America that he has used every possible appeal and prayer in the name of humanity against the spread of such horrors as have now devastated so many innocent free peoples. Never at any time or place has he suggested our entrance into the European war and never has any responsible leader of our Party advocated such participation."

"The Democratic members of Congress are unanimously opposed to sending an American Army to European or Asiatic battlefields."

Mr. Bankhead conceded, that the Democratic Party's record was not unmarred by "temporary errors" in policy, but it was too much to hope that there would ever be infallibility in political action.

HONGKONG EVACUEES TRAVEL IN U.S. ARMY BUS



HONGKONG EVACUEES loaded in a U.S. Army truck en route to Fort McKinley, where they were billeted for several days until they could be distributed to various houses, camps, etc., established by the American Red Cross and the U.S. Army.

No Such Word As Defeat

Trade Union Leaders Take Their Stand

LONDON, July 15 (Reuter).—Two Trade Union leaders, at the annual conference of their Unions, today reaffirmed British Labour's determination to fight totalitarianism, where must be our Loyalists, Petains or Quislings in Britain, said the President of the Mineworkers' Federation.

Any such people must be known as Fifth Columnists but traitors. The word defeat must be expunged from our language.

Only Kind Of Peace

The President of the Electrical Trades Union spoke of the only kind of peace his Union would accept. The E.T.U. believe in peace but if peace means "curtains" and the loss of all they cherish in their industrial and political life, there can be no such peace for them.

The E.T.U. will defend to the utmost its institutions until peace is established with all its ideals unimpaired. "We shall not fail," he concluded.

KING & NARVIK HEROES

LONDON, July 15 (Reuter).—His Majesty the King to-day spoke to four men who took part in a battle at Narvik and who have been decorated for their valour.

They were two corporals and two privates of the famous Irish Guards. The King chatted with them in the course of his inspection as Colonel-in-Chief.

This battalion at Narvik has now been reformed.

The King later saw recruits being taught to fire—machine-guns—and stood at the butts and watched newly-trained men firing with amazing accuracy at fixed targets.

ITALIANS WILL DO DIRTY WORK

LONDON, July 15 (Reuter).—Seven hundred Italian workers, the first contingent of 20,000 Italian industrial workers to be sent to Germany under an agreement between the German and Italian labour authorities, are expected in Munich on Wednesday, says the official German news agency.

From there they will be distributed among the industrial districts of the Reich.

LONDON MARKET SHOWS FIRMNESS

LONDON, July 15 (Reuter).—On the Stock Exchange to-day, Mr. Churchill's overnight speech was responsible for firm markets.

Chinese and Japanese bonds improved a point or more on reports of progress of the Anglo-Japanese negotiations.

Industrials were irregular but gains were at least equal to the losses. Wall Street was steady.

U.S. POLICY IN FAR EAST

WASHINGTON, July 15 (Reuter).—The United States continues to pursue a separate and independent policy in the Far East, Mr. Cordell Hull told Press representatives to-day, commenting on reports of British efforts for peace between China and Japan.

Shortly before the Press Conference, Mr. Cordell Hull saw Lord Lothian, the British Ambassador, but there is no indication that the Eastern situation was discussed.

Chungking's Protest

CHUNGKING, July 10 (Reuter).—The Chinese Government have lodged a strong protest with British Government on learning that the latter have decided to suspend transportation through Burma, certain supplies to China.

200 DIE IN NEW QUAKE

Floods Follow Shake In Southern Tibet

SIMLA, July 15 (Reuter).—About 200 people are believed to have perished in a flood, accompanied by a slight earthquake, that occurred in the Chumbi Valley, in southern Tibet, last Wednesday, it was learned here to-day.

A number of villages in the valley south of Yatung are reported to have been washed away.

A telegraph line between India and Yatung, where several houses collapsed, was destroyed for a distance of six miles.

The Maharaj-Kumar of Sikkim has left Gontok with a relief party, and a medical officer attached to the British trade agency at Gyantse is also proceeding to the scene of the disaster.

MISCHIEVOUS FRENCH LIES

→ FROM PAGE ONE

ships necessary for watching the coast and mine-sweeping," and in the Italian terms, "except the units which the Italian or German Governments design for the protection of French colonial interests."

Whatever the interpretation, the French Government may have given to these terms, it was clear to the British Government that the Germans and Italians thereby provided themselves with excuses for keeping the whole French Fleet in a state of readiness for action against us when they wished.

The Oran Action

(2) Referring to the action at Oran, shortly after the arrival of the ships carrying the British proposals, the French warships began to prepare for sea and battle. Lengthy negotiations ensued and it was not until eight and a half hours after the French had begun preparation that the British opened fire.

The French replied within five minutes and not long after the French ships began moving out of the harbour. During the afternoon our aircraft were attacked by a total of 21 French aeroplanes.

(3) With regard to the Dublin statement regarding the torpedoing of a French light cruiser, the facts are that an Admiralty representative interviewed the head of a French naval mission on the night of July 5 and expressed the Admiralty's deep regret that the French light cruiser was sunk owing to the fact that instructions issued to submarines on completion of the operation of July 3 that French ships were no longer to be attacked had not reached one submarine.

The last action against ships at Mers-el-Kebir was on July 6 and at no time did any British aircraft fire on any sailors or civilians leaving disabled ships.

Following the refusal of the French Admiral at Dakar to accept any of the four alternatives offered him on July 7, action was taken on July 8 to prevent the Richelieu from falling into the hands of the enemy.

Assurances that instructions were being given to stop all attacks on French ships were not given until July 12.

The communiqué concludes by describing the Dublin statement as inaccurate and misleading.

AMAZING FEATS

→ FROM PAGE ONE

saw one of the crew take to his parachute, which opened close to the Spitfire as it followed the bomber down.

The British pilot watched the bomber crash down into open country and burst into flames.

It had seemed like an age, the pilot concluded. He was very surprised to find that he had landed back at his home aerodrome exactly 20 minutes after taking off.

Talk Of Peace In China

Chungking Sceptical Of Rumours

CHUNGKING, July 15 (UP).

The broadcast made by Mr. S. W. Jones, Officer Administering the Government at Singapore, regarding Sino-Japanese peace apparently failed to receive serious attention from Chinese authorities or Chinese observers.

Chinese officialdom pointed out that China fought three years for definite goals which have been repeatedly announced by Generalissimo Chiang Kai-shek. Any conditions which are not in conformity to those announced goals will receive no consideration by Chungking.

"It would be impossible to make Chungking lay down her arms until Japan withdraws all her troops from Chinese soil," a spokesman said.

Chinese Manifesto

LONDON, July 15 (Reuter).—A manifesto issued at the close of the conference of the Kuomintang (Chinese Government Party) at Chungking re-affirms "the fixed national policy of carrying on the war without any thought of intermission until the enemy is driven from our soil," according to an official Chungking telegram received in London.

The manifesto proceeds to declare: "If Japan, having set out on her course of boundless and selfish ambition, is not checked, no other nation in the world will be able to preserve its rights and status in the Pacific and Indian Oceans."

"All countries in the world must recognise in Japan a common enemy, and consequently the close relation between our resistance and world peace."

"Our three years of resistance have caused the enemy's strength rapidly to decline."

"The foundation for our victory is firmer than ever. Henceforth we must intensify our political, economic and military struggle, acting with especial need for what the Generalissimo calls the 'militarisation of all conduct.'

Chinese Protest

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"

CHUNGKING, July 15 (UP).—The Chinese Government has lodged a very strong protest with the British Government upon learning that the latter, in response to the Japanese demands, is reported to have decided to suspend with a specific period of time, the transportation through Burma of certain kinds of supplies for this country. It is reliably reported that the Foreign Office pointed out that this action is illegal.

Officials of the British Embassy are reticent, merely saying that statements will be issued simultaneously at London and Tokyo very shortly.

BIG AUSTRALIAN ARMS ORDERS

MELBOURNE, July 15 (Reuter).—The Prime Minister, Mr. R. G. Menzies, announced that munitions orders from overseas totalling £6,000,000 are being filled in the Commonwealth.

They include orders from the British Ministry of Supply and the Admiralty, New Zealand and India.

FOR THE 1 MAN IN 7 WHO SHAVES EVERY DAY

A Special Shave Cream—It's Not a Soap, Needs No Brush!

Daily shaving leaves man's face raw and sensitive. Yet, because of his business and social status, one out of every 7 men must shave every day.

To meet this condition, Williams has now developed GLIDER—a special cream for daily shavers. With no soap base, it's a complete departure from ordinary shave creams. No brush. No lather. No sticky greasiness.

A superabundance of moisture is contained in this rich cream. It won't dry on your face. Applied with the fingers, it quickly soots each whisker. A protective layer is formed over which your razor glides. Off comes each hair at the base without scraping. Like a cold cream, Glider keeps your skin smooth all day. Glider is the result of nearly 100 years' experience in making fine shaving preparations.

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WRIGHT'S COAL TAR OINTMENT Ideal for all Skin Eczemias.

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are killed and loosened with just one application of Gets-It. A drop or two ends the torture of throbbing corns. A few days later you can lift off the corn root and all.

GETS-IT

Makes you forget corns.

A NEW LEISURE SHIRT

This new shirt is ideal for Sports or Lounge wear. Made of fine Spin Rayon, is delightfully soft, cool and absorbent. Can be worn as illustration or tucked inside trousers, has short sleeves and two-way collar.

Obtainable in plain blue, russet, green and white.

\$11.50 Less 10% cash discount.

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MEN'S WEAR SPECIALISTS

DRINK NEW PILSNER

brewed from finest imported Pilsner Hops.

SING TAO SOCCER ELEVEN READY TO TOUR

**Leaving On Thursday:
Manila May Be Included:
Returning In September**

ARRANGEMENTS have now been completed for the tour of Malaya by the Sing Tao Sports Club and the team will leave on Thursday by the "Van Heutz" for Singapore where they will play their first game. From Singapore they will proceed to Kuala Lumpur, Ipoh, Penang, Malacca and Rangoon, from whence they will return to Singapore around the beginning of August.

Mr. Aw Hoe, Chairman of the Club, left the Colony sometime last month, going on ahead to prepare the way for the footballers.

If time and circumstances permit, and subject to the approval of the Philippines Amateur Athletic Association, the tourists propose to include Manila in their itinerary, and after playing a series of games there, return to Hongkong about the end of September in time for the League.

In this latter, Sing Tao intend entering two teams, one in the First and the other in the Second Division.

Attached are few pictures of the players leaving on tour. Among those unable to travel are Tsang Chung-wan (former Eastern full back), and Leung Wing-chiu (former South China right-half).

Mr. Lo G. Hin is Secretary of the team, with Mr. Chan Hung-chiu the Treasurer and Mr. Chow Yun-nin the coach. Mr. Lo is a well-known sportsman of China, and was for many years holder of the breast-stroke records in the National swimming meets.

Aw Hoe, Manager, son of Mr. Aw Boon Haw, the International Philanthropist, General Manager of the Sing Tao Daily Press, Hongkong and Chairman of the Sing Tao Sports Club. Very keen sports promoter and popular in sports circles in Hongkong.

Lo G. Hin, Secretary, Sports Editor of the Sing Tao Daily Press. Ex-champion of China in swimming Breast Stroke.

Chan Hung-chiu, Treasurer. Chan Yun-nin, Coach.

Cheung Wing-chiu, Goalkeeper. Very prominent in Shanghai. Toured with the South China team last year. Outstanding goalkeeper in the Colony.

Sia Tim-ling, Goalkeeper, once played for Chinese Athletic Assn, which won the Championship for three years in succession in Hongkong.

Lee Tin-sun, Full back, representative of China in the World Olympics in 1936. Participated many times in the Far East Olympics and Hongkong Interports. London newspaper commented that he had the stuff of a professional. Age 38 veteran but still energetic.

Has Yung-sang, F. B. 23, a young and promising player. Toured with the South China team last year.

Mak Siu-hon, F. B. representative of the China Team in the last World Olympics 1936. Member of the South China team, champions of Hongkong last season.

Soong Ling-ling, H. B. representative of China in the World Olympics in 1936. Outstanding pivot player. Young and promising.

Kwok Ying-kie, H. B. small but active; toured with South China last year. South Sea fans called him "Pepper."

Tsui Ah-fai, H. B. representative of the China team in 1936 in the World Olympics.

Lee Hin-chiu, H. B. member of the South China team. Noted for heading ability.

Ip Pak-wan, F. left wing, repre-



Indian Test Cricketer Dead

LONDON, July 9 (Reuters).—Amar Singh, the Indian Test cricketer and Lancashire League player, has died at Rajkot, India, from pneumonia.

PIRATES AND DODGERS SPLIT DOUBLE-HEADER

NEW YORK, July 15 (UPI).—Brooklyn Dodgers and the Pittsburgh Pirates split even in the only double header in the Major Baseball program to-day. Dodgers won the opener 10-1, but lost the nightcap 3-4.

Scores were:

NATIONAL LEAGUE			
Brooklyn	10	17	1
Battery: Wyatt, Phelps	1	10	1
Pittsburgh	1	10	1
Battery: Butcher, Lonahan, Bauers			
David			
Brooklyn	3	10	1
Battery: Presnell, Foote, Tamulis, Man-			
Frank			
Pittsburgh	4	12	1
Battery: Kilinger, Lopez			
New York	3	15	1
Chicago	5	7	2
Battery: Melton, Joiner, Lynn, Danning, Chi-			
icago			
Battery: French, Root, Passau, Hart-			
Philadelphia	2	5	0
Battery: Pearson, S. I. Johnson, Atwood, Miller			
St. Louis	3	10	1
Battery: Atker, Lawson, Cox, Billard, Swanson			
Baltimore	10	15	1
Battery: Hash, Heving, Peacock			
Cleveland	6	7	1
Battery: Miller, Andrews, Humphries, Maynick, Hensley			
Washington	8	11	1
Battery: Hudson, Ferrell			
Detroit	0	10	1
Battery: Newhouse, Trout, Tubbett, McPherson			
Montreal	8	12	2
Battery: Feuerer, Ulisse, Hayez			

It Heals Without A SCAR
ZAM-BUK The Finest Ointment For Cuts & Sores.

WHEN you smear Zam-Buk on injured or diseased skin, it soothes and cures in the shortest possible time. The valuable herbal oils in Zam-Buk are absorbed into the tissues, soothing pain, reducing swelling, and drying up discharge. Zam-Buk overcomes poison germs that infect skin and heels without a scar. It is unequalled in cases of eczema, itch, ringworm, festering sores, ulcer, cuts, wounds, etc.

Two Tablets equate drops of Liquid.

PHOSFERINE
THE GREATEST OF ALL TONICS FOR
Depression, Nervousness, Indigestion, Rheumatism, Brain Fog, Headaches, Loss of Energy, Debility, Nervousness.

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Use
ZAM-BUK
Herbal Ointment

Agents: Messrs. Gilman & Co., Ltd., Des Voeux Rd., Hongkong

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JULY 28/51.

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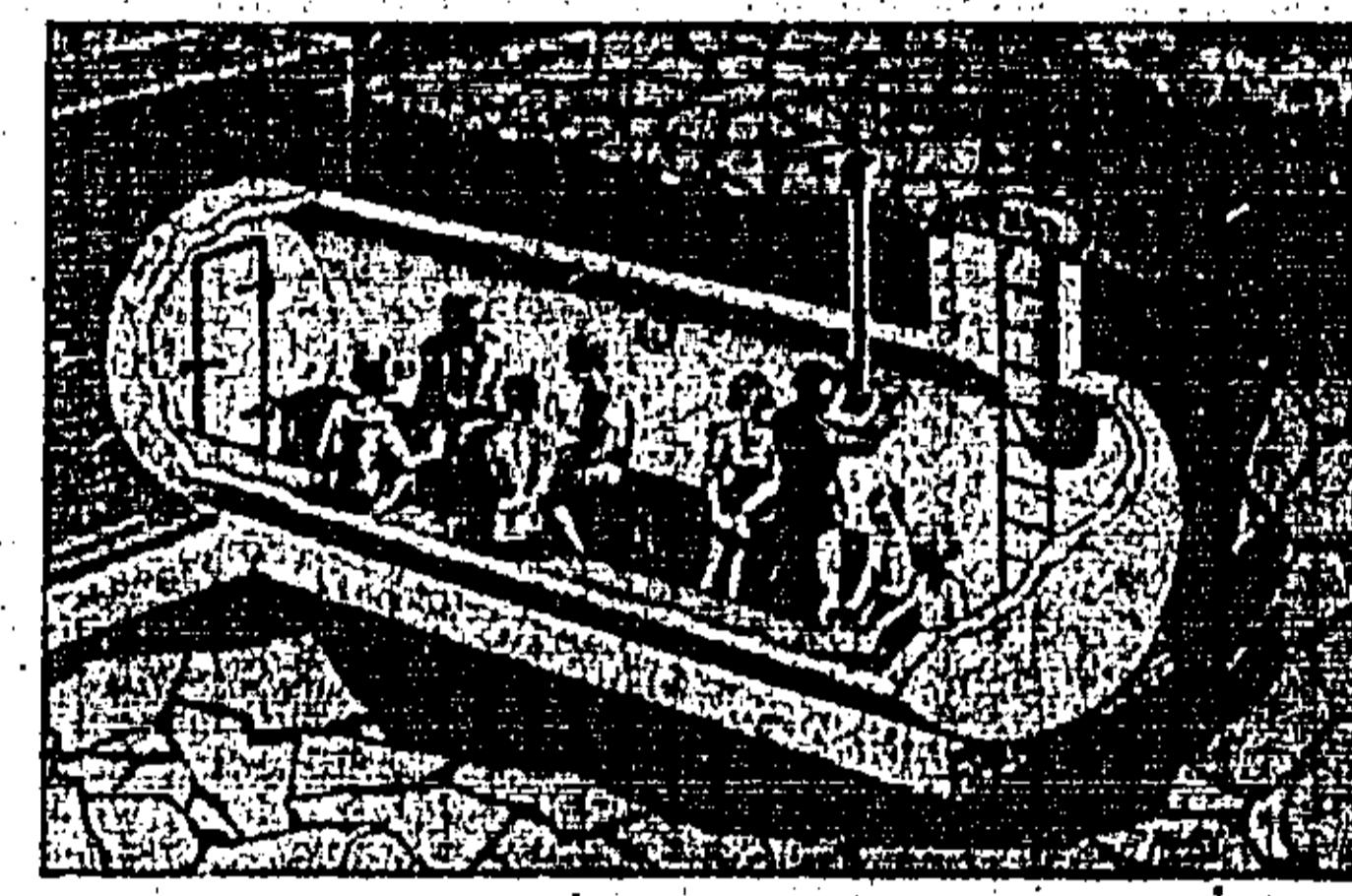
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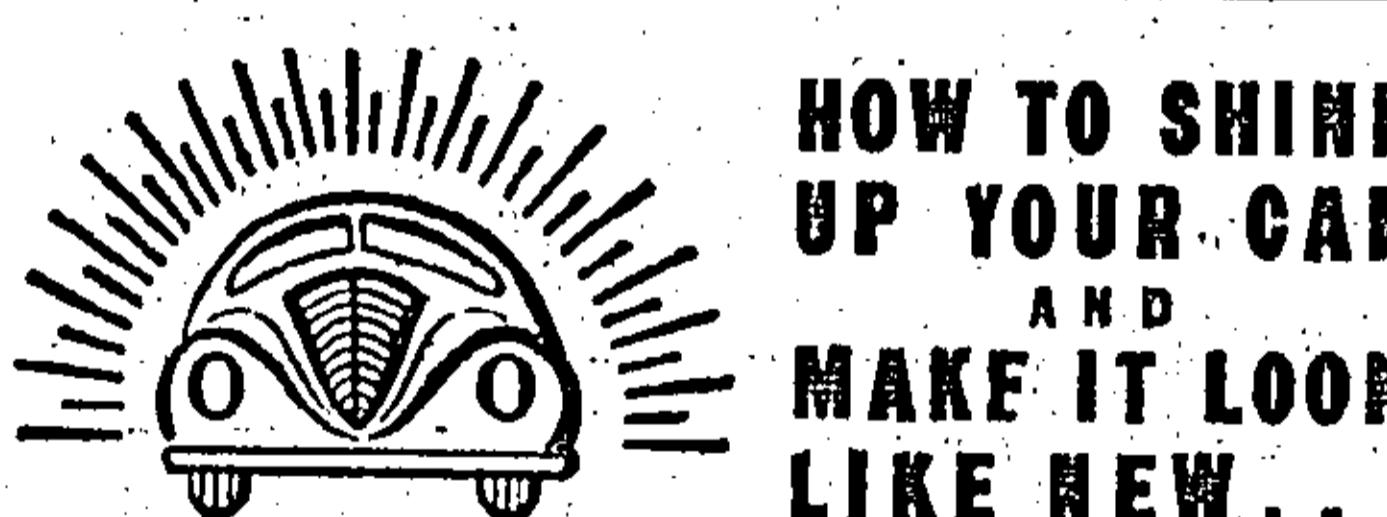
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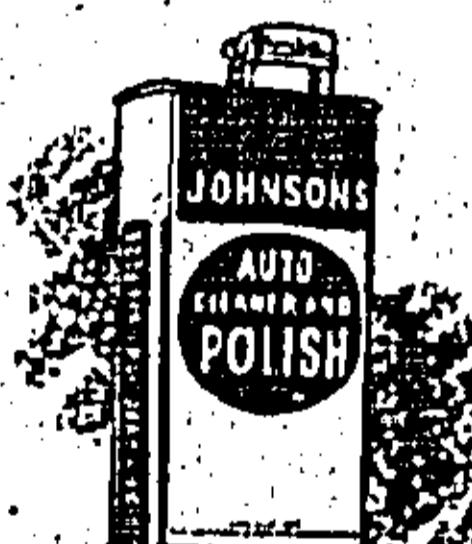
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in the world over. Insist on them by name and be sure of satisfaction. All Johnson's Wax Polishes are for sale at leading department, hardware, paint and automobile supplies stores.

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Sensational CARNU cleans and polishes in ONE easy application!

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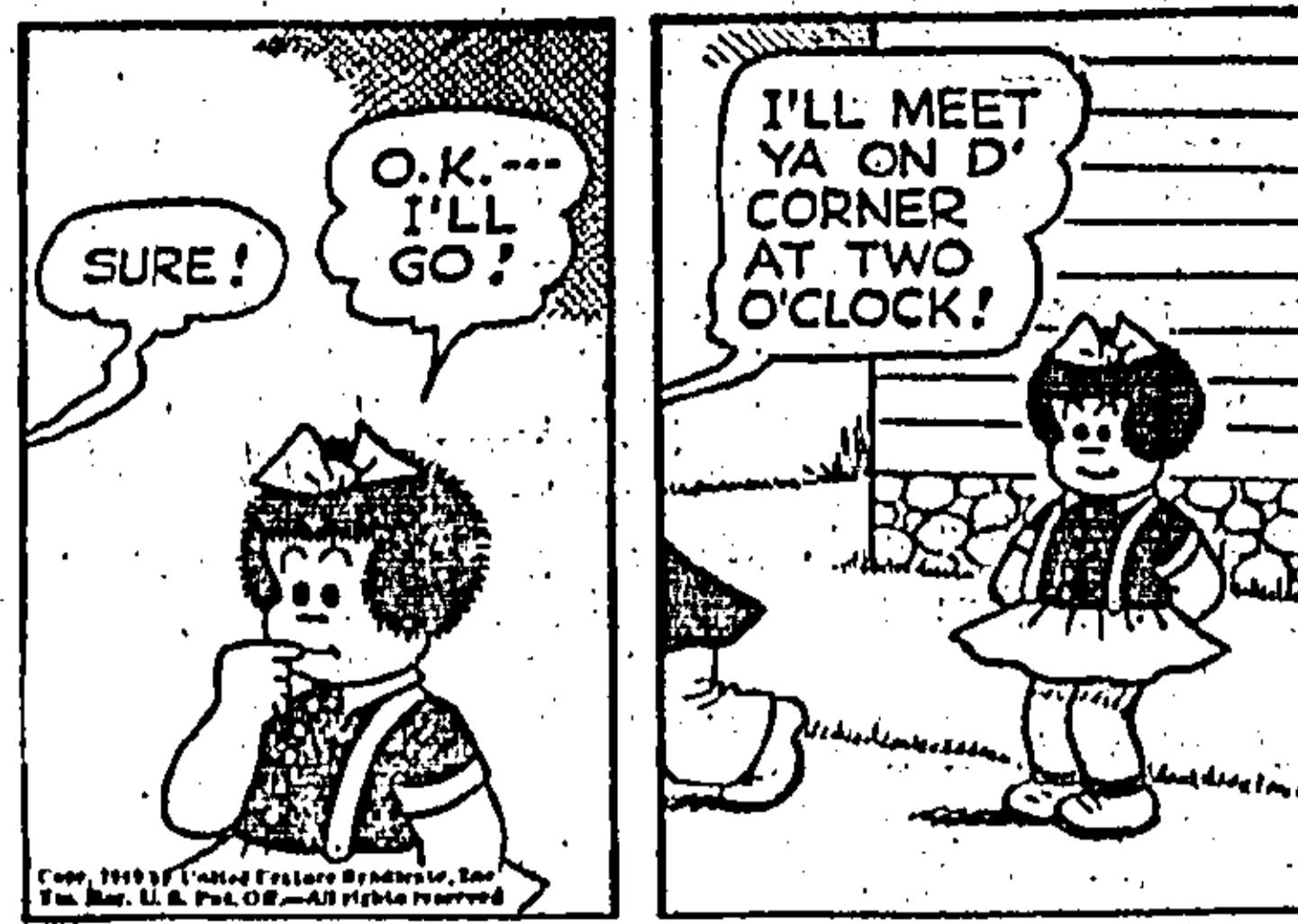
... THE PICTURE

YOU'LL TALK ABOUT!

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RICHARD CLARKE
ONSLAW STEVENS
ERIC BLORE
A 20th Century-Fox Picture

NANCY



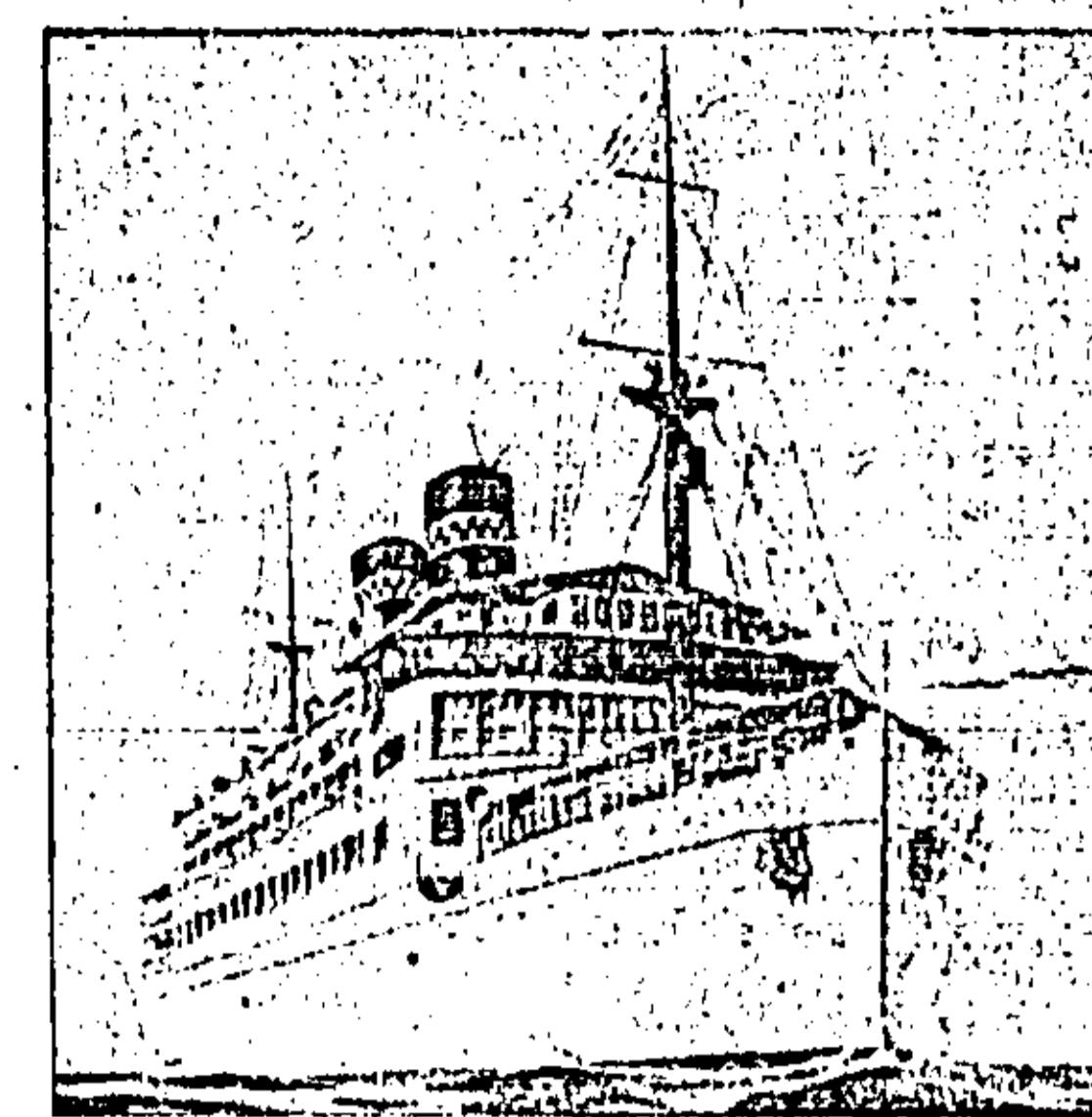
By Ernie Bushmiller

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Alkalize against HANGOVER

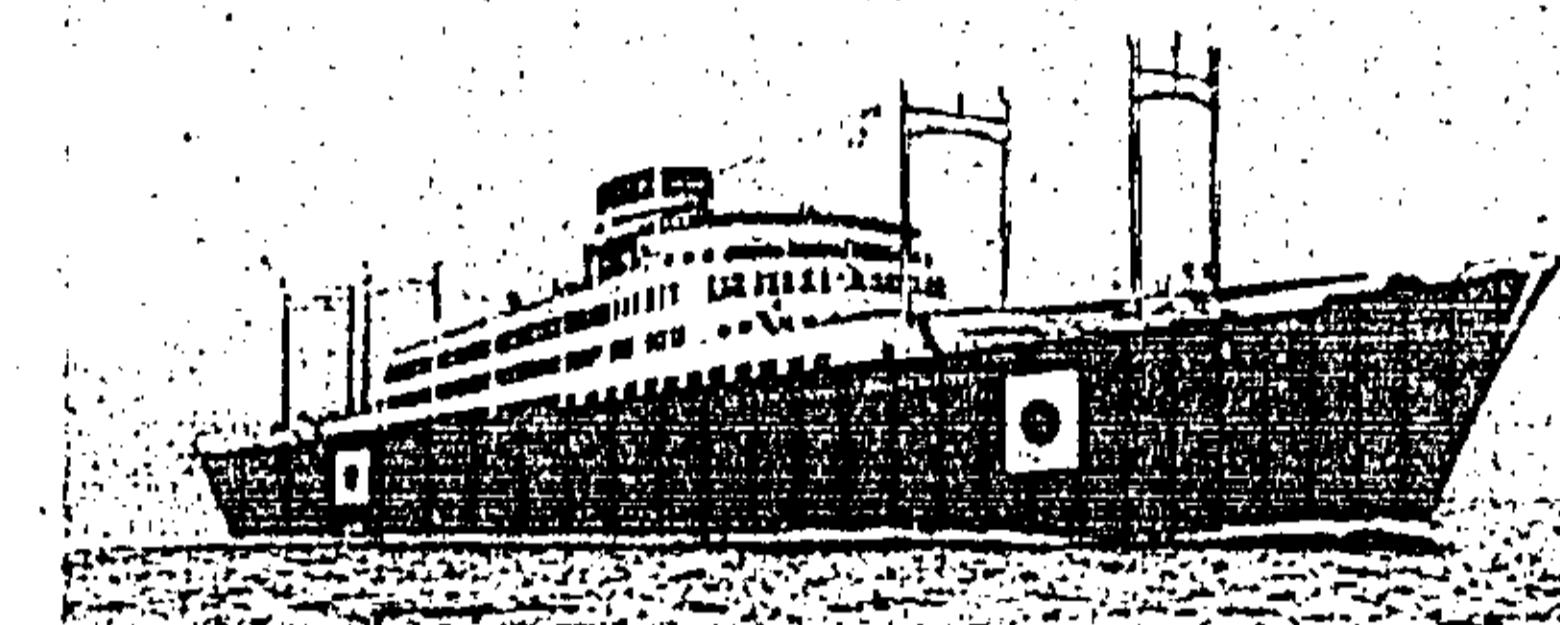
Over-Indulgence creates excess acidity in the system—a condition to what is known as "hangover". You prevent "hangover" if you "alkalize" or neutralize the excess acids by taking 2 tablespoons of Phillips' Milk of Magnesia—or 6 tablets—before retiring.

These signs say "ALKALIZE"! Indigestion Heartburn Flatulence Bloating Upset Stomach Constipation

The tablets are mint-flavored. Hinds tins of 30 for travelling—Economical bottles of 75 and 200 for home use.

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east through AIR CONDITIONED trains from ship's side at Vancouver take you through the Majestic Canadian Rockies—Lake Louise, Banff—600 miles or travel through Marvelous Mountain Scenery. Niagara Falls and the Great Lakes can be included as optional routes on your coast-to-coast trip. Stop over anywhere you wish.

Then Montreal and Quebec, gay French-speaking cities on the famous St. Lawrence Seaway, and a quiet crossing to Europe by one of Canadian Pacific's Atlantic Fleet.

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ELECTION TEASER

Democrats Will Force Roosevelt's Hand

Chicago, July 15. The 28th Democratic Convention will open on Sunday to renominate Mr. Roosevelt for a third term as President, with indications that New Deal supporters have failed to induce the Postmaster-General, Mr. James A. Farley, to direct the third term campaign.

Mr. Farley, who has made no secret of his dislike for the third term plan, is expected to retire from the Cabinet and from the National Committee Chairmanship and buy the New York Yankees Baseball Club. He refused to divulge his plans to the Press, beyond stating that his own name would be submitted despite the fact that Mr. Roosevelt is assured of more than a bare majority.

There were many rumours to-night concerning the plans of the Vice-President, Mr. James Garner, in relation to the Vice-Presidential nomination. Senators brought conflicting reports from Washington. Some said he would not take nomination; others said he was eager for it.

Some Roosevelt supporters referred to Mr. Garner's split with the President over some aspects of the New Deal, but nobody knew whether the President wanted Mr. Garner again.

Mr. Farley rejected reports that an effort might be made to dispense with the roll call and make the President's nomination unanimous. He commented: "The Convention would resist such a plan."—United Press.

Training Advocated

Chicago, July 15. Young Democratic Clubs, through their National Committee, to-day passed a resolution endorsing a programme of service to the Government that calls into service all young men, either for training in the armed forces or in the civilian and vocational fields.—United Press.

Foreign Territories

Santiago, July 15. The United States Ambassador to Chile, Mr. Claude G. Bowers, yesterday served notice on the Chilean Government intimating the possibility of placing under American protection those territories of European Powers in the Western Hemisphere, for the duration of European War, it is reported here.

Negotiations are now proceeding with other Latin American countries upon this question, which will be on the agenda for the Pan-American Conference at Havana, according to reliable quarters.—Domestic.

Hull For Havana

Washington, July 14. President Roosevelt on Saturday announced the nomination of Mr. Cordell Hull, Secretary of State, as the United States delegate at the Pan-American conference scheduled for July 20 at Havana.—Domestic.

STOCK MARKET REPORT

Hongkong Stock Exchange Official Summary issued yesterday says:

There were better enquiries in the market and although buyers have increased their offers scrip is not forthcoming in any quantity.

Buyers

Watson \$7.00
Sales
H.K. Banks \$1.150
Docks (Old) \$14/14½/14.50
Providents \$3.50
Hotels \$3.40
China Lights (Old) \$6.40
Electrics \$35.25

NEVER too YOUNG for KOLYNOS PROTECTION

Thousands of dentists recommend Kolynos not only for adults but to protect the teeth of growing children. Kolynos cleans teeth gently and safely, and protects them from the dangerous germs that attack the teeth and cause decay.

Keep your children's teeth and mouth safely clean with Kolynos. Teach them to brush their teeth at least twice a day, morning and night. Children like the cool, refreshing taste of Kolynos.

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Via Shanghai, Kobe, Yokohama & Honolulu.

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To NEW YORK AND BOSTON
Via Manila, Singapore, Penang, Colombo, Bombay & Cape Town.

SS "President Adams" JULY 22
SS "President Harrison" AUG. 18

To SINGAPORE & PENANG

SS "City of San Francisco" AUG. 12
SS "City of Los Angeles" AUG. 10

To SAN FRANCISCO & LOS ANGELES
Direct

SS "City of Norfolk" JULY 27
SS "City of San Francisco" SEPT. 1

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AIR-CONDITIONED THEATRE
TO-DAY ONLY AT 2.30, 5.10, 7.15, & 9.30 P.M.

DARRYL F. ZANUCK's production of **THE GRAPES OF WRATH** by John Steinbeck

Cast: Henry Fonda, Jane Darwell, Russell Simpson, O. E. Whitehead, John Carradine, Eddie Gribbon, Zette Tilbury, George Gravenor, Dorcas Dowton, John Ford, Directed by John Ford, Also Latest Movietone News

TO-MORROW **'THE MAN WHO WOULDN'T TALK'** with Lloyd Nolan, Jean Rogers, Richard Clarke

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The Greatest Detective In Fiction Brought Up To Date In A 1940 Model Thrilling Mystery Romance!

A GREAT NEW SCREEN DETECTIVE ARRIVES!
He's different from any you've ever seen, smooth, slick, sure!

NICK CARTER
MASTER DETECTIVE
WALTER PIDGEON · RITA JOHNSON
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Screen Play by Robert Coote and Wallace MacDowell · Directed by Wallace MacDowell

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RETURN SHOWING BY POPULAR DEMAND!
STAN LAUREL and OLIVER HARDY
In Their Latest and Best Comedy
"A CHUMP AT OXFORD"
A Hal Roach Production.

• FRIDAY AND SATURDAY •
ANN SHERIDAN and THE "DEAD END" KIDS
"THE ANGELS WASH THEIR FACES"
A Warner Bros. Thrilling Comedy-Drama.

Peer Wants The Whole B.B.C. Personnel Scrutinised

AT LEAST ONE SHOULD NOT HOLD JOB, HE SAYS

A DEMAND that the Government should investigate the personnel of the B.B.C. was made by Lord Elibank in the House of Lords recently.

He said that it would be the first institution that a Nazi invading force would try to take over, and steps should be taken to ensure that there was not a single individual for whom they could not vouch.

He added: "There is at least one individual whom I know in the B.B.C. in London who certainly should not occupy the position he does. I do not propose to name him here, but I shall give his name on a piece of paper to the Duke of Devonshire.

"He is married to a German lady whose brother is fighting against us."

The Duke of Devonshire, Under-Secretary, India Office, replying to the debate announced that a considerable number of people of British nationality had been arrested during the morning.

"These people," he added, "have been arrested not because of the views they hold, but because of the danger that their organisations may be used for the execution of acts prejudicial to the State."

Danger Removed

He added that the clearing of aliens from the eastern portions of Britain had removed the danger of Fifth Columnists co-operating with any German military plan of invasion.

Stories and scores of the stories concerning Lord Haw Haw had been investigated, and there was no evidence of information being received from secret sources in this country.

After the arrest of Capt. Ramsay had been announced in the House of Commons, Mr. Maxton asked if he would be tried or charged with any specific offence. Sir John Anderson, Home Secretary, replied that, like others who had been detained under Regulation 18 B, he would have the right to make representations to the Advisory Committee set up to deal with such cases.

Further Action

Explaining why instructions were given for the detention of a number of persons under Regulation 18 B, as amended on Wednesday night, Sir John Anderson said this action had been taken because of the danger that the organisations of which the persons concerned were leading members might be used in the execution of acts prejudicial to the security of the State.

"It is not to be assumed," he added, "that the action taken this morning under these new powers represents finality. Further action must and will be taken as circumstances develop."

Mr. Geoffrey Mander (Lib., Wolverhampton) asked if the Home Secretary was aware that the British Council for Christian Settlement had as secretary, Mr. John Beckett, who was associated before the war as co-worker with William Joyce, better known as Lord Haw-Haw.

Sir John replied that he would bear that in mind.

167 I.R.A. Expositions

He announced that under the Prevention of Violence Act, orders had been made for the expulsion of 167 I.R.A. members.

On the internment of women aliens, he said that hitherto he had not felt necessary to order their wholesale internment, but he had not hesitated to intern individual German or Australian women where there were grounds for suspecting their attitude towards this country.

Section 18 B of the old Defence Regulations provided for detention of people of hostile origin or association, or who had recently been concerned in acts prejudicial to

LATE NEWS

SEA-SNAKE BITES EUROPEAN

The danger of snake bite whilst swimming at the Colony's beaches this summer was exemplified yesterday when an 18-year-old English youth, T. L. Lockhart, was the victim of a swimming snake at the 14 mile beach.

Mr. Lockhart, who is an employee of the Colonial Secretary's Office, was at the beach with his father, Mr. H. L. Lockhart, of the Urban Council, and some friends.

With another young man, Lockhart swam out from the beach and was cavorting in the water when he felt a sharp sting.

The snake was not seen until after it had struck its victim. Lockhart was immediately rushed to the Kowloon Hospital, where the punctures were cauterised and several injections were administered.

Although in a bad way when he arrived at the hospital, he was pronounced out of danger this morning.

HAND GRENADE INJURES TEN

SHANGHAI, July 10 (Reuter)—At least ten persons, mostly pedestrians, were injured when a hand grenade was tossed into the offices of the well-known Chinese newspaper the "Shun Pao" at 9.10 this morning.

The injured included a proof reader and three janitors.

Several windows of the building were broken, but there was no other damage.

It is recalled that the general manager and staff of the "Shun Pao" are on Wang Chung-wei's published "black list".

Wodehouse Stranded

MR. P. G. WODEHOUSE, the author, and his wife are among the colony of English people living at Le Touquet who have been unable to escape the advance of the German mechanised forces.

They have been cut off from England for the time being and are presumably still living at their villa where they were spending a short holiday.

Their daughter, Mrs. Peter Cazale, wife of the amateur jockey, told the Sunday Dispatch: "I received a letter yesterday which my father had written on Tuesday. He said that things were awkward, but he hoped to get away."

ALHAMBRA THEATRE

NATHAN RD. KOWLOON DAILY AT 2.30, 5.20, 7.20, 9.30. TEL 56856

• TO-DAY & TO-MORROW •

GUNS ROAR! HOOTS POUND!
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THE GIRL AND THE GAMBLER
LEO CARRILLO · TIM HOLT · STEFFI DUNA

Action Drama — a tickles gamblers' flicks!

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A United Artists Release

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BOY TO DANCE
ELEANOR POWELL
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WHITEAWAY'S

R. A. F. Anticipating Hitler's Blitzkrieg TERRIFIC ATTACKS ON 22 NAZI AERODROMES

WIDESPREAD HAVOC IN NIGHT RAIDS

LONDON, JULY 15 (REUTER).—TWENTY-TWO ENEMY AERODROMES WERE BOMBED DURING THE PAST TWO NIGHTS, ACCORDING TO AN AIR MINISTRY COMMUNIQUE.

The communique adds: "Last night strong forces of R.A.F. bombers again attacked various objectives in Germany, including an aircraft factory at Bremen, aircraft stores at Paderborn, east of the Ruhr, and Diepholz, north-east of Osnabrück, oil plants at Gelsenkirchen, oil refineries at Hamburg and Bremen, and godowns at Hamm and Soest."

Fires and Explosions

"Fires and explosions resulted and considerable damage was done."

"Other forces of R.A.F. bombers attacked a number of aerodromes in Holland and north-west Germany."

"Aircraft of the Coastal Command last night attacked an oil storage depot at Ghent and set several tanks afire."

"From all these operations, two of our aircraft failed to return."

DARK DAYS AHEAD FOR REICH

Country Is Dreading Winter's Coming

LONDON, July 15 (Reuter).—Commenting on the situation of the Axis powers, the "Yeni Sabah" of Istanbul on July 12, stated:

"Germany may be beflagged and bells may be rung in occupied territories from the Arctic Ocean to Spain but she has not won the war. She has only won the battles and the results of these are being compromised by the British forces, especially the air arm."

"The Germans are plunged in thought and are uncertain what to do. 'The Italians dare not show themselves in the Mediterranean.'

Dread Of Winter

"The winter approaching is dreaded by Europe, but most of all by the Italians and the Germans, who pose as the victors."

"Hunger is not satisfied by the sound of bells. The Italians and the Germans have lost all their sea trade. Europe is isolated by the British Navy."

"The future is a sombre cloud hanging over Germany and Italy. The latter, with her hands hanging weakly by her side, must confront the British lion, which is growing stronger and roars defiance."

U.S. POLICY IN FAR EAST

WASHINGTON, July 15 (Reuter).—The United States continues to pursue a separate and independent policy in the Far East, Mr. Cordell Hull told Press representatives today, commenting on reports of British efforts for peace between China and Japan.

"Shortly before the Press Conference, Mr. Cordell Hull saw Lord Lothian, the British Ambassador, but there is no indication that the Far Eastern situation was discussed."

Chungking's Protest

CHUNGKING, July 16 (Reuter).—The Chinese Government have lodged a strong protest with British Government on learning that the latter have decided to suspend transportation through Burma, certain supplies to China.



WALKING DOWN THE gangway from the Empress of Japan. Another group of Hongkong evacuees landing in Manila.

Grampus Is Lost: Heavy Casualties

LONDON, July 15 (REUTER).—The Admiralty to-night announced the names of five officers and 53 ratings and one Chinese rating as missing following the loss of the submarine Grampus.

The Grampus, which was formerly on the China Station, was lost at the end of June. Her loss was announced by the Admiralty at the time.

The list of missing includes Lieut. Commdr. C. A. Rowe, who was in command.

Coastal Casualties

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"

LONDON, July 15 (UP).—Three were killed and 12 injured in the German raids on the south coast to-day.

Meanwhile, the Air Ministry announced that during the last 48 hours, 22 enemy aerodromes were bombed by the R.A.F.

Last night the R.A.F. set fire and damaged the Bremen aircraft factory; the Paderborn and Diepholz aircraft warehouses; the Gelsenkirchen oil plants at Hamburg and Bremen; the oil refineries at Hamm and Soest; the freightyards at Ghent and an oil storage depot in Holland. Several aerodromes in northwest Germany were also bombed.

Little Enemy Activity

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"

LONDON, July 15 (Reuter).—The Ministry of Home Security announces that there was little enemy air activity in south-west England and south Wales this afternoon and that a few bombs were dropped.

No casualties were reported and the damage done was slight.

Soong As China Envoy, Report

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"

WASHINGTON, July 15 (UP).—Sources close to Mr. T. V. Soong and the Chinese Embassy have no knowledge of any official basis for the local rumours that Mr. Soong will replace Mr. Hu Shih as Ambassador. The Chinese Embassy continued to make no comment but said there were no basis for the reports that Mr. Soong will soon go to China. He is now in Chicago observing the Democratic Convention.

HOW THE ITALIAN NAVY RAN AWAY

—OFFICIAL STATEMENT

LONDON, July 15 (Reuter).—An account of how British naval forces met the Italian fleet in the Mediterranean on July 9 was given in an Admiralty statement to-night.

It says that contact was made by a squadron of British light cruisers attached to a force guarding a convoy with an enemy light cruiser force which retired immediately on coming within the extreme range of our supporting battleships.

From this point, the action developed into chase.

Battleship Hit

A few salvos were exchanged between the battleships and one hit with a 15-inch shell was observed on one of the Italian battleships before the enemy force escaped through smoke screen laid by their destroyers.

The destroyers also retired at full speed through this smoke screen before our light forces could close the range sufficiently to damage them.

Swordfish aircraft of the Fleet Air Arm forced home the attack in the face of heavy anti-aircraft fire and scored a hit on an enemy cruiser.

Enemy Pursued

The enemy was pursued until the British Fleet was in sight of land, and though our forces remained to offer battle until evening, despite a

MORE EVACUATION PHOTOGRAPHS FROM MANILA



A YOUNG HONGKONG EVACUEE clutches this only possession she was permitted to take with her aside from one suitcase. Most of the children forgot to take their toys and the American, Red Cross immediately appealed for volunteer contributions from Filipino and American youngsters.

PEACE IN CHINA SAID TO BE CONDITION FOR CLOSING BURMA ROAD

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"

LONDON, July 15 (UP).—According to statements made here to-day, Britain's willingness to close the Burma Road for three months is conditional upon Japan seeking to secure a broader settlement of the Sino-Japanese dispute which would result in a peace equitable to both countries.

Replying to charges that Britain is trying to coerce China to a conference table with Japan, British authorities asserted that Britain would refuse to regard any Sino-Japanese peace settlement as satisfactory unless it was acceptable to both Chungking and Tokyo.

It is reported that the Japanese proposals for a settlement with China have been conveyed to Britain.

Must Be Mutual

A British statement on this says: "Britain will not submit any peace proposals until both sides indicate their readiness to discuss a settlement, and Britain has so far received no indication from either side that they are ready to talk."

It is understood that Mr. Winston Churchill intends to make a statement in the House of Commons on Tuesday regarding the Sino-Japanese negotiations.

U.S. Reactions

Meanwhile, it has been authoritatively stated here that the United States, after being informed by London, raised no objection to Britain's offer to Japan to restrict traffic on the Burma Road for three months.

British authorities stated to-day that Washington merely took note of Britain's intentions and then conveyed a detailed comment to London, the contents of which have not been divulged.

The authorities explained that the United States has not raised any objection although well aware of the fact that most of the U.S. arms and munitions shipments to China are transported through the Burma Road, and although there appears to be no other U.S. trade channel to occupied China.

London Report

LONDON, July 16 (Reuter).—Under the terms of the negotiations between Great Britain and Japan concerning the Burma Road, Britain has agreed to close the road for thirty days on condition that Japan tries to negotiate an honourable peace with China. It was stated in London early this morning.

Doubt Expressed

WASHINGTON, July 16 (Reuter).—No official comment is available on the speech two days ago by the Acting Governor of Malaya, Mr. S. W. Jones, who stated that Britain is making efforts to end the Sino-Japanese war.

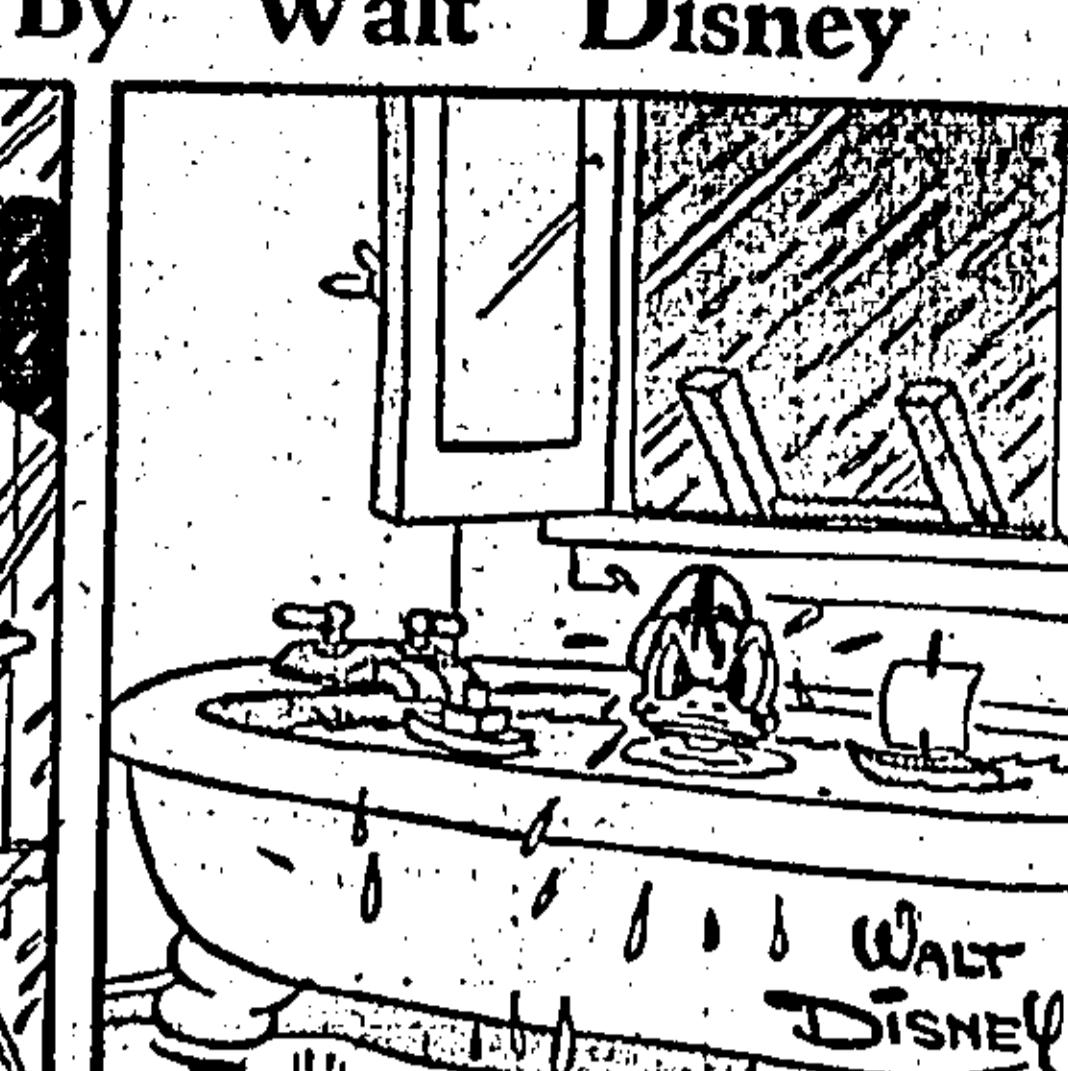
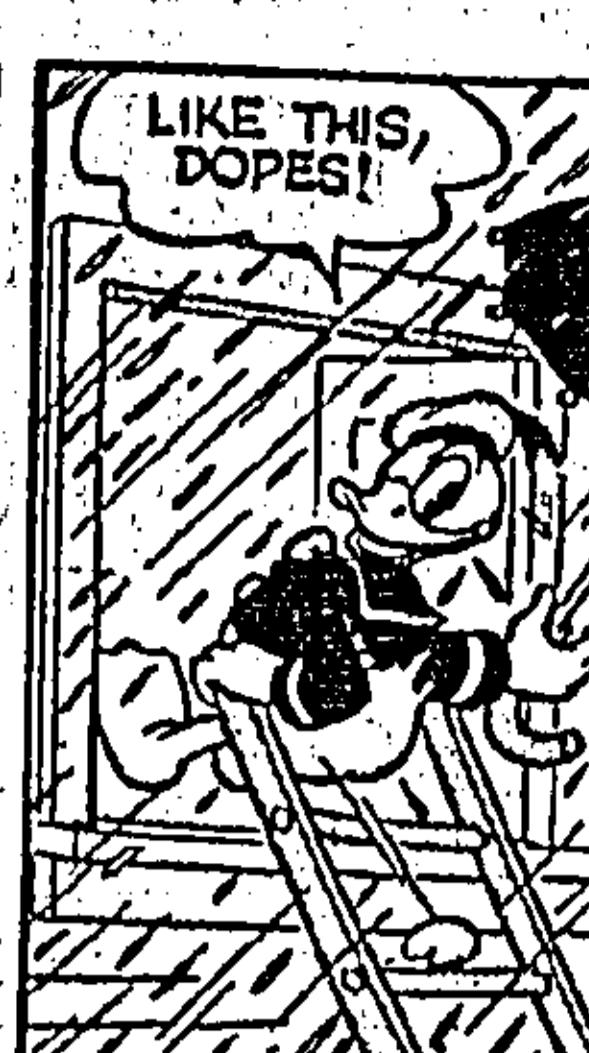
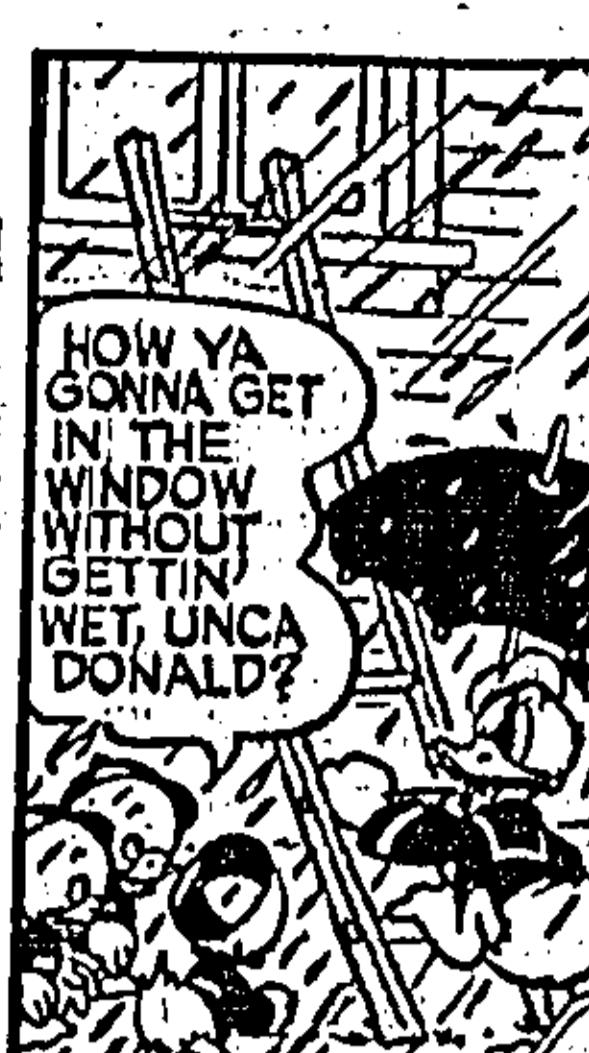
Informed Far Eastern circles, however, doubt that the Governor's remarks really represent what Britain is attempting to do. They find it difficult to reconcile Mr. Churchill's fighting speech on Sunday with the

Turn to Page 5, First Column

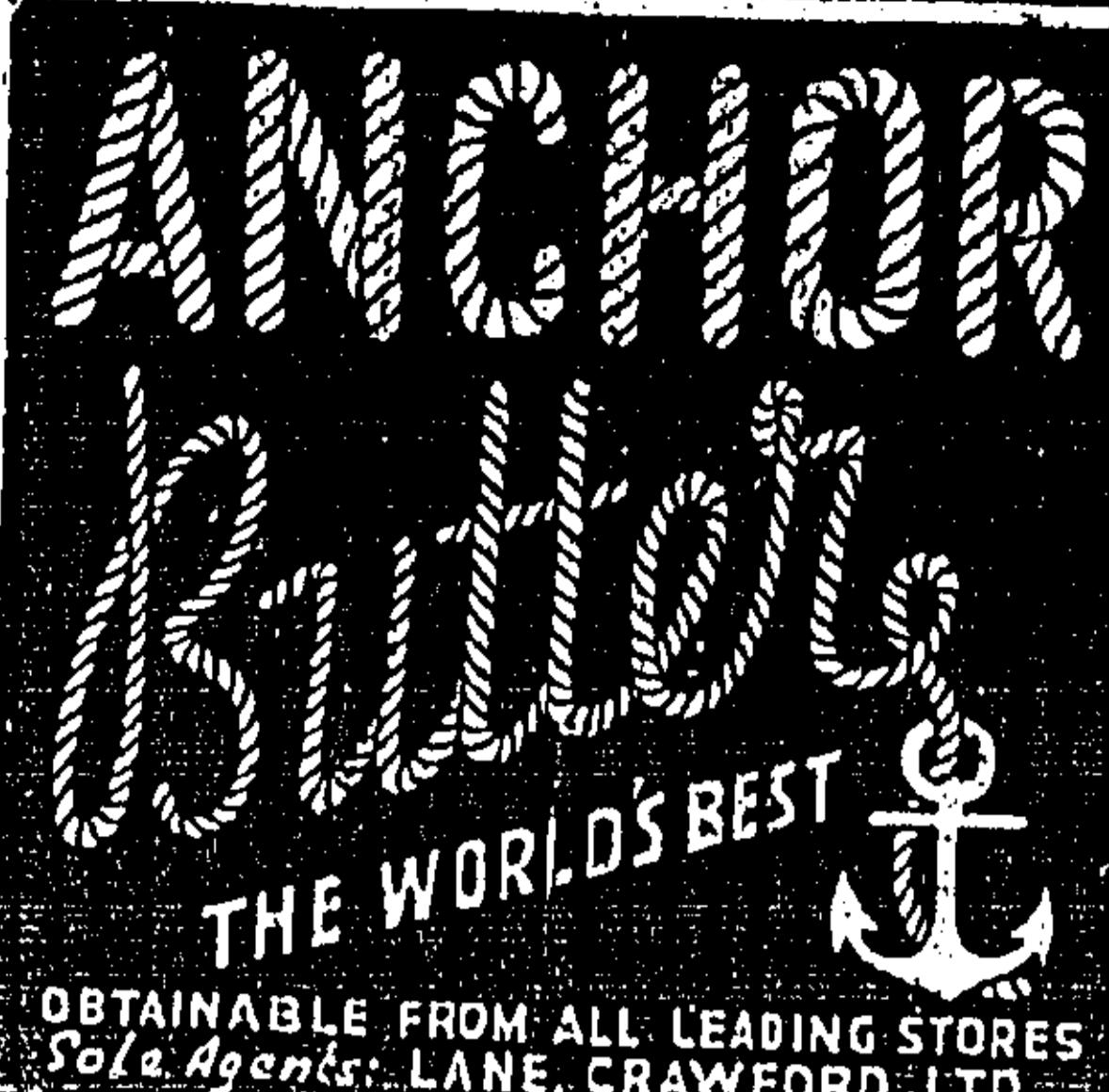
LATEST

See Back Page For
Further Late News

DONALD DUCK



By Walt Disney



AMAZING FEATS OF SKILL

How The R.A.F. Are Winning

LONDON, July 15 (Reuter).—An account of how he shot down two German bombers within 20 minutes was given in a radio talk to-day by a young South African pilot.

His squadron saw its first German plane as recently as May 23, he said. More recently, he was on patrol between Dunkirk and Boulogne with three other Spitfires when they ran into 30 German bombers.

A few seconds later, they found that the bombers were protected by M-109 and M-110 fighters. They plunged into battle and returned home later with several bombers to their credit.

30 Planes Brought Down

This sort of thing lasted for eight days, at the end of which they had brought down about 30 enemy planes, tearing into enemy formations, breaking them up, and shooting them out of the sky.

One night recently, German planes were dropping bombs on south-east England. His squadron commander asked for permission to send up one Spitfire. He got this permission, and the young South African went up.

As he took off at 12.20 a.m., he saw one raider held in a beam of searchlights. Others were further away but anti-aircraft defences were dealing with them. He shot up towards the German machine. After dropping its bombs, the German plane turned away towards the sea.

Crashed Into Sea

The Spitfire got close to the tail, and fired at short range. When he was only 50 yards away from the German machine, the South African found his windshields obscured with the German's tanks and engines.

The raider fell off towards the sea, obviously done for. It crashed into the sea while the South African landed around for another target.

At about 12,000 feet, another raider was held in searchlight beams. It was not long before the Spitfire had gained the enemy's height. The German probably did not know he was there, and then he pressed his gun button, firing five bursts of two seconds each from his sight machine-guns simultaneously.

Inescapable Fire

Nothing appears to be able to survive a Spitfire's fire at short range. This raider was no exception. It went into a dive. The British pilot saw one of the crew take to his parachute, which opened close to the Spitfire as it followed the bomber down.

The British pilot watched the bomber crash down into open country and burst into flames.

It had seemed like an age, the pilot concluded. He was very surprised to find that he had landed back at his home aerodrome exactly 20 minutes after taking off.

Ringing Call To Dominions

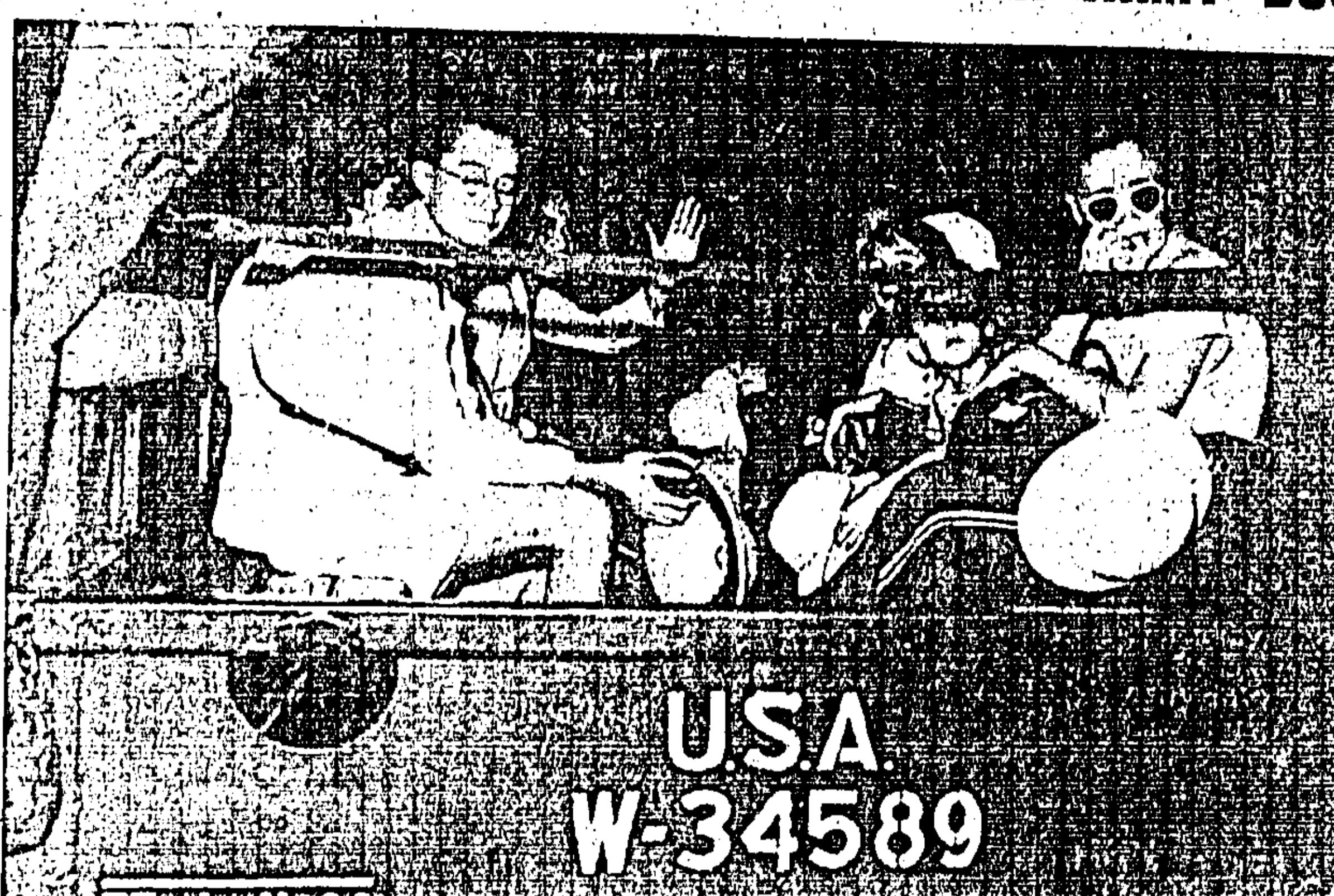
N. Zealand Appreciation Of Premier's Speech

WELLINGTON, July 15 (Reuter).—Mr. Winston Churchill's speech is a ringing call to the Dominions and the Colonies for a supreme and prolonged effort and there will be no doubt as to the response, says the newspaper, "Dominion."

The paper adds that Mr. Churchill's broadcast was in all respects worthy of his courageous character and leadership. It has brought a mental vision to the people of this remote Dominion of the brave people fortified in their traditional devotion to free institutions, awaiting with undaunted confidence in their cause and strength the zero hour of the attack.



HONGKONG EVACUEES TRAVEL IN U.S. ARMY BUS



HONGKONG EVACUEES loaded in a U.S. Army truck en route to Fort McKinley, where they were billeted for several days until they could be distributed to various houses, camps, etc., established by the American Red Cross and the U.S. Army.

Third-Term Issue Now Reaching Climax

DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION CHEERS FOR ROOSEVELT

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH".

CHICAGO, July 15 (UP).—The Roosevelt third-term bandwagon got off to a rolling start within 20 minutes of the opening of the 1940 Democratic Convention.

The President's name was mentioned by Mayor Edward Kelly—the originator of the "Draft Roosevelt" movement—and set off the first floor demonstration which continued for 46 minutes.

Some delegates left their seats, and the New York State banner was hoisted in the aisle, but there was no parade.

A few minutes later there were more cheers when Senator Scott Lucas of Illinois mentioned Roosevelt.

"We Want Roosevelt"

CHICAGO, July 15 (Reuter).—We are praying and hoping that the man who can keep the White House a lighthouse for humanity will accept another nomination. We must draft President Roosevelt," declared Mayor Edward Kelly of Chicago at the opening of the Democratic Party Convention.

His address was greeted with cheers.

As Mr. James A. Farley, the Postmaster General and Chairman of the Party's National Committee, called for order at the opening of the Convention, a solitary voice from the gallery yelled "We want Roosevelt."

The President at that moment was quietly lunching with Mr. Cordell Hull at Washington.

Opening Proceedings

The proceedings at the Convention were opened with prayers, during which the clergyman said: "May our country of freedom ever be a beacon light to all the world."

Then a tenor singer rendered the "Star Spangled Banner."

After Mayor Kelly's address, Senator Lucas, representing the Governor of Illinois, expressed confidence that the "Convention will not only meet the high hopes of the people of Illinois and America but that all liberty-loving people throughout the world will be heartened and encouraged to know that the democracy of America continues to reign supreme."

Farley's Interview

At a Press interview before the Convention, Mr. James Farley, Chairman of the Democratic Party, declared that he believed that the normal procedure should be followed, namely, that nomination and roll-call by the states should be held and finally that the choice of the nominee should be unanimous.

He did not know what President Roosevelt's attitude would be if the minority voting for other candidates should be large.

From this, journalists deduced that President Roosevelt's readiness to accept a third term might have been made conditional on an evident unanimity of the Party.

The Convention went into recess after 40 minutes until 1 a.m. G.M.T. on Tuesday.

U.S.A.
W-34589

200 DIE IN NEW QUAKE

Floods Follow Shakes In Southern Tibet

SIMLA, July 15 (Reuter).—About 200 people are believed to have perished in a flood, accompanied by a slight earthquake, that occurred in the Chumbi Valley, in southern Tibet, last Wednesday, it was learned here to-day.

A number of villages in the valley south of Yatung are reported to have been washed away.

A telegraph line between India and Yatung, where several houses collapsed, was destroyed for a distance of six miles.

The Maharaj-Kumar of Sikkim has left Gangtok with a relief party, and a medical officer attached to the British trade agency at Gyantse is also proceeding to the scene of the disaster.

H.K. Stock Market

The following quotations were issued on the Hongkong Stock Market this morning.

BANKS
H.K. Banks \$1,100 b. & sa.
H.K. Banks (Lon. Reg.) £.03 n.
H.K. Banks (H.K. Reg.) £.05 n.
Chartered £.05 n.
Mercantile, A. & B. £.20 n.
Mercantile, C. £.11 n.
East Asia \$1.73 n.

INSURANCES
Canton \$218 n.
Union \$325 b.
China Underwriters \$60 ets. n.
H.K. Fire \$100 n.

SHIPPING
Douglas \$120 n.
Steamships \$11 n.
Indo-China P. \$100 n.
Indo-China D. \$80 n.
Shell (Bourne) \$33/2 n.
Waterboat \$100 n.

DOCKS ETC.
Wharves \$50 n.
Docks (old) \$14 n.
Docks (new) \$14 n.
Providents \$3/2 n.
Sh. Docks Sh. \$23 n.

MINING
Kulan \$/—
Ruhu \$/—
H.K. Mines .05 ets. n.

LANDS
Hotels \$3.40 sa.
Lands \$20 n.
Lands 4% Debentures \$100 n.
Sh. Lands Sh. \$11 n.
Humphreys \$1.05 n.
H.K. Realties \$3/2 n.
Chinese Estates \$104/2 n.

UTILITIES
Trams \$14.20 b.
Peak Trams (old) \$7.40 n.
Peak Trams (new) \$3.70 n.
Star Ferries \$60 n.
Y. Ferries \$22 n.

ANTI-WAR PROGRAMME
"So anxious has the executive been to prevent the spread of war in America that he has sued every possible appeal and prayer in the name of humanity against the spread of such horrors as have now devastated so many inoffensive free peoples. Never at any time or place has he suggested our entering into the European war and never has any responsible leader of our Party advocated such participation."

"The Democratic members of Congress are unanimously opposed to sending an American Army to European or Asiatic battlefields."

Mr. Bankhead conceded that the Democratic Party's record was "not unmarred by temporary errors" in policy, but it was too much to hope that there would ever be infallibility in political action.

Mr. Bankhead denounced as calumny the charge made by some Republicans that the Democratic Party was trying "slyly and covertly to lead the United States into war" and a war which had developed despite their efforts.

APPEAL TO PARTIES
Mr. Bankhead urged both political parties to shun recrimination and personal invective, and "wage a campaign for unity and solidarity of purpose in preserving the inviolate structure of our government and the perpetual freedom of our people."

Turning to the Democratic Party's domestic record, Mr. Bankhead enumerated the major legislative accomplishments of the New Deal and recalled that the Republican Convention had not urged the repeal of any of them.

Dealing with defence, Mr. Bankhead asked that "until the invasion of Norway, Belgium, Denmark, and the Netherlands, how many of us realized the full portent of events overseas prior to that invasion?"

WANTED DECREE AFTER 42 YEARS

A couple who were married 42 years ago and charged each other with desertion were refused a decree nisi in the Divorce Court.

Both Mrs. Sarah Coles, of Marlow Road, Southall, Middlesex, and Mr. John Coles of Shakespeare Road, Acton, W., sought dissolution of the marriage.

Mr. Justice Bucknill said that after the couple had gone to live at the house of a widower, Mr. Young, a man of more culture than Mr. Coles, Mrs. Coles began to find fault with her husband and made him thoroughly miserable until ultimately, at the age of 65, he walked out of the house.

His lordship held that Mr. Coles had cause to leave Mr. Young's house. He was unable however, to find desertion by husband or wife.

BOMBED HOSPITAL SHIPS

A statement made in London makes it clear that the two hospital ships reported to have been sunk by enemy bombing were lost in Dieppe harbour.

It is impossible to give the names of the ships or the exact date of their loss, but it is clear that they were flying Red Cross flags, and were painted the accepted white with a green band. It cannot be said whether they had wounded on board.

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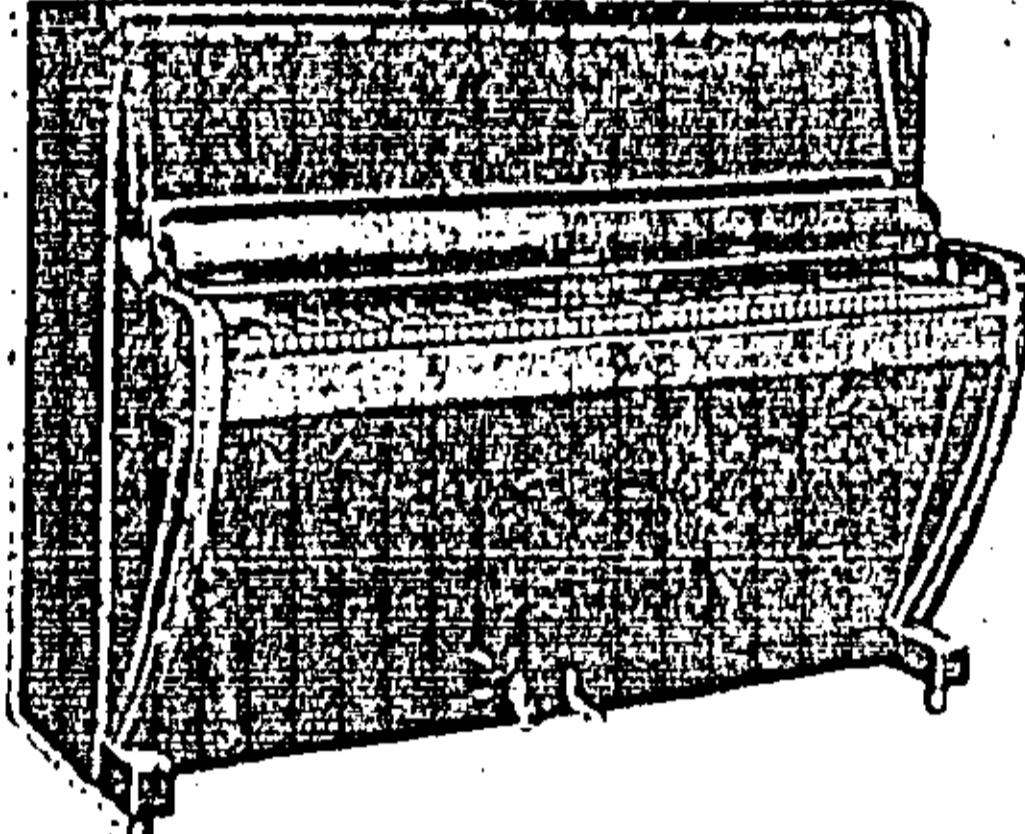
Oh grandmama!

THE tight frilled bodice and the flared crinoline skirt have come straight out of the old family album, but the figure is her own. Great grandmama could never have achieved this slim athletic line without the high-pressure help of a sturdy lady's maid, but she achieves it by watching her diet and her drinks. Her cocktail for example is always a "Ginlet" because she knows that the girl who insists on Rose's Lime Juice today avoids a headache and a Ruben contour tomorrow.



A WATSON'S PRODUCT.

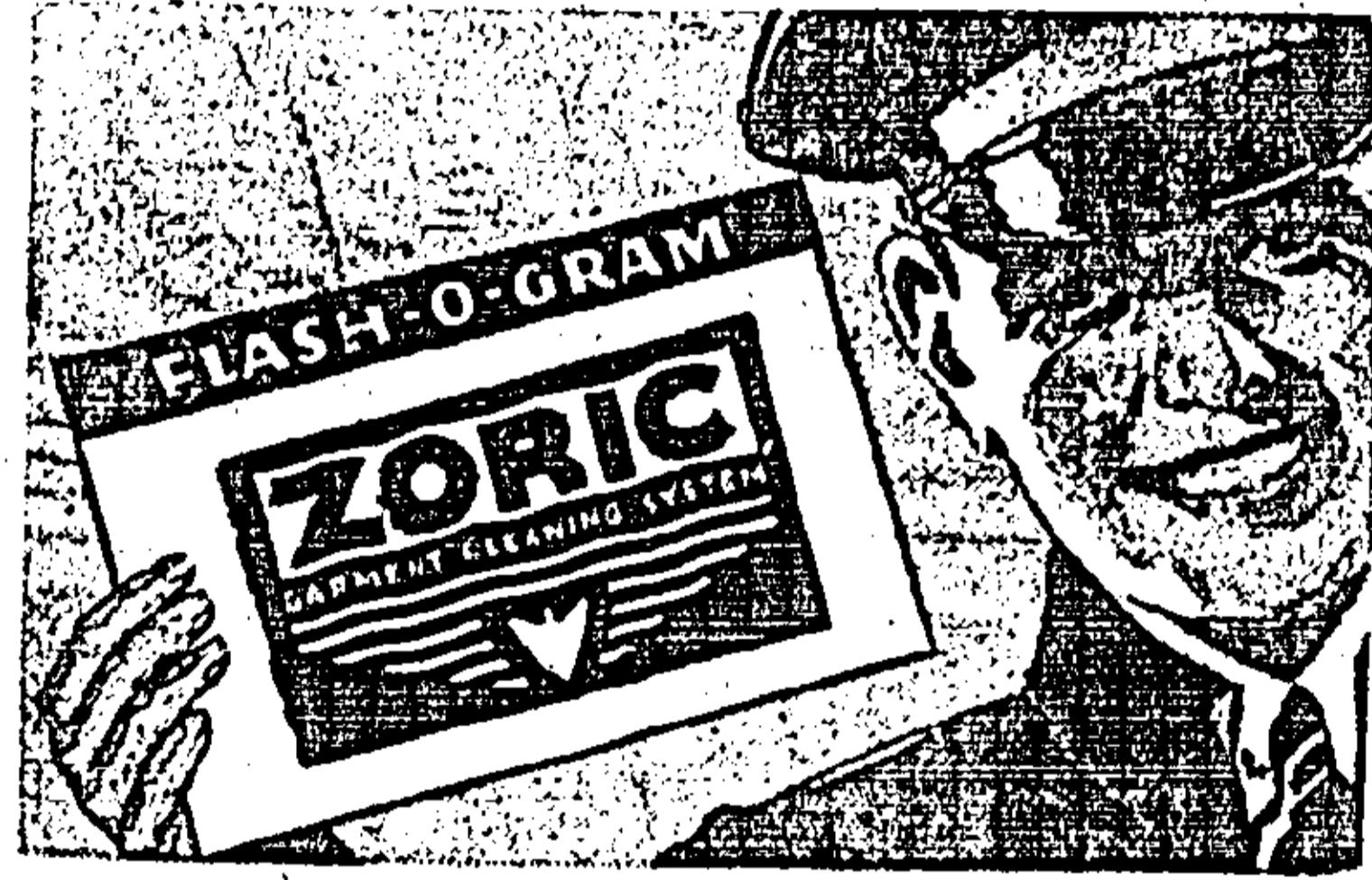
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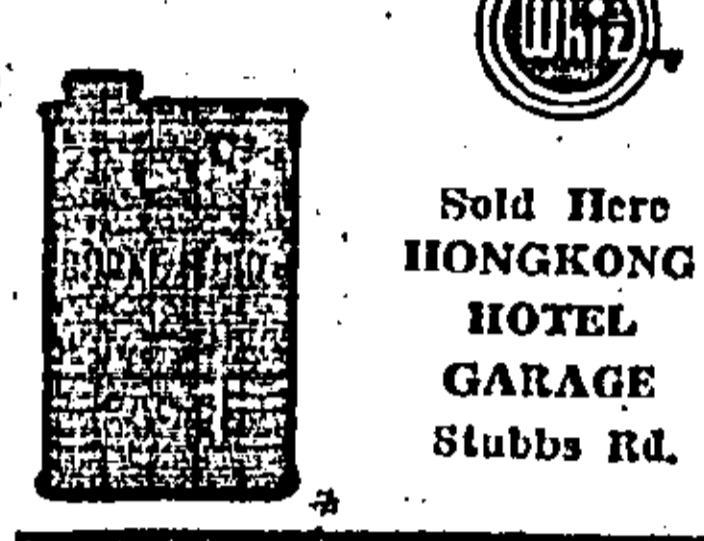
L.P.1

To make sure your automobile will
GO very important.

BUT...

To make sure it will STOP is even
more important.To have dependable brakes... to
know you will STOP regardless of
weather conditions... use
WHIZ NON-EVAPORATING
HYDRAULIC BRAKE FLUID.A high-quality, permanent fluid
that protects and preserves Hy-
draulic Brakes... Contains no
water or alcohol.WHIZ NON-EVAPORATING
HYDRAULIC BRAKE FLUID...
the sure way to know that you'll...

STOP.



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HOTEL
GARAGE
Stubbs Rd.

The
Hongkong Telegraph.

Tuesday, July 16, 1940.
Wyndham St., Hongkong

Telephone: 20015

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The Press

SOME of the functions of the Press in the Colonial Empire are of greater importance, perhaps, than is the case with Fleet Street journals. Articulation except through the columns of the local newspapers is more or less denied the people of the Colonies who, unlike self-governing States, have no political representatives to whom they can air their grievances. Although the primary function of newspapers throughout the British Empire is, unlike the newspapers in Totalitarian-governed countries, to disseminate the news without fear or favour, subject in war-time only to official and self-imposed censorship when necessity of State arises, there are other and equally important functions in the Colonies. A healthy sign of the fact that a democratic and free Press exists in Hongkong is given by the correspondence columns of our well-known morning contemporary and, to a lesser (but no less important) extent, in the two afternoon newspapers. In these columns, rickshaw coolies and millions have aired their grievances; repreves have been demanded and obtained for condemned men; government has deferred to public opinion; scandals have been remedied. In other words, the people have, through the medium of their free Press, become articulate.

To this extent the Press is unfettered. It can make known to Government the wishes and desires of the people. Government, unfortunately, does not reciprocate. The Press does not desire to become the instrument of Government—we can leave that to the Nazis and the Fascists—but it should be the instrument through which Government takes the people into its confidence.

In free countries it is not and cannot be, as Wickham Steed once pointed out, the business of newspapers merely to echo the views of a Government or to observe the reticence which officials impose upon themselves or believe to be due to the positions they hold.

In a famous Editorial of 90 years ago that has become a classical definition of the relations between the Press and the State, the London "Times" said:

"The first duty of the Press is to obtain the earliest and most correct intelligence of the events of the time, and instantly, by disclosing them, to make them the common property of the people. The statesman collects his information secretly and securely, and keeps back even the current intelligence which may be of value to him. The press, however, discloses it to the world, and it becomes a part of the knowledge and the history of our times. It is, daily and forever appealing to the enlightened force of public opinion, and it is, with a cautious eye, the information by which his actions and opinions are regulated."

"For us, with whom publicity and truth are the air and light of existence, there can be no greater disgrace than to recoil from the frank and accurate disclosure of facts as they are. We are bound to tell the truth as we find it, without fear of consequences—to lend no convenient shelter to acts of injustice and oppression, to expose them at once to the judgment of the world. The Press of England, standing as it now does, in the enjoyment of entire freedom, would grievously neglect its exalted privilege if it failed to speak as much as is due to the common interest of Europe. All they desire is equal confidence from the Government."

5th COLUMN
TECHNIQUE

SINCE the Blitzkrieg started even those governments which had hitherto buried their heads in the sand, have resolved upon measures against the "Quislings" and "Fifth Columns" in their midst.

Nevertheless, discussion of this thorny problem all the world over shows that not all countries yet realise the enormous scale of this "attack from within." Many newspapers are still asking how it could happen that, in a country where to all appearance Nazi supporters were extremely few, a whole number of leading persons, holding key positions in the state, were ready to perform acts of treachery on behalf of the German invaders.

The question can only be answered by those who have made a study of the technique of this Nazi "internal offensive." EVERY war has had its spies and traitors, but never before the days of Nazism did a government in time of peace attempt systematically and with the aid of gigantic machinery, to undermine the stability of every other country without exception. Yet this is what the Nazi regime has unremittingly been doing, since 1933.

The "German Secret Service," which hires these Quislings and sets these Fifth Columns to work, comprises more than Herr Himmler and his Gestapo. No doubt, Himmler and his assistants play a very big part in the undermining of other countries. Himmler is continually sending out armfuls of spies, agents, terrorists and wireless operators, concealed in every imaginable disguise.

He works in closest touch with the Secret service army; General Goebbels and Admiral Canaris, who, as in the last war, are again in charge of military espionage, receive all important instructions from the head of the Gestapo.

The Ministry for Foreign Affairs in Berlin also supports destructive measures against countries with which it has concluded treaties of friendship and non-aggression, and this, in a manner without parallel in history. It is an unwritten law that the heads of embassies and legations shall abstain from all illegal activities in

men to tell the statue of Liberty, and to mutter some formula of disingenuous acquiescence in foreign wrongs, dictated by their fears rather than by their convictions, but who come to us for our justification the day when the oppressed liberties of Europe will once more start into life and arm themselves under the standard to which we cling. For to what after all are the statesmen of England to lend their strength and national power, if injured and oppressed rights offend us, but to the enlightened resolution of the people of England to uphold the principles on which our own polity and independence are founded?"

It is hard to realise that the "Times" asked that question ninety years ago. It applies even more forcibly to-day.

In Hongkong, the desire of the Press to be free and untrammeled, in wartime—and it applies also to London newspapers—was dictated by circumstances which would not arise in times of peace. Nevertheless, the public, even in war, has a right to certain information which is sometimes held. To-day, the one subject upon which light should shed is the Evacuation.

The Press realises the difficulties with which the authorities in Hongkong are faced. But the people are faced with equal difficulties which can be alleviated to some extent by frankness.

Unlike the Army and Navy, who have Press liaison officers in Hongkong, there is no person to whom the newspapers can turn for information from the Government except the "Times" said:

"The first duty of the Press is to obtain the earliest and most correct intelligence of the events of the time, and instantly, by disclosing them, to make them the common property of the people. The statesman collects his information secretly and securely, and keeps back even the current intelligence which may be of value to him. The press, however, discloses it to the world, and it becomes a part of the knowledge and the history of our times. It is, daily and forever appealing to the enlightened force of public opinion, and it is, with a cautious eye, the information by which his actions and opinions are regulated."

FUNNY SIDE UP
By Abner Dean

"But they forgot to teach us the most important thing... how do you tell married men from single ones?"

Eye-witness in
POLAND

The following article is penned by an American woman who set herself the task of observing European events independently. Her observations differ in two respects from the usual newspaper reports. Neither battles nor important diplomatic and economic activities form the objects of her observations; her concern is with the fate of "single individuals." "I don't belong to any political party," declares Virginia N. Matthews, "but I belong to the world party of women and mothers. I am their envoy. To them above all my reports are addressed."

Only when the war is over and the world returns to normal conditions again will it be possible to reveal particulars of the life of the courageous woman who gave up an established position in the U.S.A. and placed herself at the disposal of an international charitable organisation engaged in welfare work for sufferers and persecuted people in Europe. She will send reports to her fellow country-women under the above nom de guerre. Virginia N. Matthews' voice is not that of an individual woman; it is the eternal motherly instinct for truth and justice which cries out from her words.

IN certain parts of Europe it is not enough to possess a passport and a visa in order to enter a particular country and be allowed to move freely about.

Visitors from neutral countries in Germany must obtain a special permit to enter the "Protectorate" of Czechoslovakia or conquered Poland. And within Poland there is a district which is as inaccessible as if it were surrounded by a Chinese wall: the Jewish reservation of Lublin.

Even international social workers are often refused permission to visit Lublin without any ground for such refusal being given. After filling in innumerable forms, and close questioning by officials in Warsaw, my application for a permit to travel to Lublin was, after two attempts, finally granted. It was accompanied by a warning of typhoid and dysentery in Lublin which was not altogether new to me.

In normal times the hundred miles to Lublin, which lies south-east from Warsaw, may be covered in two hours. Travelling in our small car over bad roads, and frequently being stopped by police officials, it took us ten hours to reach our destination.

IT was already dark when we arrived in the old city of Lublin, going through the narrow crooked streets in a death-like stillness.

For the three of us a small room with one bed and a deck-chair was ready in a shabby hotel. Evidently we were to be well looked after for in present day Lublin many people are usually crowded together in one room, often without bed.

Families live in old railway carriages, or in hastily erected huts built of wood and cardboard, or in tents. The National Socialist Government declared Lublin (that is to say the city and a part of the former province of the same name) a Jewish reservation, and sends Jewish men, women and children to it from western Poland, and from Germany, Austria and Czechoslovakia.

Apart from a few prosperous textile manufacturers, great poverty reigns in the district which even in former times was thickly populated. Jews have always formed a great percentage of the population in this part of Poland. They were engaged in the grain and cattle trade and live for the most part in penury. The war and the enormous increase in population by several hundred thousand people has increased poverty to an unimaginable degree. Whoever contrived to get a meal of potatoes or beetroot was lucky. Each trainload of human-beings arriving

whoever came near the door while the train stopped at a station or asked too insistently for drinking water was shot by the S.A. guards. Those who complained or grumbled were beaten with the butts of rifles. Some of those unfortunate succeeded in cutting the reins of their wrists.

Seventy-two people, owing to hunger, thirst, cold and fright, were reduced to such a state of exhaustion that they were left, when the trucks had to be changed, lying on a snow-covered field. Little

Turn to Page 2, Second Column

PERT NOTE TO THE JAPANESE

S'hai Embassy Files Strong Protest

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"

SHANGHAI, July 16, (UP).—The British Embassy has issued the following statement regarding the Japanese notification of operations at Wenchow, Ningpo, Santiao and Foochow: "The British authorities consider that the Japanese authorities' notice is inadequate. The Japanese authorities must assume full responsibility for any loss or damage suffered by British ships in consequence of the Japanese operations."

"The British authorities also protest against the inclusion of number of important typhoon anchorages in the areas mentioned in the Japanese announcement. The typhoon season is now in progress and it may be essential for ships to take refuge at these recognized anchorages. The Japanese authorities will, therefore, also be held responsible for any loss or damage to British ships resulting from typhoons which may occur while ships are unable to take to the white ships."

PEACE IN CHINA

→ FROM PAGE ONE

suggestions that China, resisting manfully for three years, should make peace when Japan is obviously weakened, thus discarding all that has been sacrificed during the three years.

These quarters are asking that when the Governor said, "Britain is forced to make every sacrifice to gain victory over Germany," did he mean that China would be one of the sacrifices because Japan threatens to embarras Britain in the Far East?

Regarding the suggestion that a large-scale settlement would not damage Chinese interests, it is asked: "Can Britain secure the evacuation of the Japanese from China?"

The answer is obviously in the negative these circles add.

Finally they declare that it is obviously better to assist a friendly power to continue to fight aggression than to return to a policy of appeasement towards aggressors.

Many Americans are again commenting that Britain in the Far East is "doing another Munich."

CHUNGKING INDIGNANT

→ FROM PAGE ONE

tral Daily News," official organ of the Chinese Government, declared:

"From the standpoint of International Law, Britain is a neutral in the Sino-Japanese hostilities. Britain has no right to accept Japan's unreasonable demands. Japan has never declared war on China. Japan cannot enjoy the rights granted to belligerents under International Law."

"How can a neutral country grant to Japan rights which are not even permitted to belligerents under International Law?"

"From the standpoint of the League of Nations' Covenant and resolution, Britain has obligations not to increase the difficulties of China's resistance, and also to give every assistance to China."

"Britain is a treaty-respecting nation and denounces those nations not observing treaty obligations."

HAND GRENADE INJURES TEN

SHANGHAI, July 16 (Reuter).—At least ten persons, mostly pedestrians, were injured when a hand grenade was tossed into the offices of the well-known Chinese newspaper, the "Shun Pao" at 9.10 this morning. The injured included a proof reader and three janitors.

Several windows of the building were broken, but there was no other damage.

It is recalled that the general manager and staff of the "Shun Pao" are on Wang Ching-wel's published "black list".

STOCK MARKET REPORT

Hongkong Stock Exchange Official Summary issued yesterday says:

There were better enquiries in the market and although buyers have increased their offers scrip is not forthcoming in any quantity.

Buyers

Watsons \$7.60

Sales

H.K. Banks \$1.50

Docks (Old) \$14/14/14.50

Providents \$3.50

Hotels \$3.40

China Lights (Old) \$4.00

Electrics \$35.25

Mischiefous French Lies

Statement By British Admiralty

LONDON, July 15 (Reuter).—A statement alleged to have been issued by the French Legation in Dublin last night is the subject of an Admiralty communiqué released to-day. This statement from the French Legation alleges among other things that after the signature of the armistice with Germany and Italy, the French Government was never approached by the British Foreign Office or Admiralty with regard to the future fate of the French Fleet and that no explanation was asked with regard to the interpretation of the armistice clause relating to the future of the Fleet.

This statement also alleged that when attacked none of the French ships at Oran was in a position to manoeuvre or fire.

Mischiefous Statement

The Admiralty communiqué issued to-day says that parts of this statement are so mischievous that it is considered desirable to make the following comment:

"(1) By the terms of the armistice, the French Fleet was to be taken, at ports under Italian or German control and demilitarised except in the German terms, "those ships necessary for watching the coast and mine-sweeping," and in the Italian terms, "except the units which the Italian or German Governments design for the protection of French colonial interests." Whatever the interpretation the French Government may have given to these terms, it was clear to the British Government that the Germans and Italians thereby provided themselves with excuses for keeping the whole French Fleet in a state of readiness for action against us when they wished.

The Oran Action

(2) Referring to the action at Oran, shortly after the arrival of the ships carrying the British proposals, the French warships began to prepare for sea and battle. Lengthy negotiations ensued and it was not until eight and a half hours after the French had opened fire. The French ships repelled within five minutes and not long after the French ships began moving out of the harbour. During the afternoon our aircraft were attacked by a total of 21 French aeroplanes.

(3) With regard to the Dublin statement regarding the torpedoing of a French light cruiser, the facts are that an Admiralty representative interviewed the head of a French naval mission on the night of July 5 and expressed the Admiralty's deep regret that the French light cruiser was sunk owing to the fact that instructions issued to submarines on completion of the operation of July 3 that French ships were no longer to be attacked had not reached one submarine.

The last action against ships at Mers-el-Kebir was on July 6 and at no time did any British aircraft fire on any sailors or civilians leaving disabled ships.

Following the refusal of the French Admiral at Dakar to accept any of the four alternatives offered him on July 7, action was taken on July 8 to prevent the Richelieu from falling into the hands of the enemy.

Assurances that instructions were given to stop all attacks on French ships were not given until July 12.

The communiqué concludes by describing the Dublin statement as inaccurate and misleading.

THE WAR FUND

Another Instalment Paid To Government

MORE CHINESE SUPPORT

A seventh instalment from the War Fund, inaugurated by the S. C. M. Post Ltd., was sent to the Hongkong Government yesterday for transmission to the Imperial Government. This instalment amounted to \$35,000. With further Chinese subscriptions yesterday, the Fund reached totals of \$243,326.10 and £2,630.19.0d.

The latest list of subscriptions is as follows:

(Anonymous)	20
Directors of the Po Leung Kuk:	200
Mr. Liu Po-tai	100
Mr. C. H. Wan	100
Mrs. Khong King-pho	100
Mr. Chong Man-tung	100
Mr. Lam Chik-suen	60
Dr. Lee Shiu-keo	100
Mr. A. Kung-po Chan	50
Mr. Chan Yuk-chuen	100
Mr. T. S. Hahn	100
Members of Staff of Hongkong Refugee Camp and Argyle Internment Camp	20

British Withdraw From Moyale

NAIROBI, July 16 (Reuter).—An official communiqué says: "Our garrison in British Moyale, which has been surrounded for the last five days, withdrew last night according to plan and without incident."

REFUGEE DUCHESS OF LUXEMBOURG DEPARTS

LISBON, July 15 (Reuter).—The Grand Duchess of Luxembourg and her husband, Prince Felix, left Lisbon to-day for America aboard the United States light cruiser, U.S.S. Trenton.

The United States destroyer Dickerson is escorting the Trenton.

M. Paul van Zeeland, former Belgian Prime Minister, also left for the United States in the clipper.

Tuesday, HONGKONG TELEGRAPH July 16, 1940.

Exchange At A Glance

SELLING	
T.T. London	1/2%
Demand London	1/2%
T.T. Shanghai	30%
T.T. Singapore	52%
T.T. Japan	.00
T.T. India	82%
T.T. U.S.A.	23%
T.T. Manila	40%
T.T. Batavia	43%
T.T. Bangkok	140%
T.T. Saigon	100
T.T. France	Nom.
T.T. Switzerland	101
T.T. Australia	1/6%

BUYING	
4 m/s L/C London	1/3%
4 m/s D/F London	1/3%
4 m/s L/C U.S.A.	24%
4 m/s France	Nom.
30 d/s India	84%
U.S. Cross rate in London	4.00%
U.S. Cross rate in N.Y.	3.84%

Talk Of Peace In China

Chungking Sceptical Of Rumours

CHUNGKING, July 15 (UP).

The broadcast made by Mr. S. W. Jones, Officer Administering the Government at Singapore, regarding Sino-Japanese peace apparently failed to receive serious attention from Chinese authorities or Chinese observers. Chinese officials pointed out that China fought three years for democratic goals which have been repeatedly announced by Generalissimo Chiang Kai-shek. Any conditions which are not in conformity to those announced goals will receive no consideration by Chungking.

"It would be impossible to make Chungking lay down her arms until China withdraws all her troops from Chinese soil," a spokesman said.

Chinese Manifesto

LONDON, July 15 (Reuter).—A manifesto issued at the close of the conference of the Kuomintang (Chinese Government Party) at Chungking re-affirms "the fixed national policy of carrying on the war without any thought of intermission until the enemy is driven from our soil," according to an official Chungking telegram received in London.

The manifesto proceeds to declare: "If Japan, having set out on her course of boundless and selfish ambition, is not checked, no other nation in the world will be able to preserve its rights and status in the Pacific and Indian Oceans.

"All countries in the world must recognise in Japan a common enemy, and consequently the close relation between our resistance and world peace."

"Our three years of resistance have caused the enemy's strength rapidly to decline."

"The foundation for our victory is stronger than ever. Henceforth we must intensify our political, economic and military struggle, acting with especial need for what the Generalissimo calls the 'militarisation of all conduct'."

Chinese Protest

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"

CHUNGKING, July 15 (UP).—The Chinese Government has lodged a very strong protest with the British Government upon learning that the latter, in response to the Japanese demands, is reported to have decided to suspend with a specific period of time, the transportation through Burma of certain kinds of supplies for this country. It is reliably reported that the Foreign Office pointed out that this action is illegal.

Officials of the British Embassy are reticent, merely saying that statements will be issued simultaneously at London and Tokyo very shortly.

CLAIM FOR LIGHTER

Successful Action In Supreme Court

Basing her action on two declarations concerning a lighter now at the Mongkok Typhoon Shelter and once a steamer from Canton, Yim Kwan-yuen obtained judgment in the Supreme Court before His Honour the Chief Justice, Sir Atholl MacGregor this morning. Defendant was cited as Lo Chung-man and he was absent from Court. Mr. D. J. N. Anderson, instructed by Mr. B. C. Hobbs, represented plaintiff.

Plaintiff's Claim

Mr. Anderson said that plaintiff's claim were for declarations that (a) he was entitled, as a partner in the partnership known as the Wong Tai Company, to the ownership, possession and control of the lighter "Dory" at present registered in the name of the defendant, Lo Chung-man, and (b) lying at the Mongkok Typhoon Shelter, Kowloon, (b) that the lighter "Dory" is and was at all material times, the property of the said partnership.

Mr. Anderson also said that there was a partnership between plaintiff, his brother, and Shui Shek-pui in August 1936 and the purpose of the partnership was for the purchase of a steamer in Canton. This purchase was carried out and the steamer was brought down to Hongkong with the intention of using it on a river service, but this did not materialise because of the Sino-Japanese war in 1937.

Sometime after 1937, Shui, without the consent of either the plaintiff or his brother, dismantled the ship and converted her into a lighter and as a result of this an action was brought against Shui. This action was successful. Two months before the action plaintiff's brother died.

Fictitious Sales

Continuing, Mr. Anderson said that it was discovered that the lighter had been licensed by certain Chui Chung-tong and presumably, there had been a sale, by Shui. At that time the name of the vessel was changed to the "Flying Dragon." Chui sold the lighter again to the present defendant for the sum of \$18,500 on March 15, 1939.

Mr. Anderson submitted that both these sales were fictitious in order to defeat the rights of the plaintiff. The name of the ship was changed to the "Dory" and again refitted.

After refit, it had been given by the plaintiff, and Mr. F. Brett, Chief Inspector of Junks, and by Yul Lui-chein, sole proprietor of the Kwong Shing Hing Shipyard, judgment was given to plaintiff on the two "de-clarations."

CLIPPER DUE TO-DAY

Beam Code Tapped On Bar Counter

Police Story

A MORSE code message tapped on a bar counter was mentioned at Folkestone police court recently.

"The Italian Government having recently issued a notice to the effect that within a limit of 30 miles from the Allied coast all merchant vessels bound for Allied ports will navigate at their risk and peril. His Majesty's Government regard themselves justified in taking similar action in respect of vessels navigating in the vicinity of Italian coasts."

"His Majesty's Government accordingly give notice to all vessels navigating within thirty miles of any Italian territory in the Mediterranean will do so at their own risk and peril."

Tapped Message

Detective Constable Bates said he saw the defendants and a man named Maxfield in an hotel bar and heard Roberts finish a sentence with the word "aircraft." Wagstaffe tapped a Morse code message with his fingers on the counter and Maxfield said he did not know what it was.

SING TAO SOCCER ELEVEN

**Leaving On Thursday:
Manila May Be Included:
Returning In September**

ARRANGEMENTS have now been completed for the tour of Malaya by the Sing Tao Sports Club and the team will leave on Thursday by the "Van Houtz" for Singapore where they will play their first game. From Singapore they will proceed to Kuala Lumpur, Ipoh, Penang, Malacca and Rangoon, from whence they will return to Singapore around the beginning of August.

Mr. Aw Hoe, Chairman of the Club, left the Colony sometime last month, going on ahead to prepare the way for the footballers.

If time and circumstances permit, and subject to the approval of the Philippines Amateur Athletic Association, the tourists propose to include Manila in their itinerary, and after playing a series of games there, return to Hongkong about the end of September in time for the League.

In this latter, Sing Tao intend entering two teams, one in the First and the other in the Second Division.

Attached are pen pictures of the players leaving on tour. Among those unable to travel are Tsang Chung-sun (former Eastern full back), and Leung Wing-chu (former South China right-half).

Mr. Lo G. Hin is Secretary of the team, with Mr. Chan Hung-chu Treasurer and Mr. Chiu Yun-nin the coach. Mr. Lo is a well-known sportsman of China, and was for many years holder of the breast-stroke records in the National swimming meets.

Aw Hoe, Manager, son of Mr. Aw Boon Haw, the International Philanthropist, General Manager of the Sing Tao Daily Press, Hongkong and Chairman of the Sing Tao Sports Club. Very keen sports promoter and popular in sports circles in Hongkong.

Lo G. Hin, Secretary, Sports Editor of the Sing Tao Daily Press. Ex-champion of China in swimming Breast Stroke.

Chan Hung-chu, Treasurer.

Young Wing-choy, Goalkeeper. Very prominent in Shanghai. Touring with the South China team last year. Outstanding goalkeeper in the Colony.

Siu Tim-ilm, Goalkeeper, once played for Chinese Athletic Assn. which won the Championship for three years in succession in Hongkong.

Lee Tin-sang, Full back, representative of China in the World Olympics in 1936. Played many times in the Far East Olympics and Hongkong Interports. London Newspaper commented that he had the style of a professional. Age 33 veteran but still energetic.

Lee Yung-sang, F. B., 23; a young and promising player. Toured with the South China team last year.

Maik Siu-hon, F. B., representative of the China team in the last World Olympics 1936. Member of the South China team, champions of Hongkong last season.

Soong Ling-sing, H. B., representative of China in the World Olympics in 1936. Outstanding pivot player. Young and promising.

Tsui Ah-fai, H. B., small but active, toured with South China last year. South Sea fans called him "Popper."

Tsui Ah-fai, H. B., representative of the China team in 1936 in the World Olympics.

Law Hing-choy, H. B., member of the South China team. Noted for healing ability.

Ip Pak-wah, F. left wing, repre-



Indian Test Cricketer Dead

LONDON, July 9 (Reuter).—Amar Singh, the Indian Test cricketer and Lancashire League player, has died at Rajkot, India, from pneumonia.

PIRATES AND DODGERS SPLIT DOUBLE-HEADER

NEW YORK, July 15 (UP).—Brooklyn Dodgers and the Pittsburgh Pirates split even in the only double header in the Major Baseball programme to-day. Dodgers won the opener 10-1, but lost the nightcap 3-4.

Scores were:

NATIONAL LEAGUE			
B	H	E	
Brooklyn	Wyatt, Phelps	10	17
Pittsburgh	1	10	1
Battery: Butcher, Langdon, Boucra, Davis			
Brooklyn	3	10	1
Battery: Frazee, Feltz, Tamulis, Man-			
C. C. Perelos overwhelmed J. Hoosen			
Pittsburgh	4	12	1
Battery: Kilinger, Lopez			
New York	5	15	1
Battery: Melton, Joiner, Lynn, Danning			
Chicago	5	7	2
Battery: French, Root, Passeau, Hart-			
Philadelphia	2	5	0
Battery: Pearson, S. 1, Johnson, A. 1, Miller, Miller			
Cincinnati	3	10	1
Battery: Walters, Lombardi, Hersh-			
AMERICAN LEAGUE			
Chicago	3	7	0
Battery: E. Smith, Appleton, Tresch			
New York	2	9	0
Battery: Breuer, Murphy, Rosar, Dickey			
St. Louis	6	10	1
Battery: Auker, Lawson, Cox, Blidell, Swift			
Boston	10	15	1
Battery: Nash, Heving, Peacock			
Cleveland	6	7	1
Battery: Milner, Andrews, Humphries, Naymick, Hemmick			
Washington	8	11	1
Battery: Hudson, Ferrell			
Detroit	0	10	1
Battery: Newhouser, Trout, Tebbetts			
Philadelphia	12	2	2
Battery: Heuaser, Heese, Moye			

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TO-DAY'S FIXTURES

"B" Division Tennis

The following is the "B" Division tennis programme for to-day:

Army v. Civil Service
Chinese R.C. v. Recreio
Kowloon Tong v. Craigengower
Kowloon C.C. v. Hongkong C.C.
Indian R.C. v. South China

Another "A" Division Match Played

Only one "A" Division tennis match was played yesterday, the South China A. beat the Club de Recreio 5-4. For Recreio, A. V. Remedios and J. B. Gonsalves won all three of their sets, the other being won by A. V. Gonsalves and W. A. Reed.

The scores were:
C. F. Lui and K. H. Ip lost to A. V. Gonsalves and W. A. Reed 2-0; beat C. A. Barreto and B. T. Gonsalves 6-2; lost to A. V. Remedios and J. B. Gonsalves 6-7. Chan and J. Hui beat Gonsalves and Reed 6-3; beat Barreto and Gonsalves 6-4; lost to Remedios and Gonsalves 6-4; beat Barreto and Gonsalves 6-1; lost to Remedios and Gonsalves 6-0.

AT CRAIGENGOWER

A. Morton and H. J. Bicknell v. D. Munro and R. Main.

W. J. Burling and M. N. Rakusen v. Y. H. Tang and J. N. Wong.

Bowls Pairs Schedule

The following are the Pairs Championship matches for to-day:

AT KOWLOON C.C.
C. M. Silva and F. X. Soares v. W. F. Field and V. Chittenden.

W. Hong Sling and L. C. R. Souza v. P. A. Peckham and W. McNeill.

AT RECREIO

C. Dowman and F. C. Channing v. D. Evans and R. Hall.

T. Coleman and R. Ferguson v. W. Simpson and P. Youngusband.

W. Harrower and H. L. Lockhart v. E. W. Simmonds and F. C. Goodwin.

AT KOWLOON F.C.

K. F. Suffield and M. R. Abbas v. R. Williamson and C. S. M. Thom.

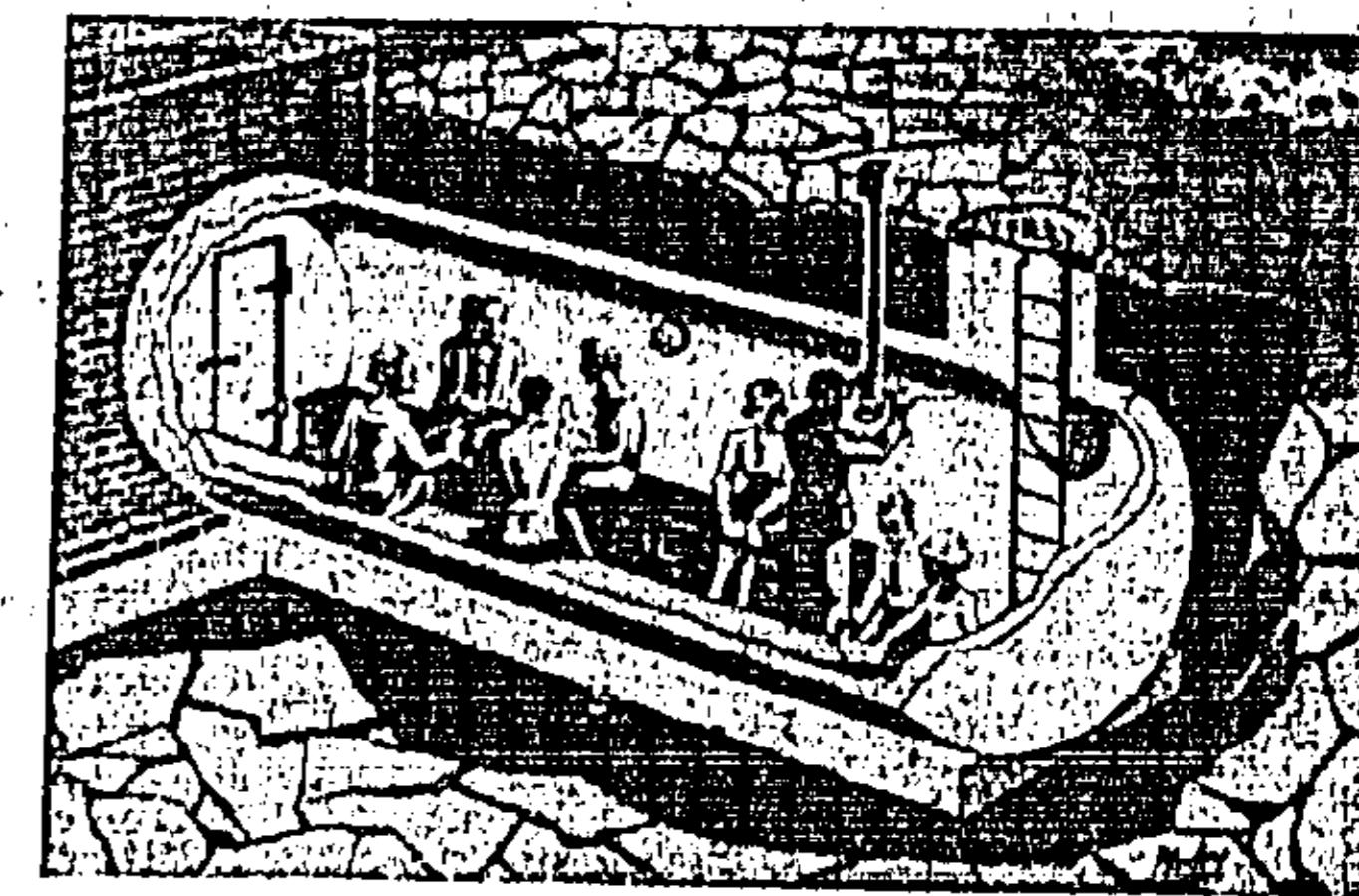
J. G. Meyer and G. W. Deacon v. R. Morrison and J. McElveen.

AT CRAIGENGOWER

A. Morton and H. J. Bicknell v. D. Munro and R. Main.

W. J. Burling and M. N. Rakusen v. Y. H. Tang and J. N. Wong.

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NANCY

By Ernie Bushmiller



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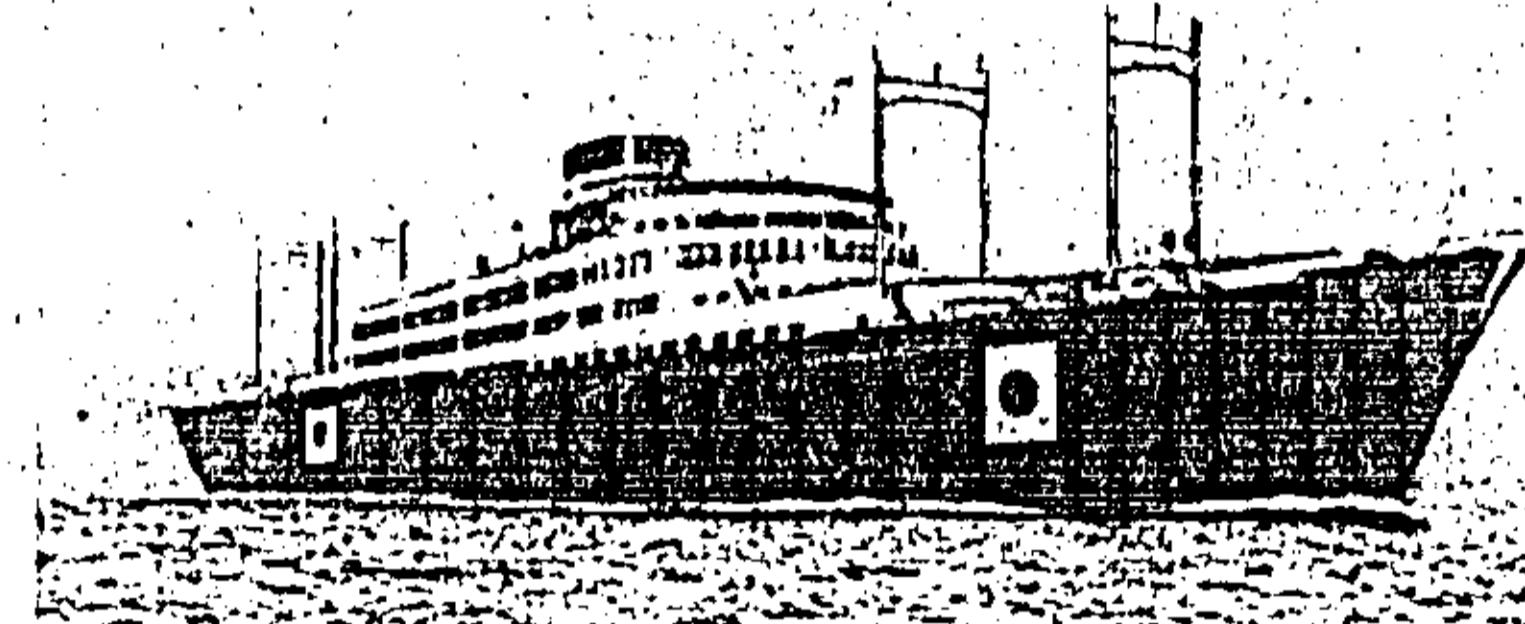
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MILK OF MAGNESIA

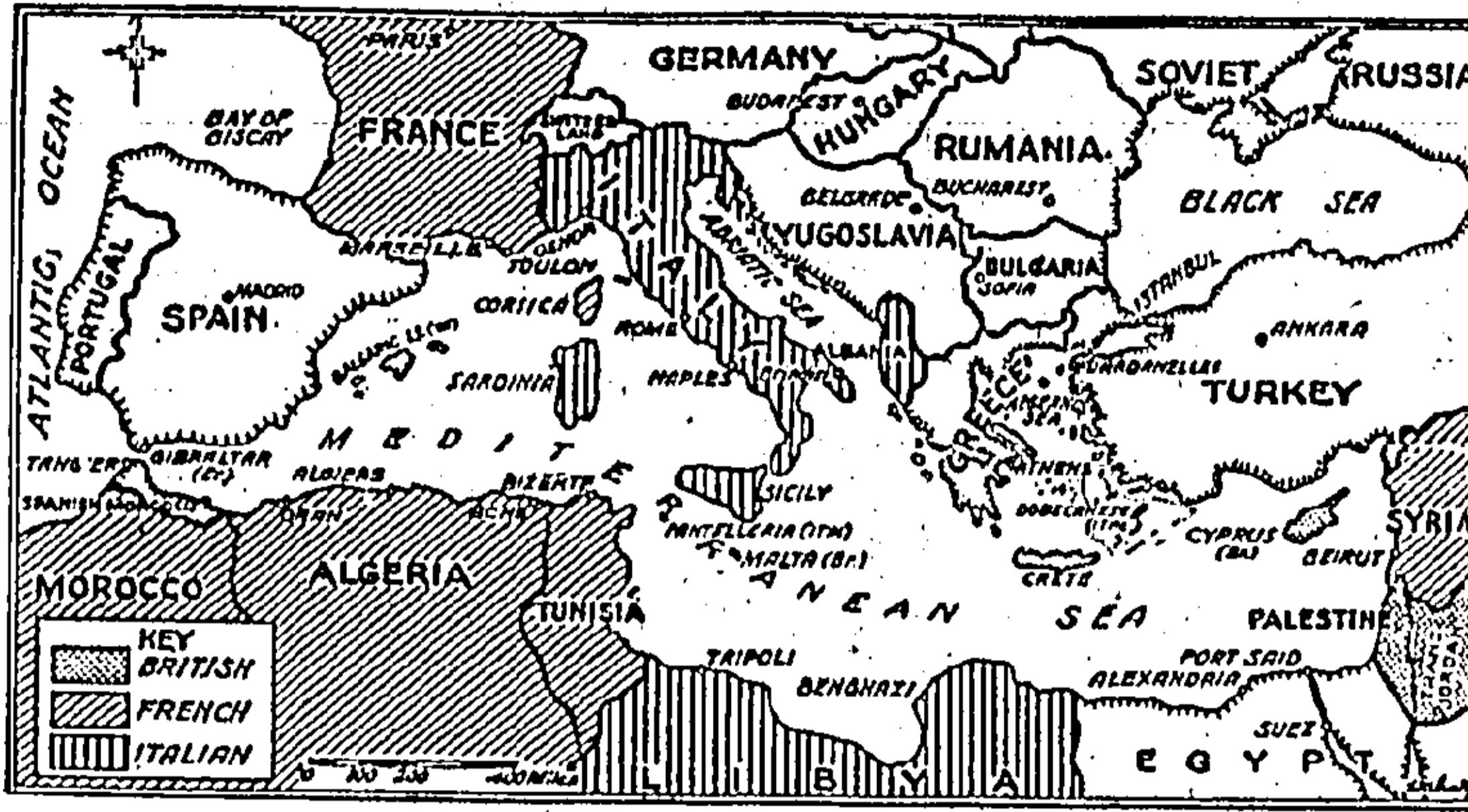
JAPAN \longleftrightarrow EAST & SOUTH AFRICA \longleftrightarrow SOUTH AMERICA



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ITALY AND HER NEIGHBOURS—Assertion by Mussolini that Switzerland, Turkey, Yugoslavia, Greece and Egypt would not be embroiled in war if they maintained their neutrality, has been received with scepticism, as a result of Italy's entry into the war. British possessions in the Mediterranean and North Africa as shown on this map are the chief points of Italian attack.

EAST INDIA'S WAR GIFT

LONDON, July 15 (Reuter).—A cheque for £55,000 from the East India Fund for British War Services was handed over in a hangar or an R.A.F. Fighter Squadron to-day as the first payment towards an East India Fund flight of Spitfires.

Sir Alexander Murray, who presented the cheque to Capt. H. H. Balfour, the Under-Secretary for Air, said the money had been collected from all classes of the community in Calcutta, Bengal and elsewhere in East India.

ITALIANS WILL DO DIRTY WORK

LONDON, July 15 (Reuter).—Seven hundred Italian workmen—the first contingent of 20,000 Italian industrial workers to be sent to Germany under an agreement between the German and Italian labour authorities—are expected in Munich on Wednesday, says the official German news agency.

From there they will be distributed among the industrial districts of the Reich.

Ship's Engineer Missing

Police stations throughout the Colony last night received the description of a European marine engineer who has been missing from his ship—a Blue Funnel liner—since Sunday.

The man's name is Douglas Haig. He left the ship on Sunday and should have been aboard again the same evening. Nothing has since been heard from him.

The vessel is due to depart this morning.

Adolf Talks Too Much

Puerile Propaganda About Blitzkrieg

LONDON, July 15 (Reuter).—The German propaganda machine is now heavily engaged in propaganda about the coming Blitzkrieg on England.

Some of it is for home consumption, the rest being apparently intended to make Britons shiver in their boots.

This line, with Marshal Goering's technique of the sword of Damocles, was used to some effect against other countries.

A Berlin authority is reported to have said, "This will be Britain's last quiet week-end."

"We Do Hope It is True"

The latest propaganda story consists of a report attributed to neutrals stating that Hitler has chosen Saturday, July 27, for his triumphal entry into Berlin after the occupation of London.

It is stated that many windows lining the route have already been let.

In an inspired statement, the Daventry news commentator, who reported this to-night, said: "This is the kind of story that cheers us immensely. We do hope it is true."

QUEZON WANTS MORE POWER

MANILA, July 16 (Reuter).—President Quezon, in special message to the National Assembly of the Philippines, has requested sweeping powers for himself, including the right to commandeer the services of any Filipino citizen in order to meet the serious economic problems resulting from the European war.

President Quezon said that European trade has virtually stopped and that export prices, in some cases, are below production costs.

KING & NARVIK HEROES

LONDON, July 15 (Reuter).—His Majesty the King to-day spoke to four men who have been decorated for their valour.

They were two corporals and two privates of the famous Irish Guards. The King chatted with them in the course of his inspection as Colonel-in-Chief.

This battalion at Narvik has now been reformed.

The King later saw recruits being taught to fire machine-guns and stood at the butts and watched newly trained men firing with amazing accuracy at fixed targets.

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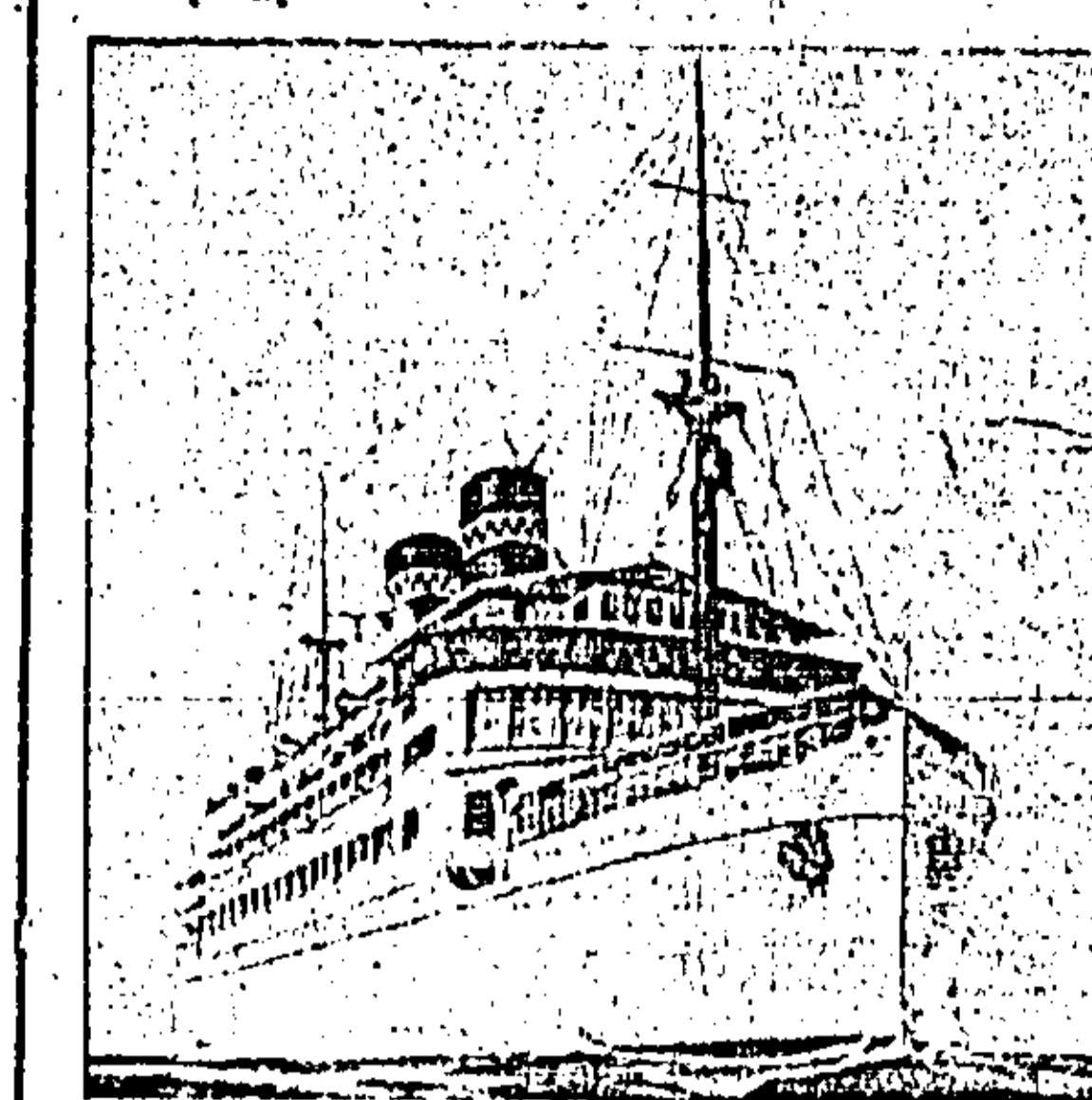


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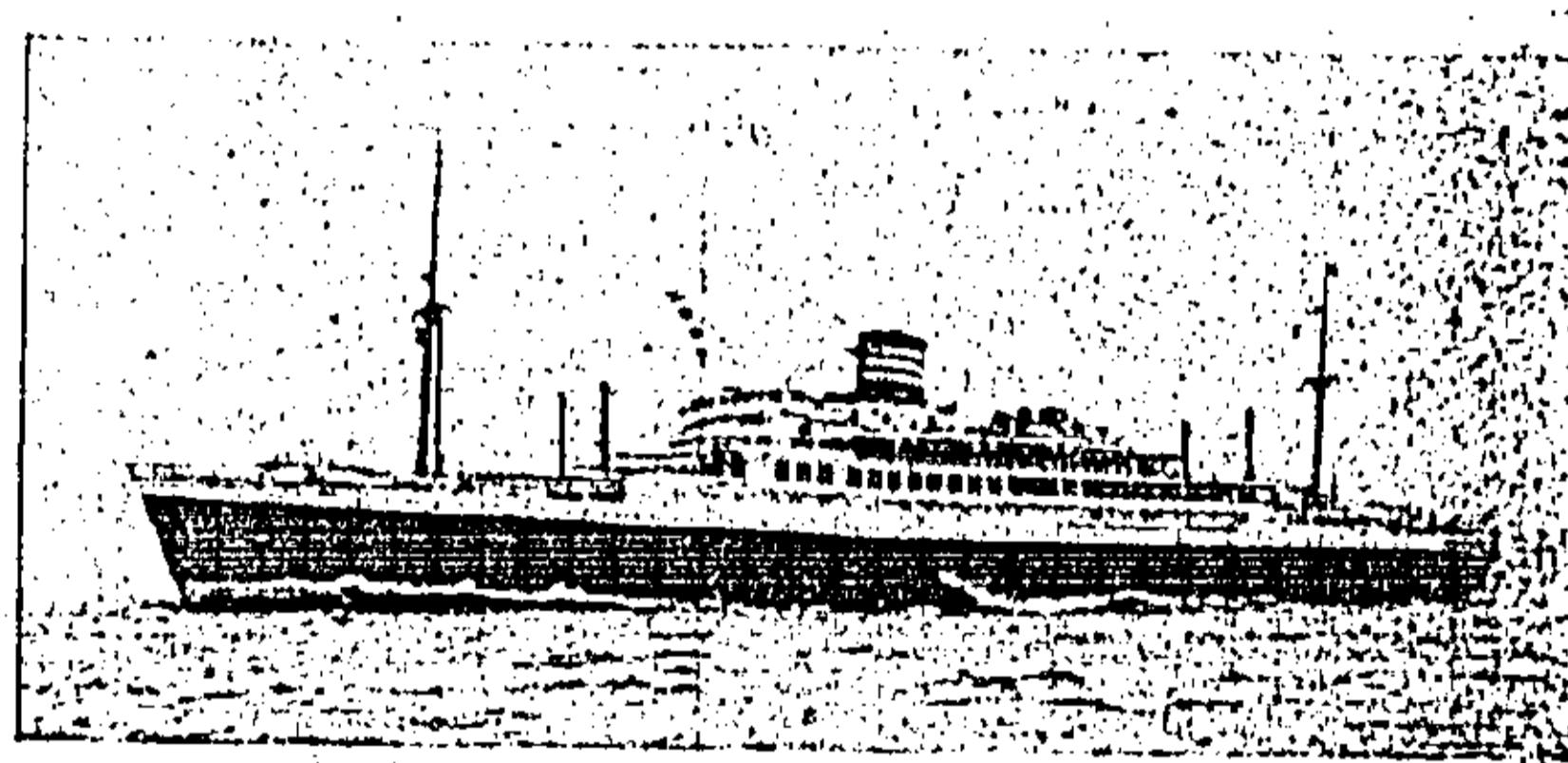
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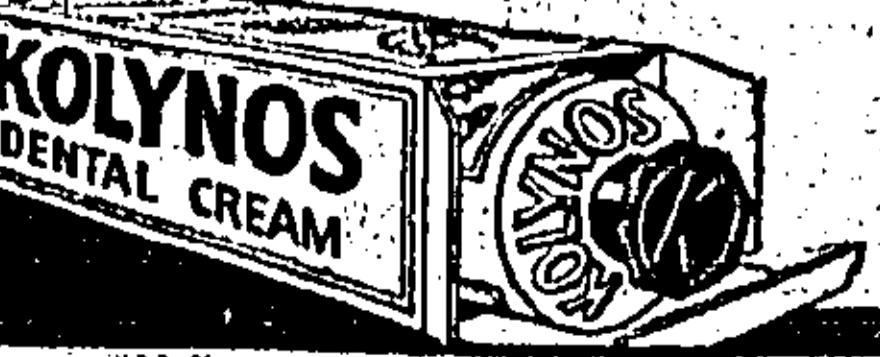
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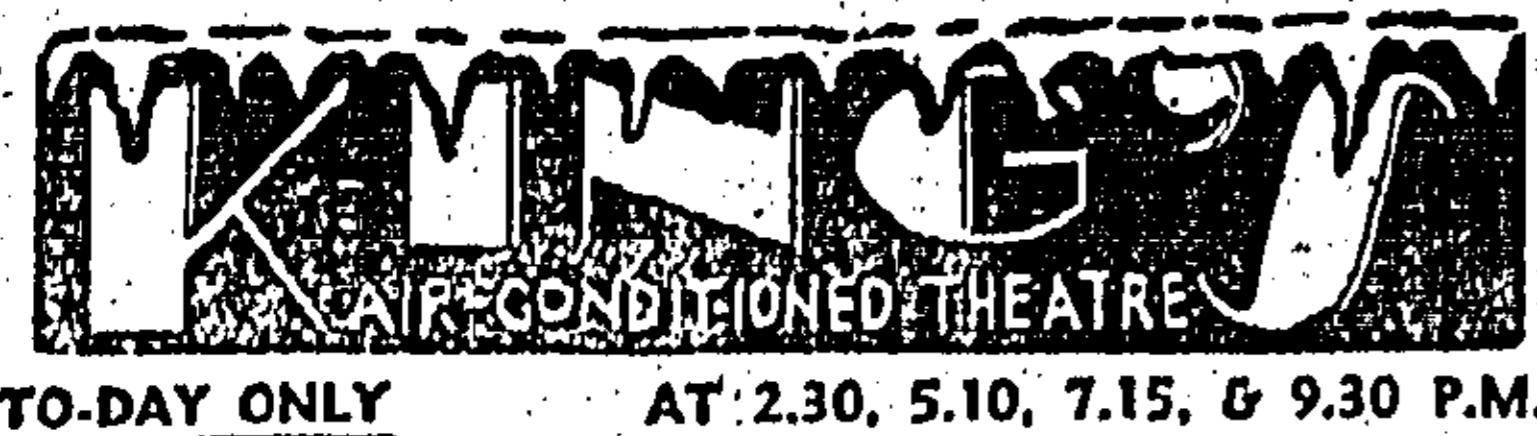
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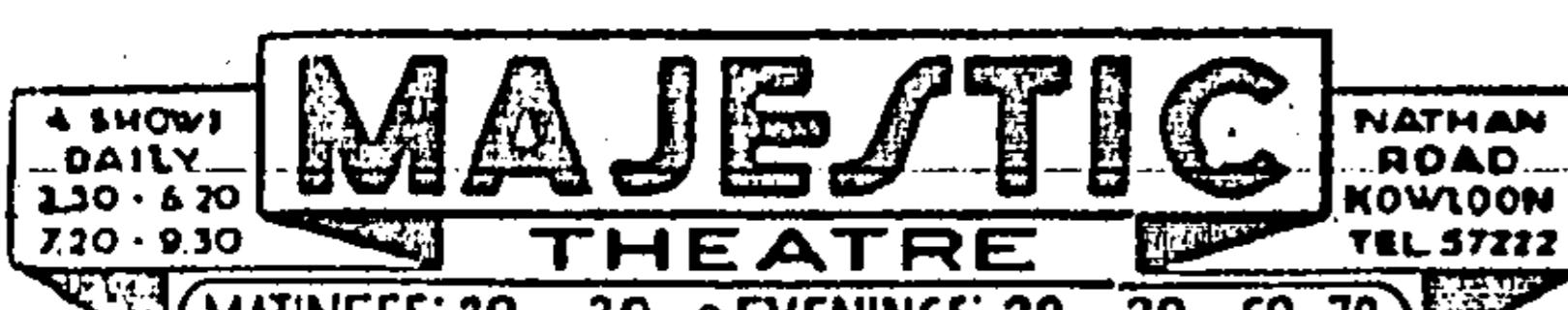


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ANN SHERIDAN and THE "DEAD-END" KIDS
"THE ANGELS WASH THEIR FACES"
A Warner Bros. Thrilling Comedy-Drama.

Peer Wants The Whole B.B.C. Personnel Scrutinised

AT LEAST ONE SHOULD NOT HOLD JOB, HE SAYS

A DEMAND that the Government should investigate the personnel of the B.B.C. was made by Lord Elbink in the House of Lords recently.

He said that it would be the first institution that a Nazi invading force would try to take over, and steps should be taken to ensure that there was not a single individual for whom they could not vouch.

He added: "There is at least one individual whom I know in the B.B.C. in London who certainly should not occupy the position he does. I do not propose to name him here, but I shall give his name on a piece of paper to the Duke of Devonshire.

"He is married to a German lady whose brother is fighting against us." The Duke of Devonshire, Under-Secretary, India Office, replying to the debate announced that a considerable number of people of British nationality had been arrested during the morning.

"These people," he added, "have been arrested not because of the views they hold, but because of the danger that their organisations may be used for the execution of acts prejudicial to the State."

Danger Removed

He added that the clearing of aliens from the eastern portions of Britain had removed the danger of fifth Columnists co-operating with any German military plan of invasion. Scores and scores of the stories concerning Lord Haw Haw had been investigated, and there was no evidence of information being received from secret sources in this country.

After the arrest of Capt. Ramsay had been announced in the House of Commons, Mr. Maxton asked if he would be tried or charged with any specific offence. Sir John Anderson, Home Secretary, replied that, like others who had been detained under Regulation 18 B, he would have the right to make representations to the Advisory Committee set up to deal with such cases.

Further Action

Explaining why instructions were given for the detention of a number of persons under Regulation 18 B, as amended on Wednesday night, Sir John Anderson said this action had been taken because of the danger that the organisations of which the persons concerned were leading members might be used in the execution of acts prejudicial to the security of the State.

"It is not to be assumed," he added, "that the action taken this morning under these new powers represents finality. Further action must and will be taken as circumstances develop." Mr. Geoffrey Mander (Lib., Wolverhampton) asked if the Home Secretary was aware that the British Council for Christian Settlement had as secretary Mr. John Beckett, who was associated before the war as co-worker with William Joyce, better known as Lord Haw-Haw.

Sir John replied that he would bear that in mind.

167 I.R.A. Expulsions

He announced that under the Prevention of Violence Act, orders had been made for the expulsion of 167 I.R.A. members.

On the internment of women aliens, he said: "hitherto he had not felt it necessary to order their wholesale internment, but he had not hesitated to intern individual German or Australian women, where there were grounds for suspecting their attitude towards this country."

Section 18 B of the old Defence Regulations provided for detention of people of hostile origin or associations, or who had recently been concerned in acts prejudicial to

public safety or defence of realm or in the preparation or instigation of such acts. People detained who have grievances about their detention can appeal to the Advisory Committee set up by the Home Secretary. Last night's amendment empowers detention of members of organisations which have had association with the enemy or are subject to foreign influence or control."

Wodehouse Stranded

MR. P. G. WODEHOUSE, the author, and his wife are among the colony of English people living at Le Touquet who have been unable to escape the advance of the German mechanised forces.

They have been cut off from England for the time being and are presumably still living at their villa where they were spending a short holiday.

Their daughter, Mrs. Peter Cazalet, wife of the amateur jockey, told the *Sunday Dispatch*: "I received a letter yesterday which my father had written on Tuesday. He said that things were awkward, but he hoped to get away."

BOY MOTHERED FIVE CHILDREN

THE parents of a 12-year-old boy who had to "father and mother" five younger children were jailed by Folkestone magistrates recently.

Sentences of three months' hard labour was passed on William Henry Elliott, a theatre attendant, of Shiel-Dorset-street, and his wife, Eleanor Elliott.

They were accused of neglecting their six children—two boys and four girls.

Mr. E. E. Chitty, prosecuting for the N.S.P.C.C., said the mother left home last February.

The father worked from 8 a.m. to 1 p.m. and from 5.30 to 11.

While he was out he delegated nearly all the household duties to the eldest boy.

"The boy had to be father and

mother, getting the children's breakfasts and putting them to bed at night," said Mr. Chitty.

"None of these children, except this boy, had been out of the house for many weeks, except to go into the little back yard."

Dr. A. Pearlman said all the children, except the two boys, were barefooted.

The Chairman, Dr. F. Wolverson, said: "I have had 45 years' experience of this sort of case, and I don't remember anything worse."

"It is almost unimaginable that these children should have been left under conditions like those described."

168 Forged Petrol Coupons in Jacket - Police Allegation

CHARGES of forging petrol coupons were preferred against three men who were committed for trial at Clerkenwell recently.

Cecil Edwin Wheately (40), director of Alexandra Avenue, Harrow, and Edward Mitcham (33), printer, of Pixton Road, St. Albans, were charged with forging a petrol coupon with intent to defraud.

Leonard Barrett (30), parquet-floor layer, of Caven Mansions, Holloway, was charged with lending the other two accused a petrol coupon and allowing it to be used by them.

Mr. Lawson Walton, prosecuting, said that on May 8 Wheatley and Mitcham were seen by police officers in an A.R.P. hut. The officers found in a pocket of a jacket that Mitcham had 168 petrol coupons, all of which bore the same serial number.

The two men made statements in which said Mr. Walton, they confessed the whole offence.

Officers saw Barrettta. A book of petrol coupons was issued to him with the serial number found on the coupons in Mitcham's jacket. When charged he said: "I did lend Mitcham my coupon."

DAMMING RIVERS

London, July 16. The Chairman of the Thames Conservancy board stated to-day that 35 employees were engaged for the War Office in the work of damming up "certain rivers in a certain place." —Reuter.

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H.K. Stock Market

The following quotations were issued on the Hongkong Stock Market this morning.

BANKS

H.K. Banks \$1,150 b. & ss.

H.K. Banks (Lon. Reg.) £.63 n.

H.K. Banks (H.K. Reg.) £.65 n.

Chartered £.67 n.

Mercantile, A. & B. £.281/4 n.

Mercantile, C. £.112/4 n.

East Asia \$1.73 n.

INSURANCES

Canton \$218 n.

Union \$325 b.

China Underwriters \$100 cts. n.

H.K. FIRE

SHIPPING

Douglas \$120 n.

Steamboats \$11 n.

Indo-China P. \$100 n.

Indo-China D. \$80 n.

Shell (Bentley) \$33/8 n.

Watertown \$6.00 n.

DOCKS ETC.

Wharves \$95 n.

Docks (old) \$141/4 n.

Docks (new) \$14 n.

Providents \$31/4 n.

Sh. Docks Sh. \$23 n.

MINING

Kulan 15/8 n.

Raubs \$0.55 n.

H.K. Mines 5 cts. n.

LANDS

Hotels 340 sa.

Lands \$203/4 n.

Lands 47% Debutures 100 n.

Sh. Lands Sh. \$11 n.

Humphreys \$8 n.

H.K. Realities \$31/2 n.

Chinese Estates \$104/2 n.

UTILITIES

Trams \$14.20 b.

Peak Trams (old) \$7.40 n.

Peak Trams (new) \$3.70 n.

Star Ferries \$60 n.

Y. Ferries \$22 n.

China Lights (old) \$4.40 n.

China Lights (new) \$3.05 n.

H.K. Electrics (old) \$35/4 n.

H.K. Electrics (new) \$33/4 n.

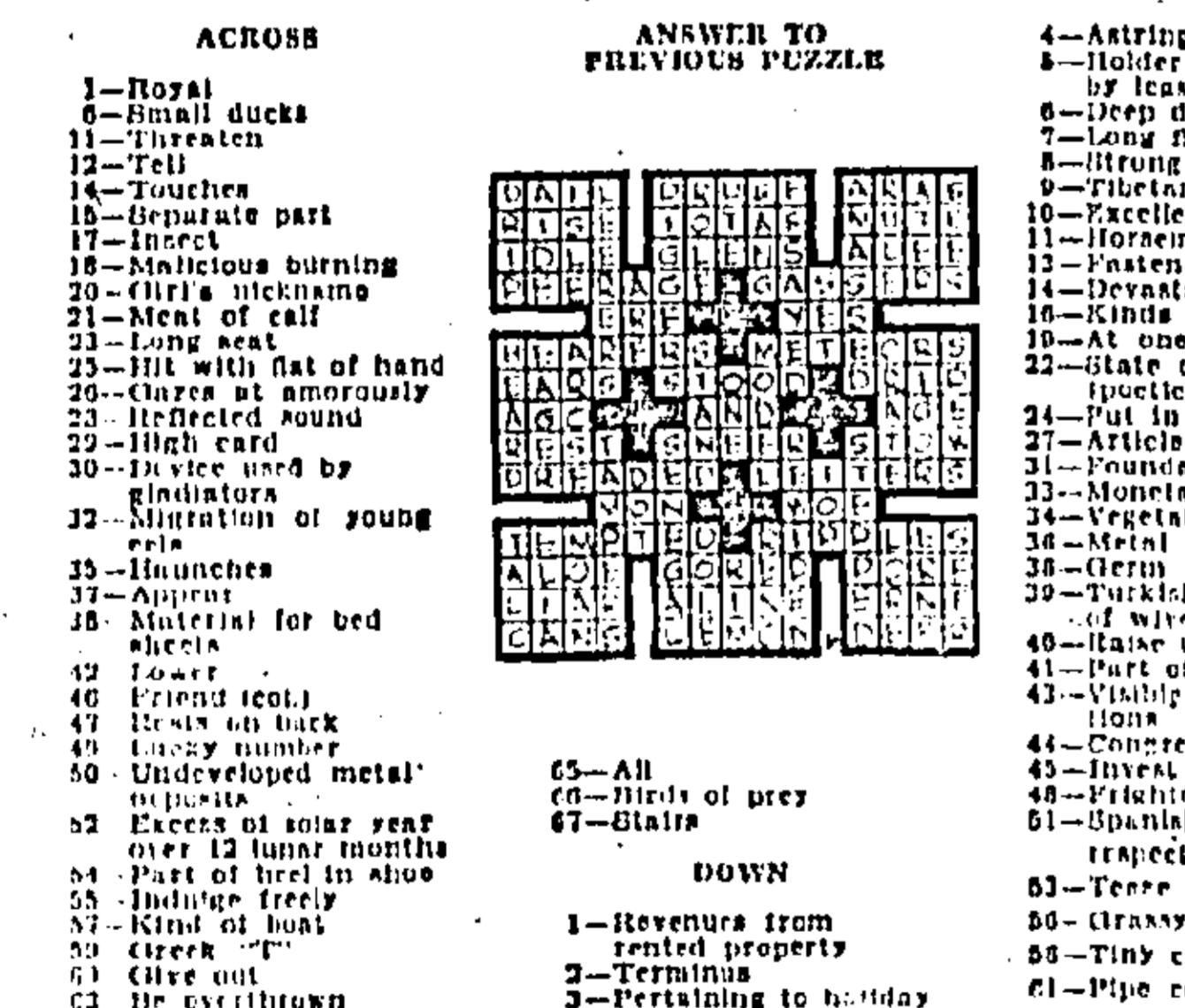
Macau Electrics (old) \$17 n.

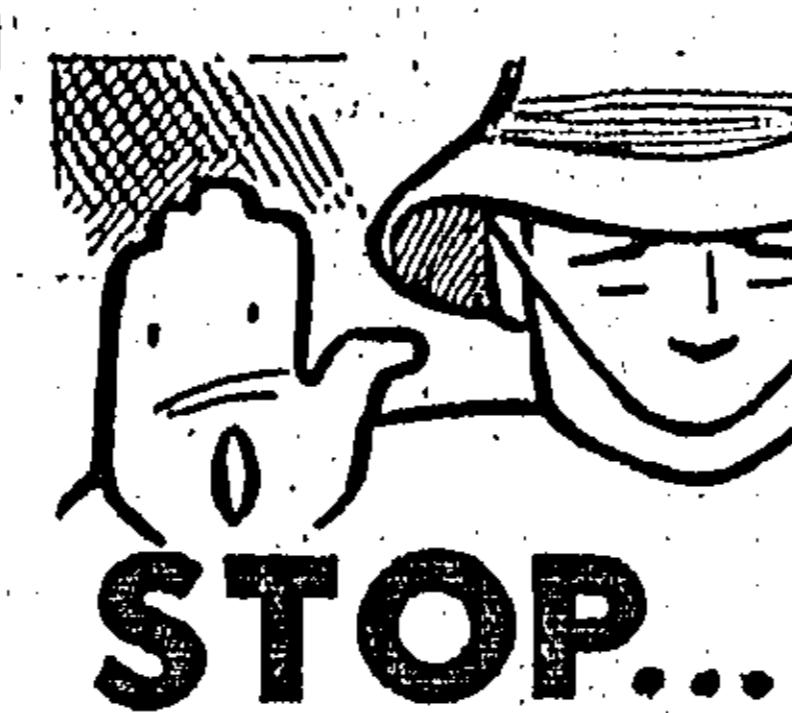
Macau Electrics (new) \$10 n.

Sandakan Lights \$11/4 n.

Crossword Puzzle

By LARS MORRIS





STOP...

To make sure your automobile will GO is very important.

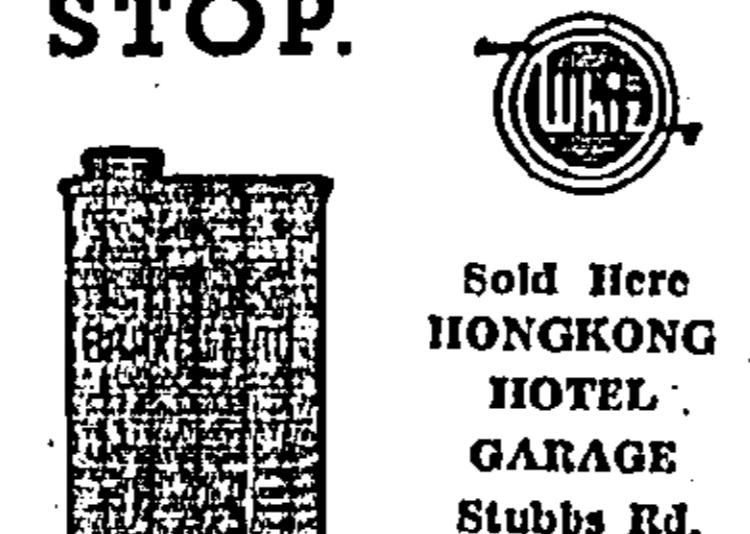
BUT...

To make sure it will STOP is even more important.

To have dependable brakes... to know you will STOP regardless of weather conditions... use WHIZ NON-EVAPORATING HYDRAULIC BRAKE FLUID.

A high-quality, permanent fluid that protects and preserves Hydraulic Brakes... Contains no water or alcohol.

WHIZ NON-EVAPORATING HYDRAULIC BRAKE FLUID... the sure way to know that you'll... STOP.

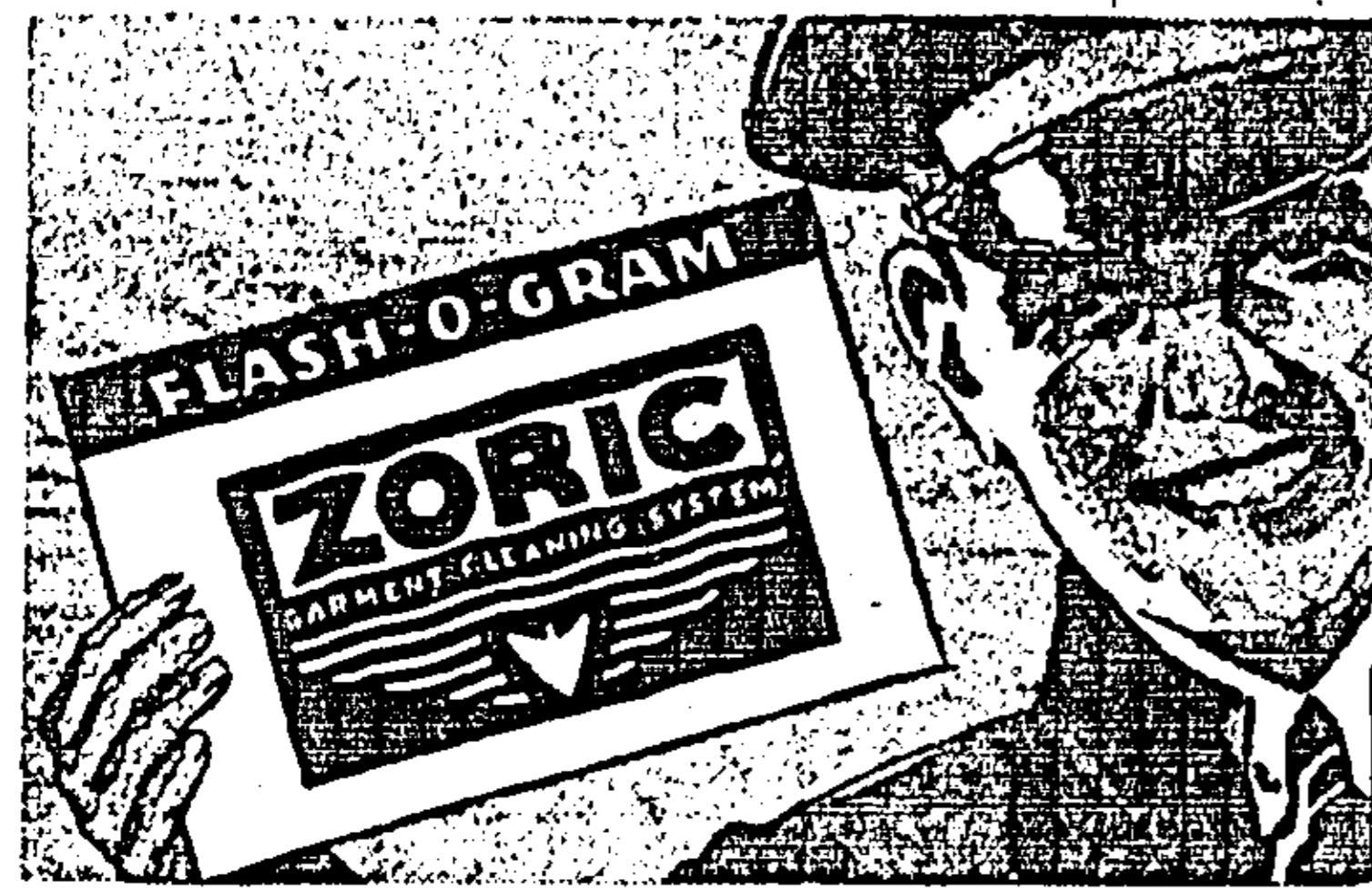


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5th COLUMN TECHNIQUE

SINCE the Blitzkrieg started even those governments which had hitherto buried their heads most persistently in the sand, have resolved upon measures against the "Quislings" and "Fifth Columns" in their midst.

Nevertheless, discussion of this thorny problem all the world over shows that not all countries yet realise the enormous scale of this "attack from within." Many newspapers are still asking how it could happen that, in a country where to all appearance Nazi supporters were extremely few, a whole number of leading persons, holding key positions in the state, were ready to perform acts of treachery on behalf of the German invaders.

The question can only be answered by those who have made a study of the technique of this Nazi "internal offensive." EVERY war has had its spies and traitors, but never before the days of Nazism did a government in time of peace attempt systematically and with the aid of gigantic machinery, to undermine the stability of every other country without exception. Yet this is what the Nazi regime has unremittingly been doing since 1933.

The "German Secret Service," which hires these Quislings and gets these Fifth Columns to work, comprises more than Herr Himmler and his Gestapo. No doubt, Himmler and his assistants play a very big part in the undermining of other countries. Hitler is continually sending out armies of spies, agents, terrorists and wireless operators, concealed in every imaginable disguise.

He works in closest touch with the Secret service army; General Nicolai and Admiral Canaris, who, as in the last war, are again in charge of military espionage, receive all important instructions from the head of the Gestapo.

The Ministry for Foreign Affairs in Berlin also supports destructive measures against countries with which it has concluded treaties of friendship and non-aggression, and this, in a manner without parallel in history, it is an unwritten law that the heads of embassies and legations shall abstain from all illegal activities in

men to veil the status of Liberty, and to mutter some formulary of disingenuous acclamations for the right, rather than by their convictions; but we prefer to await for our justification the day when the entombed and oppressed peoples of Europe shall no longer stand in life and array themselves under the standard to which we cling. For to what, after all, are the statesmen of England to look for strength and national power? If injuries and offences rise against us, but to the enlightened resolution of the people of England to uphold the principles on which our own polity and independence are founded?

It is hard to realise that the "Times" asked that question ninety years ago. It applies even more forcibly to-day.

In Hongkong the desire of the Press to be free and untrammeled must, in wartime—and it applies also to London newspapers—be dictated by circumstances which would not arise in times of peace. Nevertheless, the public, even in war, has a right to certain information which is sometimes held. To-day, the one subject upon which light should shed is the Evacuation.

The Press realises the difficulties with which the authorities in Hongkong are faced. But the people are faced with equal difficulties which can be alleviated to some extent by frankness.

Unlike the Army and Navy, who have Press liaison officers in Hongkong, there is no person to whom the newspapers can turn for information from the Government except the Heads of Department, who not unnaturally display reluctance to speak for fear that they overstep the limitations imposed upon them. The Press has no desire to publish information that may embarrass the Government, but to whom can it turn for guidance? Who is to say what is or is not judicious? Who is to give warning that in our day there are unfortunately not only many politically diseased minds, but an even larger number of feeble intellects, which, in the absence of an effective antidote, succumb only too easily to steady doses of German propaganda.

To all this must be added the whole vast machinery of propaganda—Dr. Goebbels' lie regardless of cost and with the use of every conceivable method. In many countries this propaganda fell upon soil all the more fruitful because most governments in peace-time conducted no counter-propaganda, nor even any propaganda of their own at all. They relied upon the common-sense of their people, forgetting that in our day there are

unfortunately not only many politically diseased minds, but an even larger number of feeble intellects, which, in the absence of an effective antidote, succumb only too easily to steady doses of German propaganda.

FOR the Nazis this law has no validity. Many of their most important diplomatic posts have been held by men whose most conspicuous quality was their talent for espionage and underground conspiracy.

Indeed, the Nazis have given an entirely new meaning to the term "Diplomatic Corps."

They confer diplomatic status upon spies and terrorists, especially upon so-called "journalists," attaching to their legations and embassies men who have nothing whatever to do with diplomacy. Such men include the heads of travelling agencies and representatives of business firms.

Commercial travellers become overnight "Delegates for commercial questions."

Never before in history have there been so many German Consuls-General as there are to-day; it is an open secret that very many of these officials are abusing their diplomatic privileges by activities that are definitely injurious to the state in which they reside.

In almost every country German residents have been allowed to maintain local branches of their German party organisations. Everywhere there are

"strong points," such as German Labour Front groups, Women's associations, Hitler Youth movements, German students' clubs and, in many countries, semi-military S.A. and S.S. units. To these must be added "social" organisations of every kind.

Despite all the warnings of recent years, it is still insufficiently known that every German living abroad who belongs to these associations, is not a free man, but must be a blindly obedient instrument of the Nazi regime. He is a servant of the "Auslandsorganisation" of Herr Bohle, Secretary of State, and Himmler's closest associate.

THROUGH this organisation every German living abroad, who has not been broken with Nazism, automatically becomes an agent of the German Secret service.

He is required not only to perform all sorts of secret espionage, but, if at all qualified, to help in recruiting Quislings, and in so-called propagandas among the subjects of other nations.

IT is no chance that these "Auslandsorganisation" etc., as Dr. Goebbels and the Ministry of Propaganda, are flooding the world with shipments of propaganda material. This material is concerned far less with translating Nazi ideas into the native idiom than with preparing the soil for treasonable activities.

The German "Auslandsorganisation" sends to foreign countries men and women of birth and position, to engage in drawing-room propaganda, the sole purpose of which is to sap the defensive and offensive spirit of other countries.

These are the false prophets who before the war spread the gospel of Hitler's love of peace and formed international societies for "promoting friendship between the nations," and "averting the danger of war."

They sought and obtained access to pacifist and other idealistic circles, who came honestly to believe that co-operation with Nazism meant peace, and European solidarity.

German agents, however, are at work, not only in society, but among all classes. They come in flocks as "tourists" (these make friends with the peasants, as "workmen," "research workers," or "travelling students.") According to circumstances, they preach moderate Socialism, Communism or Fascism.

A favourite method of gaining recruits (that is to say spies, agents and terrorists) is by anti-Semitic agitation.

IN many countries, including some where the Jews were neither numerically strong nor in possession of important posts, these envoys of the German Secret Service have been able, solely by the use of anti-Jewish slogans, to manufacture those "national" Fascist movements from which Quislings are bred. Not, of course, without financial assistance.

To all this must be added the whole vast machinery of propaganda—Dr. Goebbels' lie regardless of cost and with the use of every conceivable method. In many countries this propaganda fell upon soil all the more fruitful because most governments in peace-time conducted no counter-propaganda, nor even any propaganda of their own at all. They relied upon the common-sense of their people, forgetting that in our day there are

FUNNY SIDE UP

By Abner Dean



"But they forgot to teach us the most important thing... how do you tell married men from single ones!"

Eye-witness in

POLAND

The following article is penned by an American woman who set herself the task of observing European events independently. Her observations differ in two respects from the usual newspaper reports. Neither battles nor important diplomatic and economic activities form the objects of her observations; her concern is with the fate of single individuals. "I don't belong to any political party," declares Virginia N. Matthews, "but I belong to the world party of women and mothers. I am their envoy. To them above all, my reports are addressed."

Only when the war is over and the world returns to normal conditions again will it be possible to reveal particulars of the life of the courageous woman who gave up an established position in the U.S.A. and placed herself at the disposal of an international charitable organisation engaged in welfare work for sufferers and persecuted people in Europe. She will send reports to her fellow country-women under the above nom de guerre. Virginia N. Matthews' voice is not that of an individual woman; it is the eternal motherly instinct for truth and justice which cries out from her words.

IN certain parts of Europe it is not enough to possess a passport and a visa in order to enter a particular country and be allowed to move freely about.

Visitors from neutral countries in Germany must obtain a permit to enter the "Protectorate" of Czechoslovakia or conquered Poland. And within Poland there is a district which is as inaccessible as if it were surrounded by a Chinese wall; the Jewish reservation of Lublin.

Even international social workers have often refused permission to visit Lublin without any ground for such refusal being given. After filling in innumerable forms, and close questioning by officials in Warsaw, my application for a permit to travel to Lublin was, after two attempts, finally granted. It was accompanied by a warning from a doctor, but the news of typhoid and dysentery in Lublin was not altogether new to me.

In normal times the hundred miles to Lublin, which lies south-east from Warsaw, may be covered in two hours. Travelling in our small car over bad roads, and frequently being stopped by police officials, it took us ten hours to reach our destination.

IT was already dark when we arrived in the old city of Lublin, going through the narrow crooked streets in a death-like stillness.

For the three of us a small room with one bed and a deck-chair was ready in a shabby hotel. Evidently we were to be well looked after for in present day Lublin many people are usually crowded together in one room, often without a bed.

Families live in old railway carriages or in hastily erected huts built of wood and cardboard, or in tents. The National Socialist Government declared Lublin (that is to say the city and a part of the former province of the same name) a Jewish reservation, and sends Jewish men, women and children to it from western Poland, and from Germany, Austria and Czechoslovakia.

Apart from a few prosperous textile manufacturers, great poverty reigns in the district which even in former times was thickly populated. Jews have always formed a great percentage of the population in this part of Poland. They were engaged in the grain and cattle trade and lived for the most part in penury. The war and the enormous increase in population by several hundred thousand people has increased poverty to an unimaginable degree. Whoever contrived to get a meal of potatoes or beetroot was lucky. Each trainload of human beings arriving

from Germany increased the need in Lublin.

The Red Cross and other international charitable organisations distribute medicines and clothing, but even this help is quite insufficient. We had hardly arrived in Lublin when the news came of the arrival of a new trainload of people from Stettin in Plocki, near Lublin. We were ordered to meet this train, and it was in this way that I came to know Renate Alexander.

RENATE ALEXANDER was born five years ago in the small town of Hammerstein in Pomerania.

Her father was a prosperous tradesman whose ancestors had lived for many generations in Pomerania. Under the Nazi Government her family shared the fate of other people of Jewish persuasion, the house was searched on several occasions, valuable objects were confiscated, and her father was imprisoned for several weeks. At the beginning of March 1940 rumours of an impending pogrom circulated in Hammerstein. Renate's parents decided to send their only daughter to Stettin when the news came of the arrival of a new trainload of people from Stettin, with the request to their relations in Stettin to take care of her, was hung round her neck. Her uncle and aunt met her at the station in Stettin and when she wept and called for her mother, her uncle said: "We are going to show you all sorts of nice new things here."

ON the day following Renate's arrival in Stettin two Gestapo men appeared in her relations' flat.

"In twenty-four hours you all have to leave for Lublin" was the order against which there was no appeal.

Twenty-four hours after her arrival in Stettin the five-year-old Renate found herself among twelve hundred despairing people who, packed in eleven cattle-trucks, rolled eastwards. After seven days' journey two hundred and thirty people were dead.

Whoever came near the door while the train stopped at a station or asked too insistently for drinking water was shot by the S.A. guards. Those who complained or grumbled were beaten with the butts of rifles. Some of those unfortunate succeeded in cutting the reins of their wrists.

Seventy-two people, owing to hunger, thirst, cold and fright, were reduced to such a state of exhaustion that they were left, when the trucks had to be changed, lying on a snow-covered field. Little Turn to Page 3, Fifth Column.

HOW THE ITALIAN NAVY RAN AWAY

OFFICIAL STATEMENT

LONDON, July 15 (Reuter).—An account of how British naval forces met the Italian fleet in the Mediterranean on July 9 was given in an Admiralty statement to-night.

It says that contact was made by a squadron of British light cruisers attached to a force guarding a convoy with an enemy light cruiser force, which retired immediately on coming within the extreme range of our supporting battleships.

From this point, the action developed into a chase.

Battleship Hit

A few salvos were exchanged between the battleships and one hit with a 15-inch shell was observed on one of the Italian battleships before the enemy force escaped through a smoke-screen laid by their destroyers.

The destroyers also retired at full speed through this smoke-screen before our light forces could close the range sufficiently to damage them.

Swordfish aircraft of the Fleet Air Arm forced home the attack in the face of heavy anti-aircraft fire and scored a hit on an enemy cruiser.

Enemy Pursued

The enemy was pursued until the British Fleet was in sight of land, and though our forces remained to offer battle until evening, despite a succession of bombing attacks by large forces of Italian aircraft, the enemy did not offer to renew the action.

When it became evident that the enemy had no further intention of joining battle, our forces discontinued their operations.

The British convoys, to which they were acting as a covering force, had now arrived at their destination in safety.

Italian Planes Attack

During this latter phase, our ships were repeatedly attacked by aircraft and three casualties to personnel were caused by bomb splinters from near misses. No other casualties were suffered during these attacks by aircraft or during the brief action, nor were any hits made by the enemy by bomb or gunfire.

Five enemy aircraft were shot down by fighters of the Fleet Air Arm. As announced on July 10, another British force, which included the Hood and the Ark Royal, had been carrying out a sweep in the Western Mediterranean. No enemy surface craft were met but sustained bombing attacks were encountered.

As already stated, no casualties to personnel or damage to this force were caused by enemy aircraft, of which four were destroyed and seven others damaged.

SEA-SNAKE BITES EUROPEAN

The danger of snake bite whilst swimming at the Colony's beaches this summer was exemplified yesterday when an 18-year-old English youth, T. L. Lockhart, was the victim of a swimming snake at the 14-mile beach.

Mr. Lockhart, who is an employee of the Colonial Secretary's Office, was at the beach with his father, Mr. H. L. Lockhart, of the Urban Council, and some friends.

With another young man, Lockhart swam out from the beach and was cavorting in the water when he felt a sharp sting.

The snake was not seen until after it had struck its victim.

Lockhart was immediately rushed to the Kowloon Hospital, where the punctures were cauterised and several injections were administered.

Although in a bad way when he arrived at the hospital, he was pronounced out of danger this morning.

No Such Word As Defeat

Trade Union Leaders Take Their Stand

LONDON, July 15 (Reuter).—Two Trade Union leaders, of the annual conferences of their unions, to-day reaffirmed British Labour's determination to fight totalitarianism.

There must be no Loyalists or Quakers in Britain, said the President of the Mineworkers' Federation. Any such people must not be known as Fifth Columnists but traitors. The word defeat must be expunged from our language.

Only Kind Of Peace

The President of the Electrical Trades Union spoke of the only kind of peace his Union would accept. The E.T.U. believes in peace but if peace means "curtains" and the loss of all they cherish in their industrial and political life, there can be no such peace for them.

The E.T.U. will defend to the utmost its institutions until peace is established with all its ideals unimpaired. "We shall not fail," he concluded.

REFUGEE DUCHESS OF LUXEMBOURG DEPARTS

LISBON, July 15 (Reuter).—The Grand Duchess of Luxembourg and her husband, Prince Felix, left Lisbon to-day for America aboard the United States light cruiser, U.S.S. Trenton.

The United States destroyer Dickerson is escorting the Trenton.

M. Paul van Zeeland, former Belgian Prime Minister, also left for the United States in the clipper.

CHUNGKING INDIGNANT

Appeasement Report Badly Received

CHUNGKING, July 16 (Reuter).—Chinese circles are indignant over the alleged British appeasement policy towards Japan, saying that it is beneath the prestige and dignity of a great power to forgo obligations solemnly undertaken during a long-standing friendship.

They also feel that appeasement will be futile to prevent further Japanese encroachment on British interests in China and the Far East.

There is a strong belief here that Germany, Italy and Japan are likely to start a combined offensive against Britain and the British Empire in different parts of the world simultaneously.

There has been a sudden cessation of Japanese aerial attacks on Chungking, leading to speculation on the causes of this unexpected development.

Attack On Hongkong?

One theory is that the Japanese are concentrating aircraft in South China to support a possible Japanese attack on Hongkong, Indo-China or Burma.

In a leader entitled "To the British Government and People," the "Central Daily News," official organ of the Chinese Government, declared:

"From the standpoint of International Law, Britain is a neutral in the Sino-Japanese hostilities. Britain has no right to accept Japan's unreasonable demands. Japan has never declared war on China. Japan cannot enjoy the rights granted to belligerents under International Law. How can a neutral country grant to Japan rights which are not even permitted to belligerents under International Law?

"From the standpoint of the League of Nations' Covenant and resolution, Britain has obligations not to increase the difficulties of China's resistance, and also to give every assistance to China.

"Britain is a treaty-respecting nation and denounces those nations not observing treaty obligations."

Britain's Position

Britain should not take the action of tearing up treaties or violating a trust. From the standpoint of Britain's interests, Britain has firm policy of opposing aggression and helping the victims of aggression.

If Britain abandons this policy in the Far East, how will Britain explain herself before the eyes of the world?

British leaders publicly have declared that the war cannot depend on purely material things and must instead rely on moral strength. Is Britain going to destroy that moral strength?

Japan's ambitions have no limit. If Britain yields to the Japanese demands, Japan will some day invade Burma and India.

The Mukden Incident is a clear example.

The British Government under Mr. Winston Churchill should not be tricked by the Japanese and must not repeat similar mistakes made previously.

Danger Of Losing Honour

The British Empire has always placed above everything else the honour of the nation. Because Britain tolerates Japan's unreasonable demands, she loses the sympathy of the world and that of friendly nations. She will also lose her honour as a nation.

What gains can she get out of this? Furthermore, toleration not only cannot settle the issue but will only increase the appetite of the aggressor.

The Japanese Government may utter threats, the Japanese Press and militarists may talk about participation in the European war, but a barking dog never bites.

If Japan really wants a war with Britain, British toleration regarding the Burma issue will not prevent Japan from declaring war on Britain. If Japan does not want war with Britain, rejection of the Japanese demands will not cause Japan to wage war against Britain.

Chinese Protest

CHUNGKING, July 15 (UP).—The Chinese Government has lodged a very strong protest with the British Government upon learning that the latter, in response to the Japanese demands, is reported to have decided to suspend with a specific period of time, the transportation through Burma of certain kinds of supplies for this country. It is reliably reported that the Foreign office pointed out that this action is illegal.

Officials of the British Embassy are reticent, merely saying that statements will be issued simultaneously at London and Tokyo very shortly.

Japan Exhausted

"Japan's anxiety to avoid war with Britain should not be any less than Britain's anxiety to avoid war with Japan," continues the paper.

"If Japan wants to avoid war with Britain, it is not on account of Japan's love for Britain but because of her exhaustion as a result of the war with China. Therefore, if Britain wants to avoid war with Japan, her course is to give the necessary assistance to China.

"These are our views concerning the Burma Road issue. It must be realised that these are not only reasonable but practical. We are confident that after careful consideration, the British Government and people will reach the same conclusions and adopt measures accordingly."

Villagers Injured In Air Raid

Four villagers who were in Satschung during an air raid carried out by Japanese aeroplanes on July 14, were conveyed to the Kowloon Hospital yesterday, suffering from shrapnel wounds.

They were Yeung Kau, 42, Au Tai, 36, a widow, Tung Chue, 32, and Koo Ying, 19, Married woman.

Italian Threat Recoiled

Blockade Tables Turned

LONDON, July 15 (Reuter).—The Admiralty has issued the following announcement:

"The Italian Government has recently issued a notice to the effect that within a limit of 30 miles from the Allied coasts all merchant shipping bound for Allied ports will navigate at their risk and peril.

"H.M. Government regard themselves as justified in taking similar action in respect of vessels navigating in the vicinity of the Italian coasts.

"H.M. Government accordingly give notice that all vessels navigating within 30 miles from any Italian territory in the Mediterranean will do so at their risk and peril."

Complete Blockade SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH."

LONDON, July 15 (UP).—The British Admiralty has announced a complete blockade of Italy affecting all shipping along the Italian coast.

The blockade, it is believed, fore-shadows a possible naval onslaught.

Naval authorities have refused to elaborate on the "risk and peril" warning which the Admiralty has issued but simply point out that the measure appears to be mainly retaliatory.

Unofficial observers point out that the Admiralty announcement leaves the British navy free, without further notice, to either lay further mine-fields in Italian waters or to begin mopping up the Italian coastal waters.

The vulnerability of Italian ports to British attacks has been strongly emphasised by experts recently.

The Admiralty announcement read: "The Italian Government having recently issued a notice to the effect that within a limit of 30 miles from the Allied coast all merchant vessels bound for Allied ports will navigate at their risk and peril. His Majesty's Government regard themselves as justified in taking similar action in respect of vessels navigating in the vicinity of Italian coasts."

"H.M. Government accordingly give notice to all vessels navigating within 30 miles of any Italian territory in the Mediterranean will do so at their own risk and peril."

Continuing, Mr. Anderson said that both these sales were fictitious in order to defeat the rights of the plaintiff. The name of the ship was changed to the "Dory" and again relented.

After evidence had been given by the plaintiff, by Mr. F. Brett, Chief Inspector of Junks, and by Yul Lay-choung, sole proprietor of the Kwong Shing Hing Shipyard, judgment was given to plaintiff on the two declarations.

Mr. Anderson said that the lighter had been a partnership between plaintiff, his brother, and Shui Shek-pui in August 1939 and the purpose of the partnership was for the purchase of a steamer in Canton. This purchase was carried out and the steamer was brought down to Hongkong with the intention of using it on a river service, but this did not materialise because of the Sino-Japanese war in 1937.

Sometime after 1937, Shui, without the consent of either the plaintiff or his brother, dismantled the ship and converted her into a lighter and as a result of this an action was brought against Shui. This action was successful. Two months before the action plaintiff's brother died.

Fictitious Sales

Continuing, Mr. Anderson said that it was discovered that the lighter had been licensed by certain Chui Chung-long and presumably, there had been a sale by Shui. At that time the name of the vessel was changed to the "Flying Dragon." Chui sold the lighter again to the present defendant for the sum of \$10,500 on March 15, 1939.

Mr. Anderson submitted that both these sales were fictitious in order to defeat the rights of the plaintiff. The name of the ship was changed to the "Dory" and again relented.

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SING TAO SOCCER ELEVEN READY TO TOUR

**Leaving On Thursday:
Manila May Be Included:
Returning In September**

ARRANGEMENTS have now been completed for the tour of Malaya by the Sing Tao Sports Club and the team will leave on Thursday by the "Van Heutz" for Singapore where they will play their first game. From Singapore they will proceed to Kuala Lumpur, Ipoh, Penang, Malacca and Rangoon, from whence they will return to Singapore around the beginning of August.

Mr. Aw Hoe, Chairman of the Club, left the Colony sometime last month, going on ahead to prepare the way for the footballers.

If time and circumstances permit, and subject to the approval of the Philippines Amateur Athletic Association, the tourists propose to include Manila in their itinerary, and after playing a series of games there, return to Hongkong about the end of September in time for the League.

In this latter, Sing Tao intend entering two teams, one in the First and the other in the Second Division.

Attached are pen pictures of the players leaving on tour. Among those unable to travel are Teang Chung-wan (former Eastern full back), and Leung Wing-chiu (former South China right-half).

Mr. Lo G. Hui is Secretary of the team, with Mr. Chan Hung-chiu Treasurer and Mr. Chow Yun-nin the coach. Mr. Lo is a well-known sportsman of China, and was for many years holder of the breast-stroke records in the National swimming meets.

Aw Hoe, Manager, son of Mr. Aw Boon Haw, the International Philanthropist, General Manager of the Sing Tao Daily Press, Hongkong, and Chairman of the Sing Tao Sports Club. Very keen sports promoter and popular in sports circles in Hongkong.

Lo G. Hui, Secretary, Sports Editor of the Sing Tao Daily Press. Exchampion of China in swimming Breast Stroke.

Chan Hung-chiu, Treasurer.

Leung Wing-chiu, Goalkeeper. Very prominent in Shanghai. Toured with the South China team last year. Outstanding goalkeeper in the Colony.

Siu Tim-ilm, Goalkeeper once played for Chinese Athletic Assn., which won the Championship for three years in succession in Hongkong.

Lee Tin-sun, Full back, representative of China in the World Olympics in 1936. Participated many times in the Far East Olympics and Hongkong Interports. London Newspaper commented that he had the style of a professional. Age 38 veteran but still energetic.

Has Yung-sang, F. B., 23, a young and promising player. Toured with the South China team last year.

Mak Siu-hon, F. B., representative of the China Team in the last World Olympics 1936. Member of the South China team, champions of Hongkong last season.

Song Ling-sing, H. B., representative of China in the World Olympics in 1936. Outstanding pivot player. Young and promising.

Kwok Ying-kie, H. B., small but active; toured with South China last year. South Sea fans called him "Pepper."

Tsui Ah-fai, H. B., representative of the China team in 1936 in the World Olympics.

Lau Hing-choy, H. B., member of the South China team. Noted for heading ability.

Ip Pak-wah, F. left wing, repre-



Indian Test Cricketer Dead

LONDON, July 9 (Reuters).—Amar Singh, the Indian Test cricketer and Lancashire League player, has died at Rajkot, India, from pneumonia.

PIRATES AND DODGERS SPLIT DOUBLE-HEADER

NEW YORK, July 15 (UPI).—Brooklyn Dodgers and the Pittsburgh Pirates split even in the only double header in the Major Baseball programme to-day. Dodgers won the opener 10-1, but lost the nightcap 3-4. Scores were:

NATIONAL LEAGUE

	I	II	E
Brooklyn	10	17	1
Battery: Wyatt, Phelps			
Pittsburgh	1	10	1
Battery: Butcher, Lanahan, Bauers			
David			
Brooklyn	3	10	1
Battery: Pressnell, Felt, Tannulis, Mancuso, Franklin			
Pittsburgh	4	12	1
Battery: Klinger, Lopez			
New York	3	18	1
Battery: Melton, Joiner, Lynn, Downing			
Chicago	5	7	2
Battery: French, Root, Passeau, Hartnett			
Philadelphia	8	2	0
Battery: Patterson, Johnson, Alwood, Miller			
Cincinnati	3	10	1
Battery: Walters, Lombard, Hershberger			

AMERICAN LEAGUE

	I	II	E
Chicago	3	7	0
Battery: E. Smith, Appleton, Tresh			
New York	2	9	0
Battery: Breuer, Murphy, Rosar, Dickey			
St. Louis	0	10	1
Battery: Auker, Lawson, Cox, Billings			
Boston	10	15	1
Battery: Hish, Peacock			
Cleveland	6	7	1
Battery: Millar, Andrews, Humphries			
Nymek, Hemaley			
Washington	0	11	1
Battery: Hudson, Ferrell			
Detroit	0	10	1
Battery: Nowhouser, Tracy, Hebert			
Philadelphia	0	12	2
Battery: Heuser, Besse, Hayes			

TO-DAY'S FIXTURES

"B" Division Tennis

The following is the "B" Division tennis programme for to-day:

Army v. Civil Service

Chinese R.C. v. Recreio

Kowloon Tong v. Craikengower

Kowloon C.C. v. Hongkong C.C.

Indian R.C. v. South China

The following are the Pairs Championship matches for to-day:

Bowls Pairs Schedule

AT KOWLOON C.C.

C. M. Silva and F. X. Soares v.

W. F. Field and V. Chittenden

W. Hong Sling and L. C. R. Souza

v. P. A. Peckham and W. McNeill

AT RECREIO

C. Downing and F. C. Channing v.

B. D. Evans and R. Holl

C. Simpson and P. Younghusband

W. Harrower and H. L. Lockhart

v. E. W. Simmonds and F. C. Goodwin

AT KOWLOON F.C.

A. K. Sufflad and M. R. Abbas v.

R. Williamson and C. S. M. Thom

J. G. Meyer and G. W. Deacon v.

R. Morrison and J. McElvie

AT CRAIGENGOWER

A. Morton and H. J. Bicknell v.

D. Munro and R. Mohn

W. J. Burling and M. N. Rakusen

v. Y. H. Tang and J. N. Wong

In 15 minutes
revive
your spirits

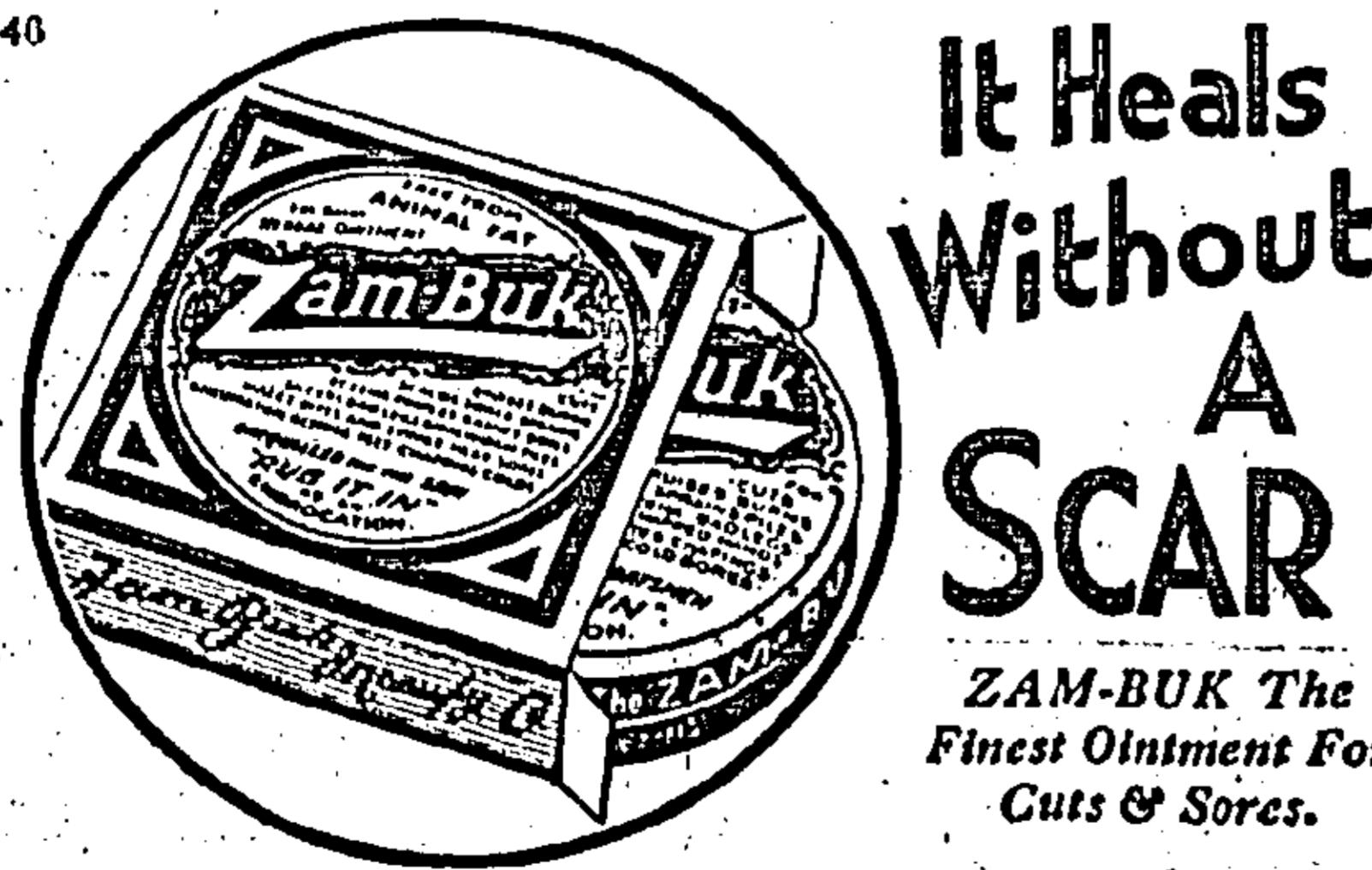
If you are feeling fagged-out
Phosferine will put you on your
feet again. It's a really great tonic
—the very best to build you up and
put back your lost strength and
vitality. Get some Phosferine, and
take this splendid tonic now.

Liquid or TABLETS
Two Tablets equal ten drops of Liquid.

PHOSFERINE
THE GREATEST OF ALL TONICS FOR
Dermatitis, Rheumatism, Debility,
Lassitude, Indigestion, Brain Feat,
Rheumatism, Debility, Nervousness,
Lassitude, Indigestion.

Proprietors (Ashton & Parsons) Ltd.,
Walterd, England.

RAPID



**It Heals
Without
A
SCAR**

ZAM-BUK The
Finest Ointment For
Cuts & Sores.

When you smear Zam-Buk on injured or diseased skin it soothes and cures in the shortest possible time. The valuable herbal oils in Zam-Buk are absorbed into the tissues, soothing pain, reducing swelling and drying up discharge. Zam-Buk overcomes poison germs, nourishes the skin and heals without a scar. It is unequalled in cases of eczema, itch, ringworm, festering sores, ulcers, cuts, wounds, etc.

Use
ZAM-BUK
Herbal Ointment

Agents: Messrs. Gilman & Co., Ltd. Des Voeux Rd, Hongkong

HOW TO SHINE UP YOUR CAR AND MAKE IT LOOK LIKE NEW...

FIRST: Remove dirt, "Road film,"

grease, etc., with an application of

JOHNSON'S AUTO CLEANER AND POLISH

(This special product does the work quickly, easily, safely. Anyone can use it. Leaves finish clean and gleaming.)

JOHNSON'S AUTO CLEANER AND POLISH



SECOND: For that "new car" appearance, polish and protect the finish with

JOHNSON'S AUTO WAX

(Tough, protective—guards against decomposition of finish due to sun, rain, dirt, etc. Keeps finish now... increases re-sale value.)

JOHNSON'S AUTO WAX



These special Johnson automobile products are famous

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New!

Sensational CARNU cleans and polishes in ONE easy application!

Carnu is an entirely new kind of auto polish. In one easy application this amazing product cleans and re-polishes your car—back of the front fenders, front of the rear fenders, front and rear bumpers, etc. quickly and easily! It brings out the original beauty of your car's finish.

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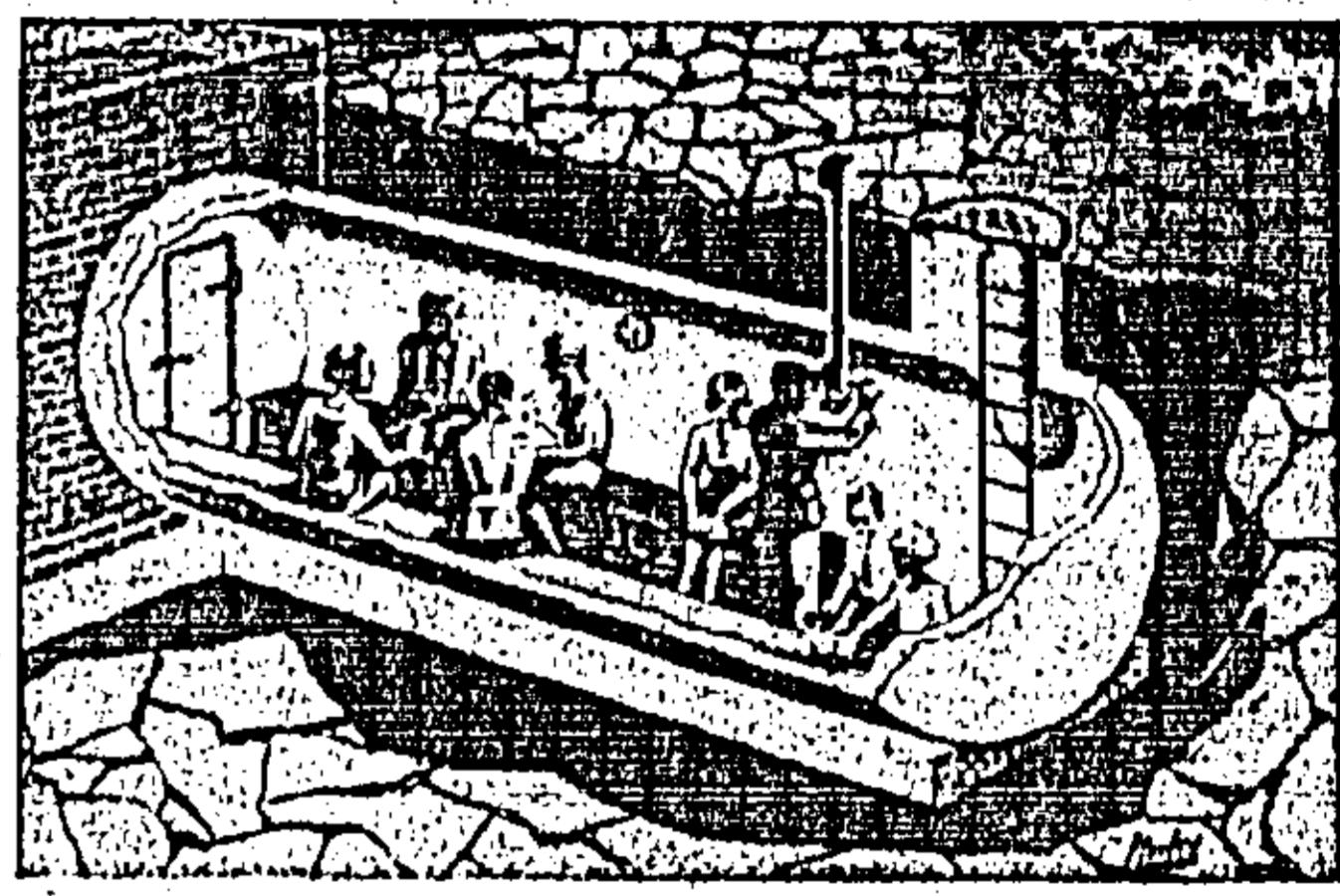
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VERY STRONG AND SERVICEABLE
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KING'S

LLOYD NOLAN
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A 20th Century Fox Picture

"THE MAN WHO
WOULDN'T TALK"
... THE PICTURE
YOU'LL TALK ABOUT!

NANCY



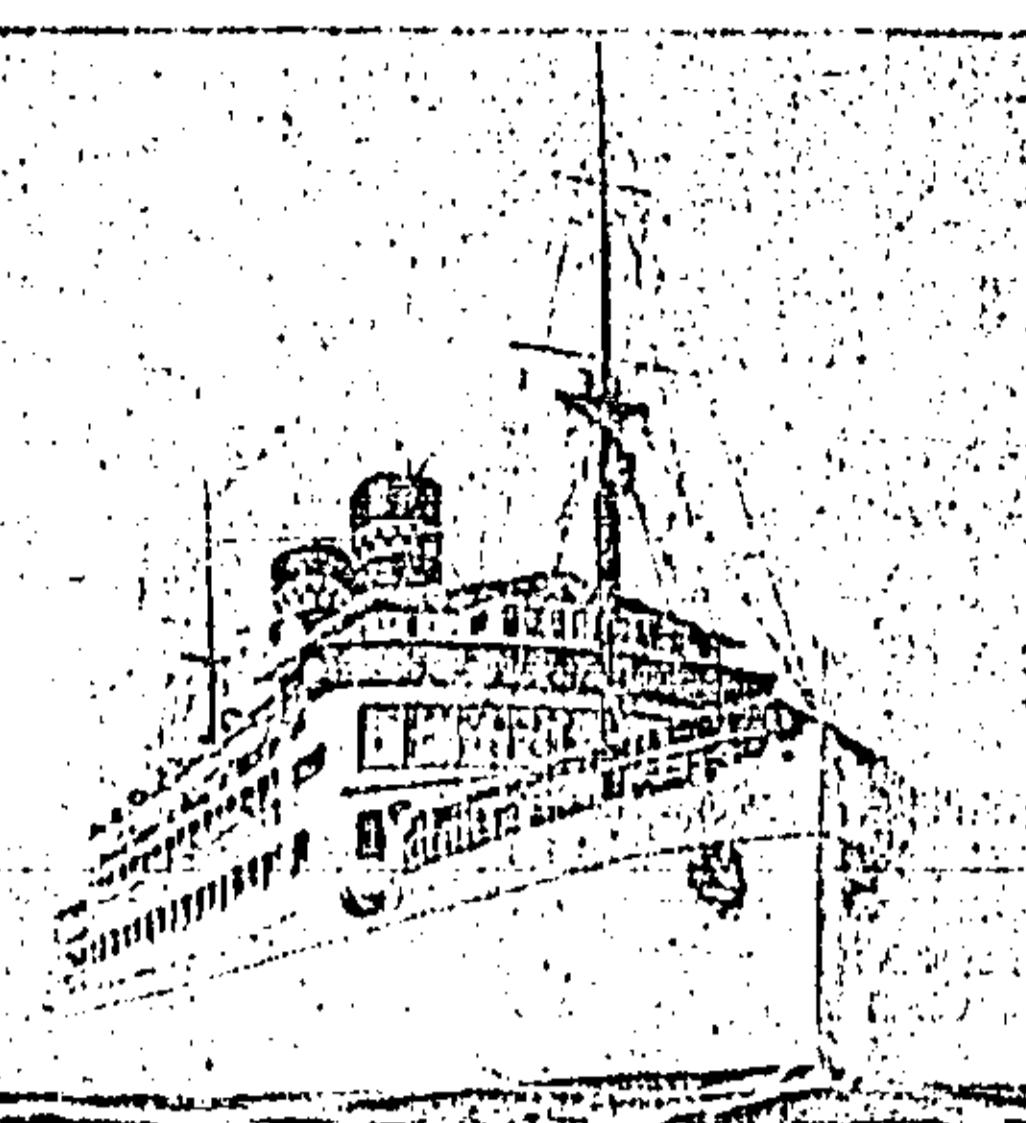
By Ernie Bushmiller

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We have a vessel sailing for Saigon Madang Salamaua Rabaul Sydney and Melbourne about the beginning of August



Excellent passenger accommodation with a large number of single cabins at no supplement.

Built-in Swimming Bath and Spacious Sports Deck.

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Alkalize against HANGOVER

THESE SIGNS SAY "ALKALIZE"!

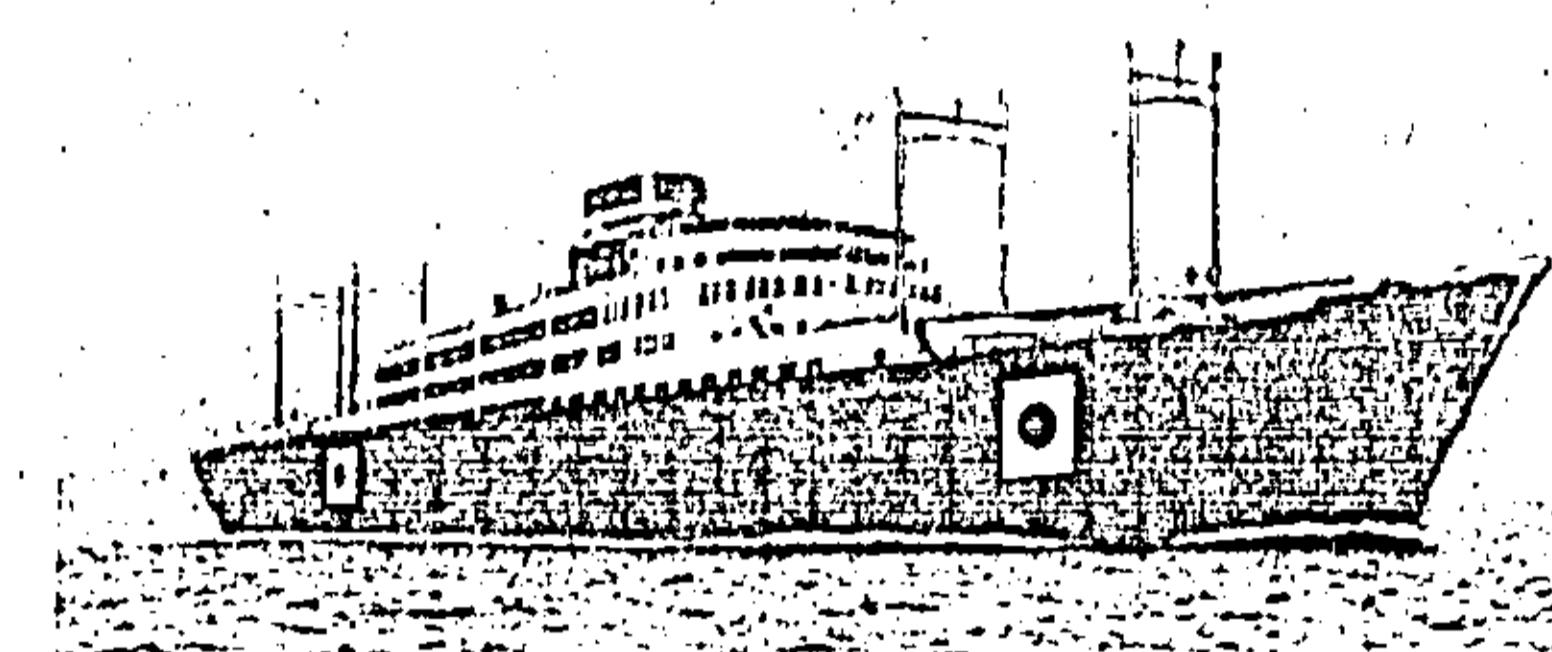
Indigestion
Heartburn
Flatulence
Biliousness
Upset Stomach
Constipation

Over-indulgence creates excess acidity in the system—a condition that contributes to what is known as "hangover". You prevent "hangover" if you "alkalize" or neutralize the excess acids by taking 2 tablespoons of Phillips' Milk of Magnesia—or 6 tablets—before retiring.

The Tablets are mint-flavoured. Handy blister of 10 for travelling—Economical blister of 75, and 100 for home use.

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M.S. HOKOKU MARU
Sailing HONGKONG 30th July
TO
BUENOS AIRES, MONTEVIDEO,
SANTOS & RIO DE JANEIRO
VIA

SINGAPORE, COLOMBO, MOMBASA, ZANZIBAR,
DARES SALAAM, BEIRA, LOURENCO MARQUES,
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EMPEROR LUXURY

Speed across the Pacific by luxurious Empress liners, then . . . Victoria . . . stop over if you wish . . . and Vancouver in Canada's Evergreen playground.

NEXT SAILING FROM HONGKONG

SECOND WEEK IN AUGUST
(Omitting Honolulu)

east through AIR CONDITIONED trains from Empress' side at Vancouver take you through the Majestic Canadian Rockies—Lake Louise, Banff—600 miles or travel through Marvelous Mountain Scenery. Niagara Falls and the Great Lakes can be included as optional routes on your coast-to-coast trip. Stop over anywhere you wish.

Then Montreal and Quebec, gay French-speaking cities on the famous St. Lawrence Seaway, and a quiet crossing to Europe by one of Canadian Pacific's Atlantic fleet.

NEXT SAILING TO MANILA
THE FIRST WEEK IN AUGUST

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ITALY AND HER NEIGHBOURS—Assertion by Mussolini that Switzerland, Turkey, Yugoslavia, Greece and Egypt would not be embroiled in war if they maintained their neutrality, has been received with scepticism, as a result of Italy's entry into the war. British possessions in the Mediterranean and North Africa as shown on this map are the chief points of Italian attack.

EAST INDIA'S WAR GIFT

LONDON, July 15 (Reuter)—A cheque for £55,900 from the East India Fund for British War Services was handed over in a hangar of an R.A.F. Fighter Squadron to-day as the first payment towards an East India Fund flight of Spitfires.

Sir Alexander Murray, who presented the cheque to Capt. H. B. Balfour, the Under-Secretary for Air, said the money had been collected from all classes of the community in Calcutta, Bengal and elsewhere in East India.

ITALIANS WILL DO DIRTY WORK

LONDON, July 15 (Reuter)—Seven hundred Italian workmen—the first contingent of 20,000 Italian industrial workers to be sent to Germany under an agreement between the German and Italian labour authorities—are expected in Munich on Wednesday, says the official German news agency.

From there they will be distributed among the industrial districts of the Reich.

Ship's Engineer Missing

Police stations throughout the Colony last night received the description of a European marine engineer who has been missing from his ship—a Blue Funnel liner—since Sunday.

The man's name is Douglas Hall. He left the ship on Sunday and should have been aboard again the same evening. Nothing has since been heard from him.

The vessel is due to depart this morning.

Adolf Talks Too Much

Puerile Propaganda About Blitzkrieg

LONDON, July 15 (Reuter)—The German propaganda machine is now heavily engaged in propaganda about the coming Blitzkrieg on England.

Some of it is for home consumption, the rest being apparently intended to make Britons shiver in their boots. This line, with Marshal Goering's technique of the sword of Damocles, was used to some effect against other countries.

A Berlin authority is reported to have said, "This will be Britain's last quiet week-end."

"We Do Hop It Is True"—The latest propaganda story consists of a report attributed to neutrals stating that Hitler has chosen Saturday, July 27, for his triumphal entry into Berlin after the occupation of London.

It is stated that many windows lining the route have already been let.

In an inspired statement, the Daventry news commentator, who reported this to-night, said: "This is the kind of story that cheers us immensely. We do hope it is true."

QUEZON WANTS MORE POWER

MANILA, July 10 (Reuter)—President Quezon, in a special message to the National Assembly of the Philippines, has requested sweeping powers for himself, including the right to commandeer the services of any Filipino citizen in order to meet the serious economic problems resulting from the European war.

President Quezon said that European trade has virtually stopped and that export prices, in some cases, are below production costs.

KING & NARVIK HEROES

LONDON, July 15 (Reuter)—His Majesty the King to-day spoke to four men who took part in a battle at Narvik and who have been decorated for their valour.

They were two corporals and two privates of the famous Irish Guards.

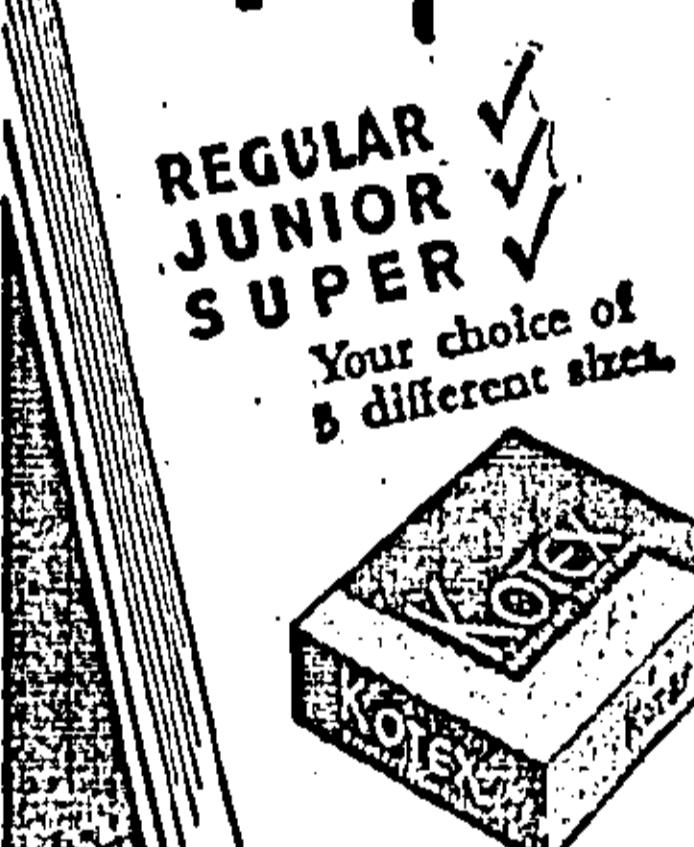
The King chatted with them in the course of his inspection as Colonel-in-Chief.

This battalion at Narvik has now been reformed.

The King later saw recruits being taught to fire machine-guns and stood at the butts and watched newly-trained men firing with amazing accuracy at fixed targets.

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KOTEX
Today!

THE NEW
S/S "NITTA MARU"
Leaving Hongkong July 17th
TO MANILA

July 23rd To:
SAN FRANCISCO, LOS ANGELES,
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SHANGHAI, JAPAN, and HONOLULU.

A few reservations still available.

Complete Information from Your Agent or:

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- SS "President Taft" JULY 18
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- SS "President Coolidge" AUG.
- * Omits Yokohama.

To NEW YORK AND BOSTON
Via Manila, Singapore, Penang, Colombo, Bombay & Capetown.

- SS "President Adams" JULY 22
- SS "President Harrison" AUG. 18

To SINGAPORE & PENANG

- SS "City of San Francisco" AUG. 12
- SS "City of Los Angeles" AUG. 10

To SAN FRANCISCO & LOS ANGELES
Direct

- SS "City of Norfolk" JULY 27
- SS "City of San Francisco" SEPT. 1

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KOLYNOS PROTECTION

Thousands of dentists recommend Kolynos not only for adults but to protect the teeth of growing children. Kolynos cleans teeth gently and safely; and protects them from the dangerous germs that attack the teeth and cause decay.

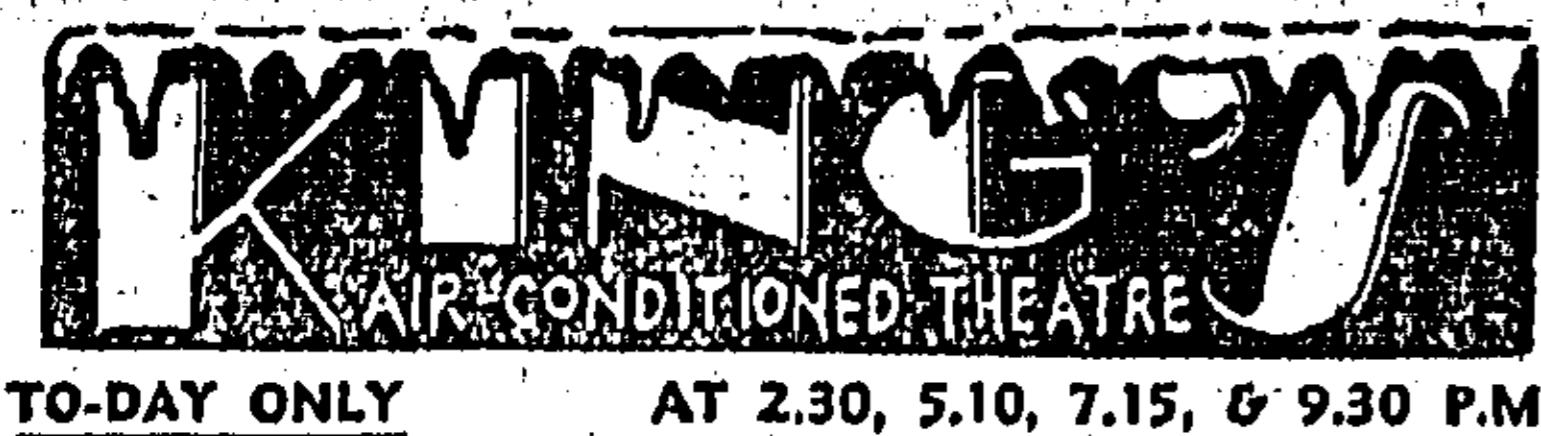
Keep your children's teeth and mouth safely clean with Kolynos. Teach them to brush their teeth at least twice a day, morning and night. Children like the cool, refreshing taste of Kolynos.

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by John Steinbeck

Tom Joad
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Grampa
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HENRY FONDA
JANE DARWELL
JOHN CARRADINE
MILY
CHARLEY GRAPENW
Candy
ZETTE TILBURY

Russel Norden
Julia Carter
Harvey Stephens
William Boyd

Directed by JOHN FORD

Also Latest Movietone News

TO-MORROW

'THE MAN WHO WOULDN'T TALK'

with

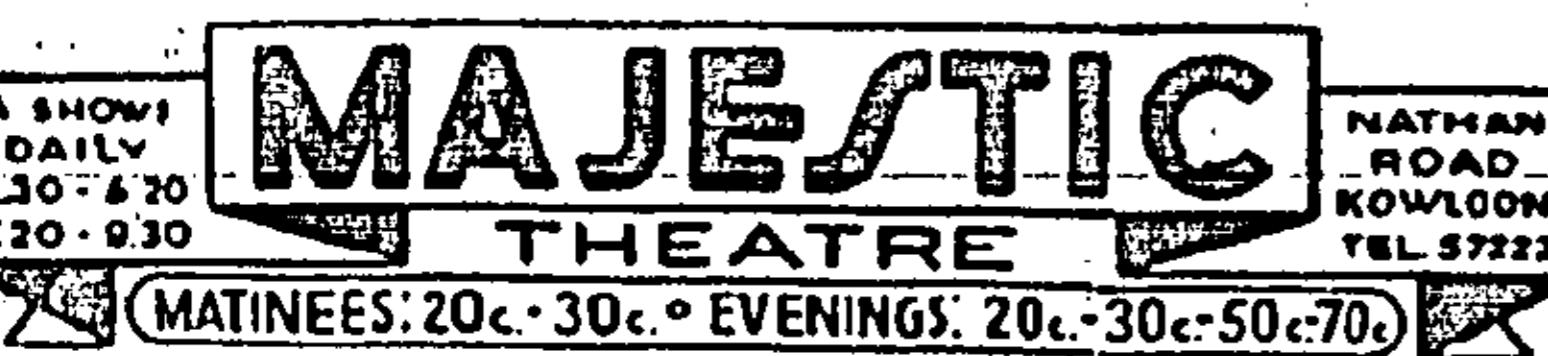
Lloyd Nolan, Jean Rogers, Richard Clarke



TO-DAY ONLY



TO-MORROW : ANN SOTHERN - JOHN CARROLL in "CONGO MAISIE"



TO-DAY & TO-MORROW

The Greatest Detective In Fiction Brought Up To Date In A 1940 Model Thrilling Mystery Romance!



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RETURN SHOWING BY POPULAR DEMAND!
STAN LAUREL and OLIVER HARDY
In Their Latest and Best Comedy

"A CHUMP AT OXFORD"
A Hal Roach Production.

FRIDAY AND SATURDAY
ANN SHERIDAN and THE "DEAD END" KIDS
"THE ANGELS WASH THEIR FACES"
A Warner Bros. Thrilling Comedy-Drama.

PEACE IN CHINA

Great Britain Ready To Give Help

Shanghai, July 15. Well-informed circles, commenting on the radio talk made by Mr. S. W. Jones, Officer Administrating the Government at Singapore, said that nothing was known in Shanghai which would encourage the belief that any British action would result in an early end of the Sino-Japanese war.

They recalled that Britain had previously frequently stated her willingness to do everything possible to facilitate peace in the Far East and understood there is no change in this policy. However, they indicated that the Tokyo negotiations thus far have not yet reached the stage where it can be said that Britain is on the verge of effecting any important change in the Sino-Japan situation.—United Press.

No Proposals Made

London, July 15. Although nothing is known among British official quarters regarding the reported Japanese peace proposals regarding the China affair, responsible British quarters to-day reaffirmed that London continues to offer its good offices whenever Japan and China desire such measures.

However, it has been emphasised that no proposals have been made to Chongking.

Responsible British quarters said the broadcast by Mr. S. W. Jones, acting Governor of Singapore, appears to have conspicuously exceeded the brief he holds, and inquirers were reminded that the British Empire is still governed from London and not Singapore.—United Press.

LATE NEWS

Offer To Japan Confirmed

LONDON, July 16 (Reuter).—The "Times" diplomatic correspondent, referring to the Singapore broadcast by the Acting Governor, says that in the recent talks in Tokyo, Sir Robert Craigie was instructed to offer to restrict the transport to China of certain goods by the Burma Road for three months, on the understanding that the period should be used to settle wider Far Eastern issues, of which the Burma Road is the only one.

In this connection, the British Government repeatedly expressed its readiness to assist in a Far Eastern settlement on the condition that its services were acceptable to both China and Japan, and that any settlement reached should be on an equitable basis.

Meanwhile, the American Government has been informed of the offer made to Japan. Britain is not the only non-Asian country with important interests in the Far East, but our present tasks in the West induced Japan to turn her diplomatic pressure almost exclusively upon us.

TOKYO WON'T CONFIRM

TOKYO, July 16 (Reuter).—Reports emanating from London and Washington concerning Britain's alleged agreement to close the Burma Road for three months on condition that Japan tries to negotiate an honourable peace with China, cannot be confirmed here.

"Reuter" was authoritatively informed that the announcement that an agreement had been reached is premature.

The "Asahi Shimbun" says that Sir Robert Craigie yesterday asked Mr. Arita to permit a few days to elapse before making a public announcement regarding the concrete content of the basic understanding as Sir Robert has to report on the result of yesterday's negotiations to London.

An announcement is expected either on Thursday or Friday.

Japanese Start New Operations

SHANGHAI, July 16 (Reuter).—A Japanese naval force consisting of warships and marine aircraft this morning began operations in the Hangchow Bay area, which includes Ningpo, Wenchow, Santung and Foochow, places where, according to a British note to Japan, the Japanese would be held responsible for any damage to British ships.

Mischiefous French Lies

Statement By British Admiralty

LONDON, July 16 (Reuter).—A statement alleged to have been issued by the French Legation in Dublin last night is the subject of an Admiralty communiqué, released to-day. This statement from the French Legation alleges among other things that after the signature of the armistice with Germany and Italy, the French Government was never approached by the British Foreign Office or Admiralty with regard to the future fate of the French Fleet and that no explanation was asked with regard to the interpretation of the armistice clause relating to the future of the Fleet.

This statement also alleged that when attacked none of the French ships at Oran was in position to manoeuvre or fire.

Mischiefous Statement

The Admiralty communiqué issued to-day says that parts of this statement are so mischievous that it is considered desirable to make the following comments:

(1) By the terms of the armistice, the French Fleet was to be assembled at ports under Italian or German control and demilitarised, except in the German terms, "those ships necessary for watching the coast and mine-sweeping" and in the Italian terms, "except the units which the Italian or German Governments design for the protection of French colonial interests." Whatever the interpretation the French Government may have given to these terms, it was clear to the British Government that the Germans and Italians thereby provided themselves with excuses for keeping the whole French Fleet in a state of readiness for action against us when they wished.

The Oran Action

(2) Referring to the action at Oran, shortly after the arrival of the ships carrying the British proposals, the French warships began to prepare for sea and battle. Lengthy negotiations ensued and it was not until eight and a half hours after the French had begun preparations that the British opened fire. The French ships replied within five minutes and soon after the French ships began moving out of the harbour. During the afternoon our aircraft were attacked by a total of 21 French aeroplanes.

(3) With regard to the Dublin statement regarding the torpedeing of a French light cruiser, the facts are that an Admiralty representative interviewed the head of a French naval mission on the night of July 5 and expressed the Admiralty's deep regret that the French light cruiser was sunk owing to the fact that instructions issued to submarines on completion of the operation of July 3 that French ships were no longer to be attacked had not reached one submarine.

The last action against ships at Mers-el-Kebir was on July 6 and at no time did any British aircraft fire on any sailors or civilians leaving disabled ships.

Following the refusal of the French Admiral at Dakar to accept any of the four alternatives offered him on July 7, action was taken on July 8 to prevent the Richelieu from falling into the hands of the enemy.

Assurances that instructions were being given to stop all attacks on French ships were not given until July 12.

The communiqué concludes by describing the Dublin statement as inaccurate and misleading.

THEFT FROM MATSHED

Mr. C. W. E. Bishop, of the Public Works Department, reports the theft of a wrist-watch and other articles from his matshed at Repulse Bay on Saturday. The articles were valued at \$37.

INTERNEE FACES MURDER CHARGE

CHARGED WITH THE MURDER OF WONG

KA-YAU AT THE ARGYLE STREET INTERNMENT CAMP ON MAY 30, YIU FAI, 47, AN EX-CHINESE SOLDIER WAS ON REMAND

BEFORE MR. E. HIMSORTH, AT KOWLOON MAGISTRACY THIS MORNING. HE WAS

FURTHER REMANDED FOR A WEEK.

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